



海底捞火锅
Haidilao Huoguo

2025 年度報告
Annual Report



SUPER HI
INTERNATIONAL
HOLDING LTD.
特海国际控股有限公司

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)
(於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

Stock Code 股份代號 : 9658

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Definition

釋義

“ADS(s)”	American depository share(s), each ADS represents 10 ordinary Shares	「美國存託股份」	指 美國存託股份，每股美國存託股份代表10股普通股
“AGM”	the annual general meeting of the Company to be held by way of online meeting on Friday, June 12, 2026 at 11:00 a.m., Hong Kong Time (Thursday, June 11, 2026, at 11:00 p.m., U.S. Eastern Time) or any adjournment thereof	「股東週年大會」	指 將於香港時間2026年6月12日(星期五)上午十一時正(美國東部時間2026年6月11日(星期四)下午十一時正)以線上會議的方式舉行的本公司股東週年大會或其任何續會
“Apple Trust”	a discretionary trust set up by Mr. ZHANG Yong with UBS Trustees (B.V.I.) Limited acting as trustee	「Apple Trust」	指 由張勇先生與UBS Trustees (B.V.I.) Limited(作為受託人)設立的全權信託
“Articles of Association”	the articles of association of the Company, as amended from time to time	「組織章程細則」	指 本公司的組織章程細則(經不時修訂)
“associate(s)”	has the meaning ascribed thereto under the Hong Kong Listing Rules	「聯繫人」	指 具有香港上市規則所賦予的涵義
“Audit Committee”	the audit committee of the Board	「審計委員會」	指 董事會轄下的審計委員會
“Board”	the board of Directors of the Company	「董事會」	指 本公司董事會
“BVI”	the British Virgin Islands	「英屬處女群島」	指 英屬處女群島
“Cayman Companies Act”	the Companies Act, Cap. 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands	「開曼公司法」	指 開曼群島第22章公司法(1961年第3號法例、經綜合及修訂)
“Cheerful Trust”	a discretionary trust set up by Mr. Sean SHI and Ms. Hailey LEE with UBS Trustees (B.V.I.) Limited acting as trustee	「Cheerful Trust」	指 由施永宏先生及李海燕女士與UBS Trustees (B.V.I.) Limited(作為受託人)設立的全權信託

Definition

釋義

“China,” “Chinese mainland” or “PRC”	the People’s Republic of China and, but for the purpose of this annual report and for geographical reference only and except where the context requires, references in this annual report to “China” and the “PRC” do not include Hong Kong, the Macau Special Administrative Region and Taiwan of the People’s Republic of China	「中國」或「中國大陸」	指 中華人民共和國，但就本年報而言及僅供地理參考，除文義另有所指外，否則本年報對「中國」或「中國大陸」的提述不包括中華人民共和國香港、澳門特別行政區及台灣
“Companies Ordinance”	the Companies Ordinance, Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong, as amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time	「公司條例」	指 香港法例第622章公司條例（經不時修訂、補充或以其他方式修改）
“Company”	SUPER HI INTERNATIONAL HOLDING LTD., a company incorporated under the laws of the Cayman Islands with limited liability on May 6, 2022	「本公司」	指 特海国际控股有限公司，一家於2022年5月6日根據開曼群島法律註冊成立的有限公司
“connected person(s)”	has the meaning ascribed thereto under the Hong Kong Listing Rules	「關連人士」	指 具有香港上市規則所賦予的涵義
“connected transaction(s)”	has the meaning ascribed thereto under the Hong Kong Listing Rules	「關連交易」	指 具有香港上市規則所賦予的涵義
“Controlling Shareholder(s)”	has the meaning ascribed thereto under the Hong Kong Listing Rules and unless the context requires otherwise, refers to Mr. ZHANG Yong, Ms. SHU Ping, together with ZY NP LTD and SP NP LTD	「控股股東」	指 具有香港上市規則所賦予的涵義，以及除非文義另有所指，否則指張勇先生、舒萍女士，連同ZY NP LTD及SP NP LTD
“Corporate Governance Code”	Corporate Governance Code as set out in Appendix C1 to the Hong Kong Listing Rules	「《企業管治守則》」	指 香港上市規則附錄C1所載《企業管治守則》
“COSO”	Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission	「COSO」	指 美國反虛假財務報告委員會下屬的發起人委員會

Definition

釋義

“Director(s)”	director(s) of the Company	「董事」	指 本公司董事
“ESOP Platform I”	Super Hi Ltd., a company incorporated in the BVI with limited liability and wholly-owned and managed by Futu Trustee Limited as the trustee of the ESOP Trust I, for the purpose of holding the Shares underlying awards granted to the grantees other than Directors or any other connected persons of the Company pursuant to the Share Award Scheme	「ESOP平台I」	指 Super Hi Ltd.，一家於英屬處女群島註冊成立的有限公司，由富途信託有限公司作為ESOP信託I的受託人全資擁有及管理，以持有根據股份獎勵計劃授予除董事或本公司任何其他關連人士以外的承授人的相關股份獎勵
“ESOP Platform II”	Super Hi International Ltd., a company incorporated in the BVI with limited liability and wholly-owned and managed by Futu Trustee Limited as the trustee of the ESOP Trust II, for the purpose of holding the Shares underlying awards granted to the Directors or any other connected persons of the Company pursuant to the Share Award Scheme	「ESOP平台II」	指 Super Hi International Ltd.，一家於英屬處女群島註冊成立的有限公司，由富途信託有限公司作為ESOP信託II的受託人全資擁有及管理，以持有根據股份獎勵計劃授予董事或本公司任何其他關連人士的相關股份獎勵
“ESOP Platforms”	the ESOP Platform I and the ESOP Platform II	「ESOP平台」	指 ESOP平台I及ESOP平台II
“ESOP Trust I”	SUPER HI INTERNATIONAL HOLDING LTD. SHARE AWARD SCHEME Trust I, a trust set up by the Company for the benefit of the grantees other than the Directors and other connected persons of the Company pursuant to the Share Award Scheme. Futu Trustee Limited is acting as the trustee	「ESOP信託I」	指 特海国际控股有限公司股份獎勵計劃信託I，由本公司根據股份獎勵計劃為除董事及本公司其他關連人士以外的承授人利益而設立的信託。富途信託有限公司作為受託人
“ESOP Trust II”	SUPER HI INTERNATIONAL HOLDING LTD. SHARE AWARD SCHEME Trust II, a trust set up by the Company for the benefit of the grantees who are Directors or other connected persons of the Company under the Share Award Scheme. Futu Trustee Limited is acting as the trustee	「ESOP信託II」	指 特海国际控股有限公司股份獎勵計劃信託II，由本公司根據股份獎勵計劃為董事或本公司其他關連人士的承授人利益而設立的信託。富途信託有限公司作為受託人

Definition

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“Financial Statements”	the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended December 31, 2025 as audited by Deloitte & Touche LLP	「財務報表」	指 本集團截至2025年12月31日止年度的綜合財務報表（經Deloitte & Touche LLP審核）
“Group”	the Company and its subsidiaries	「本集團」	指 本公司及其附屬公司
“Haidilao International”	Haidilao International Holding Ltd., a company incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability on July 14, 2015 and listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 6862)	「海底撈國際」	指 海底撈国际控股有限公司，一家於2015年7月14日在開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司，並於聯交所主板上市（股份代號：6862）
“Haidilao International Group”	Haidilao International together with its subsidiaries	「海底撈國際集團」	指 海底撈國際連同其附屬公司
“HK\$” or “HK dollars”	Hong Kong dollars, the lawful currency of Hong Kong	「港元」	指 香港法定貨幣港元
“Hong Kong”	the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the PRC	「香港」	指 中國香港特別行政區
“Hong Kong Listing Rules”	the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange	「香港上市規則」	指 聯交所證券上市規則
“IFRS” or “IFRS Accounting Standards”	International Financial Reporting Standards	「國際財務報告準則」或「國際財務報告準則會計準則」	指 國際財務報告準則
“Listing”	the listing of the Company’s Shares on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange	「上市」	指 本公司股份於聯交所主板上市
“Main Board”	the stock market (excluding the option market) operated by the Stock Exchange which is independent from and operated in parallel with GEM of the Stock Exchange	「主板」	指 聯交所營運的股票市場（不包括期權市場），其獨立於聯交所GEM並與之並行營運

Definition

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“Master Decoration Project General Contract Service Agreement”	the master decoration project general contract service agreement entered into between the Company and YIZHIHUA (each for itself and on behalf of its subsidiaries) on October 17, 2023	「總裝修工程總承包服務協議」	指 本公司與YIZHIHUA (各自為其本身及代表其附屬公司)於2023年10月17日訂立的總裝修工程總承包服務協議
“Model Code”	the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers as set out in Appendix C3 to the Hong Kong Listing Rules	「標準守則」	指 香港上市規則附錄C3所載上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則
“NASDAQ”	the Nasdaq Global Select Market in the United States	「納斯達克」	指 美國納斯達克全球精選市場
“New Master Decoration Project Management Service Agreement”	the new Master Decoration Project Management Service Agreement entered into by the Company and YIZHIHUA (each for itself and on behalf of its subsidiaries) on October 17, 2023	「新總裝修工程管理服務協議」	指 本公司與YIZHIHUA (各自為其本身及代表其附屬公司)於2023年10月17日訂立的新總裝修工程管理服務協議
“Nomination Committee”	the nomination committee of the Board	「提名委員會」	指 董事會轄下的提名委員會
“Offering”	the offering of ADSs in the United States by the Company, including the exercise of the over-allotment option	「發售」	指 本公司於美國發售美國存託股份，包括行使超額配股權
“Remuneration Committee”	the remuneration committee of the Board	「薪酬委員會」	指 董事會轄下的薪酬委員會
“Renewed Yihai Master Purchase Agreement”	the Renewed Yihai Master Purchase Agreement entered into by the Company and Yihai (each for itself and on behalf of its subsidiaries) on October 17, 2023	「重續頤海總購買協議」	指 本公司與頤海(各自為其本身及代表其附屬公司)於2023年10月17日訂立的重續頤海總購買協議
“Renminbi” or “RMB”	Renminbi yuan, the lawful currency of the PRC	「人民幣」	指 中國法定貨幣人民幣元

Definition

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“Reporting Period”	the year ended December 31, 2025	「報告期」	指 截至2025年12月31日止年度
“Rose Trust”	a discretionary trust set up by Ms. SHU Ping with UBS Trustees (B.V.I.) Limited acting as trustee	「Rose Trust」	指 由舒萍女士與UBS Trustees (B.V.I.) Limited (作為受託人) 設立的全權信託
“SFO”	the Securities and Futures Ordinance, Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong, as amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time	「證券及期貨條例」	指 香港法例第571章證券及期貨條例(經不時修訂、補充或以其他方式修改)
“SGX”	The Singapore Exchange Limited	「新交所」	指 新加坡交易所有限公司
“Share Award Scheme”	the share award scheme adopted by the Company on June 24, 2022, as amended from time to time	「股份獎勵計劃」	指 本公司於2022年6月24日採納的股份獎勵計劃(經不時修訂)
“Share(s)”	ordinary share(s) in the share capital of the Company with a nominal value of US\$0.000005 each	「股份」	指 本公司股本中每股面值0.000005美元的普通股
“Shareholder(s)”	shareholder(s) of the Company	「股東」	指 本公司股東

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“Sichuan Haidilao”	Sichuan Haidilao Catering Co., Ltd., a limited company incorporated in the PRC on April 16, 2001, which is owned as to 50.00% by Jianyang Jingyuan Investment Co., Ltd., 25.50% by Mr. ZHANG Yong, 8.00% by Ms. SHU Ping, 8.00% by Mr. Sean SHI, 8.00% by Ms. Hailey LEE, 0.20% by Ms. June YANG Lijuan, 0.10% by Mr. GOU Yiqun, 0.10% by Mr. YUAN Huaqiang, 0.06% by Mr. CHEN Yong and 0.04% by Mr. YANG Bin as of the date of this annual report, and its predecessor (as the case maybe), and a connected person of the Company	「四川海底撈」	指 四川海底撈餐飲股份有限公司，一家於2001年4月16日在中國註冊成立的有限公司，截至本年報日期分別由簡陽市靜遠投資有限公司、張勇先生、舒萍女士、施永宏先生、李海燕女士、楊利娟女士、苟軼群先生、袁華強先生、陳勇先生及楊賓先生持有50.00%、25.50%、8.00%、8.00%、8.00%、0.20%、0.10%、0.10%、0.06%及0.04%，及其前身(視情況而定)，並為本公司的關連人士
“Stock Exchange” or “Hong Kong Stock Exchange”	The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited	「聯交所」或「香港聯交所」	指 香港聯合交易所有限公司
“subsidiary(ies)”	has the meaning ascribed thereto under the Hong Kong Listing Rules	「附屬公司」	指 具有香港上市規則所賦予的涵義
“Super Hi Customized Products”	the hot pot soup flavoring and Chinese-style compound condiment products, which are primarily the signature soup bases, supplied by Yihai Group and manufactured using formulae owned by the Group for use at the hot pot restaurants	「特海專用產品」	指 頤海集團供應的火鍋底料及中式複合調味品(主要為招牌底料)，採用本集團擁有的配方生產，在火鍋店使用
“United States” or “U.S.”	the United States of America, its territories, its possessions and all areas subject to its jurisdiction	「美國」	指 美利堅合眾國、其領土和屬地、受其司法管轄的所有地區
“US\$” or “USD”	United States dollars, the lawful currency of the United States	「美元」	指 美國法定貨幣美元

Definition

釋義



“Yihai”

Yihai International Holding Ltd., a company incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability on October 18, 2013 and listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 1579), and a connected person of the Company

「頤海」指 頤海國際控股有限公司，一家於2013年10月18日在開曼群島註冊成立的有限責任公司，並於聯交所主板上市（股份代號：1579），並為本公司的關連人士

“Yihai Group”

Yihai together with its subsidiaries

「頤海集團」指 頤海連同其附屬公司

“Yihai Retail Products”

the hot pot soup flavoring, hot pot dipping sauce and Chinese-style compound condiment products supplied by Yihai Group using formulae owned by the Yihai Group for display and retail sale at the hot pot restaurants

「頤海零售產品」指 頤海集團供應的火鍋底料、火鍋蘸料及中式複合調味品，採用頤海集團擁有的配方，在火鍋店陳列及零售

“%”

percentage

「%」指 百分比

Corporate Information

公司資料

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Chairperson and Non-executive Director

Ms. SHU Ping

Executive Directors

Ms. June YANG Lijuan

Mr. LI Yu

Ms. LIU Li

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. TAN Kang Uei, Anthony

Mr. TEO Ser Luck

Mr. LIEN Jown Jing Vincent

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. TEO Ser Luck (*Chairperson*)

Mr. TAN Kang Uei, Anthony

Mr. LIEN Jown Jing Vincent

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. LIEN Jown Jing Vincent (*Chairperson*)

Mr. TAN Kang Uei, Anthony

Mr. TEO Ser Luck

Ms. SHU Ping

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Ms. SHU Ping (*Chairperson*)

Mr. TEO Ser Luck

Mr. LIEN Jown Jing Vincent

Mr. TAN Kang Uei, Anthony

董事會

主席兼非執行董事

舒萍女士

執行董事

楊利娟女士

李瑜先生

劉麗女士

獨立非執行董事

陳康威先生

張思樂先生

連宗正先生

審計委員會

張思樂先生 (主席)

陳康威先生

連宗正先生

薪酬委員會

連宗正先生 (主席)

陳康威先生

張思樂先生

舒萍女士

提名委員會

舒萍女士 (主席)

張思樂先生

連宗正先生

陳康威先生

JOINT COMPANY SECRETARIES

Ms. QU Cong
Ms. OH Sim Yee (*appointed on March 31, 2026*)
Mr. CHENG Ching Kit (*resigned on March 31, 2026*)

AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVES

Ms. SHU Ping
Ms. QU Cong

AUDITOR

Deloitte & Touche LLP
Public Accountants and Chartered Accountants
6 Shenton Way, OUE Downtown 2 #33-00
Singapore 068809

LEGAL ADVISOR

Kirkland & Ellis
26/F, Gloucester Tower
The Landmark
15 Queen's Road Central
Hong Kong

REGISTERED OFFICE

Cricket Square
Hutchins Drive
PO Box 2681
Grand Cayman, KY1-1111
Cayman Islands

聯席公司秘書

瞿驄女士
胡倩鈿女士 (*於2026年3月31日獲委任*)
鄭程傑先生 (*於2026年3月31日辭任*)

授權代表

舒萍女士
瞿驄女士

核數師

Deloitte & Touche LLP
執業會計師及特許會計師
6 Shenton Way, OUE Downtown 2 #33-00
Singapore 068809

法律顧問

凱易律師事務所
香港
皇后大道中15號
置地廣場
告羅士打大廈26樓

註冊辦事處

Cricket Square
Hutchins Drive
PO Box 2681
Grand Cayman, KY1-1111
Cayman Islands

Corporate Information

公司資料

HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN SINGAPORE

1 Paya Lebar Link
#09-04
PLQ 1 Paya Lebar Quarter
Singapore 408533

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

40th Floor
Dah Sing Financial Centre
No. 248 Queen's Road East
Wanchai
Hong Kong

HONG KONG SHARE REGISTRAR

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited
Shops 1712-1716
17th Floor, Hopewell Centre
183 Queen's Road East
Wanchai
Hong Kong

INVESTOR RELATIONS

Email: superhi_ir@superhi-inc.com

WEBSITE

www.superhiinternational.com

HONG KONG STOCK EXCHANGE STOCK CODE

9658

NASDAQ TICKER SYMBOL

HDL

總部及新加坡主要營業地點

1 Paya Lebar Link
#09-04
PLQ 1 Paya Lebar Quarter
Singapore 408533

香港主要營業地點

香港
灣仔
皇后大道東248號
大新金融中心
40樓

香港證券登記處

香港中央證券登記有限公司
香港
灣仔
皇后大道東183號
合和中心17樓
1712-1716號舖

投資者關係

電郵：superhi_ir@superhi-inc.com

網站

www.superhiinternational.com

香港聯交所股份代號

9658

納斯達克股票代碼

HDL

Five-Year Performance Review

五年業績回顧

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 簡明綜合損益及其他全面收益表

		For the year ended December 31, 截至12月31日止年度				
		2025 2025年	2024 2024年	2023 2023年	2022 2022年	2021 2021年
		<i>(US\$'000, except indicated otherwise)</i> (千美元，除另有指明外)				
Revenue	收入	840,755	778,308	686,362	558,225	312,373
Profit (Loss) before tax	稅前溢利(虧損)	49,507	33,243	33,107	(32,230)	(149,592)
Profit (Loss) for the year	年內溢利(虧損)	36,338	21,399	25,257	(41,263)	(150,752)
Profit (Loss) per share (Basic and diluted) (US\$)	每股溢利(虧損) (基本及攤薄)(美元)	0.06	0.04	0.05	(0.07)	(0.27)

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 簡明綜合財務狀況表

		As of December 31, 於12月31日				
		2025 2025年	2024 2024年	2023 2023年	2022 2022年	2021 2021年
		<i>(US\$'000)</i> (千美元)				
Non-current assets	非流動資產	392,512	361,198	357,921	422,716	419,991
Current assets	流動資產	353,371	323,227	218,962	153,396	206,732
Total Assets	資產總額	745,883	684,425	576,883	576,112	626,723
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	207,407	194,196	176,191	216,845	217,761
Current liabilities	流動負債	146,832	128,568	128,571	117,230	596,144
Total Liabilities	負債總額	354,239	322,764	304,762	334,075	813,905
Total Equity (Deficits)	權益(虧絀)總額	391,644	361,661	272,121	242,037	(187,182)

Chairperson's Statement

主席報告

I am pleased to present our annual report for the year ended December 31, 2025 to the Shareholders.

In 2025, the global economic environment continued to evolve, with consumer confidence and cost structures diverging across regions. Against this backdrop, the Group remained committed to prioritizing customer value and employee stability as the core of its operations and continued to implement its “Dual Focus on Employees and Customers (一手抓員工、一手抓顧客)” management philosophy. By proactively sharing benefits with employees and customers, the Group steadily deepened its organizational capabilities and broadened its customer base, supporting long-term and sustainable growth.

For the year ended December 31, 2025, the Group recorded revenue of US\$840.8 million, reflecting an 8.0% increase from US\$778.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2024. The Group recorded income from operation of US\$37.4 million, down from US\$53.3 million in the same period of 2024. Net profit after tax was US\$36.3 million, representing an increase of 69.6% compared to US\$21.4 million in the same period of 2024, partly driven by favourable foreign exchange movements.

During the year, the Group continued to strengthen the management and operational efficiency of its Haidilao restaurants. In 2025, the overall average table turnover rate of Haidilao restaurants was 3.9 times per day, and the overall average same-store table turnover rate reached 4.0 times per day, both representing an increase of 0.1 times per day compared to the same period in 2024, with same-store revenue increasing by 2.9% year-on-year. The Haidilao restaurant level operating margin stood at 8.7%, representing a decrease of 1.4 percentage points from the same period in 2024.

In terms of restaurant network, the Group continuously reviews and refines its operations, taking a bottom-up approach to evaluating existing stores and potential sites globally, supporting stable growth and operational excellence. Throughout 2025, the Group continued to optimize its store network, opening a total of 13 new Haidilao restaurants and adjusting the Group's restaurant portfolio based on individual store performance and lease terms. As of December 31, 2025, the Group closed a total of 9 Haidilao restaurants, 3 of which were converting into secondary branded restaurants. As of December 31, 2025, the Group operated 126 Haidilao restaurants in 14 countries, of which 71 were located in Southeast Asia, 21 in East Asia, 22 in North America, and 12 in other regions.

本人欣然向各位股東提呈我們截至2025年12月31日止年度的年報。

2025年，全球經濟環境延續結構性調整，消費信心及成本結構於不同區域呈現差異化趨勢。在此背景下，本集團堅持將顧客價值與員工穩定作為經營發展核心，並持續落實「一手抓員工、一手抓顧客」的管理理念。通過主動讓利於員工和顧客的方式，本集團不斷深化組織能力、擴大顧客基礎，為長期及可持續發展積蓄動能。

截至2025年12月31日止年度，本集團錄得收入840.8百萬美元，較截至2024年12月31日止年度的778.3百萬美元增長8.0%。本集團錄得經營溢利37.4百萬美元，較2024年同期的53.3百萬美元有所下降；部分受有利的匯兌變動影響，稅後淨利潤為36.3百萬美元，較2024年同期的21.4百萬美元增加69.6%。

本年度，本集團繼續加強其海底撈餐廳的管理及運營效率。2025年海底撈餐廳整體平均翻檯率為3.9次／天，整體同店平均翻檯率為4.0次／天，較2024年同期均提升0.1次／天，同店收入同比增長2.9%；海底撈餐廳層面經營溢利率為8.7%，較2024年同期下降1.4個百分點。

在餐廳網絡方面，本集團動態進行評估改善，並堅持以審慎態度，依照「自下而上」的策略，對全球存量門店及潛在選址進行評估，以確保經營質量。2025年全年，本集團持續優化門店網絡，共計新開業13家海底撈餐廳，並根據經營情況和租約情況對個別門店作出動態調整。截至2025年12月31日，本集團共關閉9家海底撈餐廳，其中3家正在轉型為第二品牌餐廳。截至2025年12月31日，本集團在14個國家經營126家海底撈餐廳，其中71家位於東南亞地區，21家位於東亞地區，22家位於北美地區，及12家位於其他地區。

At the same time, the Group continued to explore the development of diverse business concepts and strengthened resource investments in the “Pomegranate Plan”. As of December 31, 2025, the Group operated 13 secondary branded restaurants, covering various concepts such as hot pot, barbecue, and spicy hotchpotch (麻辣燙). Revenue from others amounted to US\$31.8 million for the period, representing a 61.4% increase from US\$19.7 million for the same period in 2024, partly attributable to the performance of the Group's secondary branded restaurants during the period. These restaurants are at varying stages of maturity. As is typical for new brand incubation, the program as a whole remains in an investment phase and has contributed to an increase in costs at the Group level.

BUSINESS REVIEW

2025 marked the thirteenth year of the Group's overseas operations. As the operational foundation across regions continued to strengthen, we further clarified our strategy for driving business growth through greater employee engagement and enhanced customer satisfaction, namely the continuous implementation of the “Dual Focus on Employees and Customers (一手抓員工、一手抓顧客)” operating strategy.

With a diverse overseas workforce, the Group continued to improve employee career development, compensation and benefits, and incentive mechanisms to enhance the stability and sense of belonging of local employees. Meanwhile, the Group gradually strengthened incentive and management mechanisms to direct managerial focus toward front-line operations, encouraging management personnel across regions to conduct in-depth store visits and exchanges to improve on-site management quality and the transmission of corporate culture. As these initiatives were progressively implemented, employee stability and execution efficiency improved in the second half of the year, providing support for our business recovery.

In terms of operational capability building, the Group continued to create a “Differentiated Haidilao”, combining global product insights with localized innovation of classic hot pot products to gradually form a differentiated product portfolio. In 2025, the Group cumulatively launched over 1,000 new products worldwide and continued to enrich its dining experience offerings, including innovative projects such as the prime cuts lab (fresh meat cutting counter), late night dining concept, and Hokkaido ski resort restaurant, further enriching the consumer experience. Concurrently, we firmly promoted the “Enhancing Value-For-Money (質價比提升)” strategy by continuously optimizing the global supply chain, and passing the resulting efficiency gains on to customers through the optimization of dish prices and portion sizes.

與此同時，本集團持續探索多元業態發展，並加強對「紅石榴計劃」的資源投入。於2025年12月31日，本集團共經營13家第二品牌餐廳，涵蓋火鍋、燒烤及麻辣燙等業態。本期內，本集團其他銷售收入為31.8百萬美元，較2024年同期的19.7百萬美元增長61.4%，部分由於本集團第二品牌餐廳的表現所推動。該等餐廳處於成熟期的不同階段。正如新品牌孵化的典型情況，該計劃整體仍處於投資階段，並導致本集團層面的成本增加。

業務回顧

2025年是本集團在海外經營的第十三年。隨着各地運營基礎進一步夯實，我們進一步明確通過員工積極性提升及顧客滿意度增長帶動經營增長的發展路徑，即持續落實「一手抓員工、一手抓顧客」的經營策略。

在海外多元化團隊背景下，本集團持續完善員工職業發展、福利待遇及激勵機制，增強本地員工穩定性與歸屬感。同時，本集團逐步強化幹部向一線傾斜的激勵與管理機制，推動各地管理人員深入門店開展巡店及交流，以提升現場管理質量與企業文化傳承。隨着相關措施逐步落地，員工穩定度及執行效率於下半年有所改善，為經營修復提供支持。

在經營能力建設方面，本集團持續打造「不一樣的海底撈」，結合全球產品洞察能力，將經典火鍋產品與本地創新相結合，逐步形成差異化產品矩陣。2025年，本集團在全球範圍內累計上新1,000餘款產品並持續優化用餐場景設計，包括鮮切檔口模式、夜宵場景設計及北海道雪場餐廳等創新項目，進一步豐富消費體驗。與此同時，我們堅定推進「質價比提升」工作，通過持續優化全球供應鏈，並將供應鏈效率通過菜品價格及份量的優化向顧客讓利。本報告期內，部

Chairperson's Statement

主席報告

During the Reporting Period, the table turnover rate in some mature markets increased steadily, demonstrating that following organizational optimization, the operating model in individual markets has shown improving momentum and resilience.

As the “Pomegranate Plan” continued to progress during the year, the Group developed prototype stores across various business concepts in different countries. Currently, some projects have achieved store-level profitability, while the overall program remains under continuous optimization. Building on strengthened digital capabilities and middle-platform support, the Group continued to replicate its business model at a disciplined pace while gradually diversifying its business portfolio.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

In 2025, the Group recorded a revenue of US\$840.8 million, representing an 8.0% increase from US\$778.3 million in 2024. The revenue from Haidilao restaurant operations increased by 5.7% year-on-year, and same-store revenue growth was 2.9%. The above growth was mainly due to: (i) the continuous improvement of restaurant operating capabilities, which led to higher table turnover rate. During the Reporting Period, the overall average table turnover rate of Haidilao restaurants was 3.9 times per day and the overall average same-store table turnover rate was 4.0 times per day, both representing an increase of 0.1 times per day compared with the same period last year; and (ii) the optimization and expansion of the restaurant network, with 13 new restaurants opened during the year. In addition, the Group strengthened collaboration with various delivery platforms, driving a 68.1% year-on-year increase in revenue from our delivery business; and through enhanced product offerings and the incubation of innovative business formats under the “Pomegranate Plan”, contributing to a 61.4% year-on-year increase in revenue from others.

During the Reporting Period, the Haidilao restaurant level operating margin was 8.7%, down 1.4 percentage points from the same period last year. The Group recorded income from operation of US\$37.4 million, representing a 29.8% decrease from US\$53.3 million for the same period last year. In 2025, the income from operation margin was 4.4%, down 2.4 percentage points as compared to the same period last year. The above changes were primarily attributable to continued investment in customer and employee benefit-sharing initiatives, increased operating expenses associated with business expansion, particularly the continued investment in the “Pomegranate Plan”, as well as the impact of operational optimization measures implemented at certain restaurants.

分成熟市場翻檯率穩步提升，顯示在完成本地化調整及經營優化後，單國經營模型逐步具備修復能力與持續性。

本年度「紅石榴計劃」持續推進，本集團在不同國家孵化多種業態原型門店。目前已有項目實現單店盈利，整體仍處於持續優化階段。在強化的信息化能力及中台支持能力的基礎上，本集團繼續保持審慎節奏，複製其業務模式，逐步豐富業務結構。

財務回顧

2025年，本集團錄得營業收入840.8百萬美元，較2024年的778.3百萬美元增長8.0%。海底撈餐廳收入同比提升5.7%，同店收入增長為2.9%。上述增長主要源於：(i)餐廳運營能力持續提升帶動翻檯率提高，報告期內海底撈餐廳整體平均翻檯率為3.9次／天，整體同店平均翻檯率為4.0次／天，較去年同期均提升0.1次／天；及(ii)優化及拓展餐廳網絡，全年新開業13家餐廳。此外，本集團加強與各地配送平台合作，帶動外賣收入同比增長68.1%；並通過提升產品供應及推進「紅石榴計劃」創新業態孵化，帶動其他收入同比增長61.4%。

報告期內，海底撈餐廳層面經營溢利率為8.7%，較去年同期下降1.4個百分點。本集團錄得經營溢利37.4百萬美元，較去年同期的53.3百萬美元減少29.8%。2025年全年經營溢利率為4.4%，較去年同期下降2.4個百分點。上述變動主要受持續投入於顧客體驗及員工的讓利舉措，隨業務擴張而增加的相關營業開支，尤其體現在對「紅石榴計劃」的持續投入，以及就部分門店推進業務優化措施所帶來的影響所致。

During the Reporting Period, the Group recorded a net profit of US\$36.3 million, compared to US\$21.4 million for the same period in 2024. In addition to the operational factors mentioned above, the change in net profit was also affected by an increase in net foreign exchange gains of US\$33.8 million. This change was mainly due to unrealized foreign exchange gains arising from the revaluation of monetary items resulting from exchange rate fluctuations, which are denominated in currencies other than the reporting currency (US dollars).

FUTURE PROSPECT

Looking ahead, the Group will continue to adhere to the principle of steady development, focusing on the following directions:

- To continuously enhance the customer experience, we will strengthen product innovation and service details to further provide value-added services to our customers;
- While steadily expanding the network layout, we will continuously optimize the existing structure;
- In strengthening internal management and precision operations, we will improve staffing efficiency and cost structure efficiency;
- To continue advancing the “Pomegranate Plan”, we will actively develop secondary business concepts to further enrich the business and customer base;
- To improve headquarters empowerment and store synergy efficiency, we will continue to strengthen digital and technology capabilities.

The Board would like to thank our shareholders, partners, and all employees for their support and contributions. The Group will continue to uphold prudent and steady operating principles to steadily promote long-term development in a complex and ever-changing international environment.

報告期內，本集團錄得淨利潤36.3百萬美元，2024年同期為21.4百萬美元。淨利潤變動除受上述經營因素影響外，亦受到匯兌收益淨額增加33.8百萬美元的影響。該項變動主要是由於匯率波動導致的貨幣項目重估產生的未變現匯兌收益，而該等貨幣項目以非呈報貨幣（美元）計價。

未來前景

展望未來，本集團將繼續堅持穩健發展原則，重點圍繞以下方向推進工作：

- 持續提升顧客體驗，強化產品創新及服務細節，為顧客進一步提供增值服務；
- 穩步拓展網絡布局，並持續優化現有結構；
- 加強內部管理與精細化運營，提升人效及成本結構效率；
- 持續推進「紅石榴計劃」，積極發展第二業態，進一步豐富業務和顧客基礎；
- 持續加強數字化及技術應用能力建設，提升總部賦能與門店協同效率。

董事會謹此感謝股東、合作夥伴及全體員工的支持與貢獻。本集團將繼續秉持審慎及穩健的經營原則，於複雜多變的國際環境中穩步推進長期發展。

Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論與分析

Revenue

The Group generated revenue from (i) Haidilao restaurant operations; (ii) delivery business; and (iii) others, primarily consisting of revenue from sales of hot pot condiment products and food under Haidilao brand and secondary brands to local guests and retailers.

The Group's revenue amounted to US\$840.8 million in 2025, representing an increase of 8.0% from US\$778.3 million in 2024, primarily driven by an increase of US\$42.7 million in revenue from Haidilao restaurant operations.

Haidilao Restaurant Operations

The Group's revenue from Haidilao restaurant operations amounted to US\$790.0 million in 2025, representing an increase of 5.7% from US\$747.3 million in 2024. This increase was mainly due to (i) the enhanced Haidilao restaurant operations driven by improved table turnover rate and customer traffic growth through our continuous efforts; and (ii) the continued strategic expansion of our business network throughout 2025.

收入

本集團收入來自(i)海底撈餐廳經營；(ii)外賣業務；及(iii)其他，主要包括來自向當地顧客及零售商銷售火鍋調味品及海底撈品牌及子品牌的食品的收入。

於2025年，本集團的收入為840.8百萬美元，較2024年的778.3百萬美元增長8.0%，主要由於來自海底撈餐廳經營的收入增加42.7百萬美元。

海底撈餐廳經營

於2025年，本集團來自海底撈餐廳經營的收入為790.0百萬美元，較2024年的747.3百萬美元增長5.7%。該增長主要是由於(i)通過我們的持續努力，翻檯率有所提升，客流量增加，受此推動，海底撈餐廳的經營得到提升；及(ii)2025年全年，我們的業務網絡持續進行戰略性擴張。

Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論與分析

Haidilao Restaurant Network

As of December 31, 2025, we had expanded our restaurant network to 126 restaurants in 14 countries in Asia, North America, Europe and Oceania. The following table summarizes the number of Haidilao restaurants and the breakdown of revenue from Haidilao restaurant operations by geographic region as of the dates indicated or for the years indicated:

海底撈餐廳網絡

截至2025年12月31日，我們已將餐廳網絡擴大到亞洲、北美洲、歐洲及大洋洲14個國家的126家餐廳。下表概述截至所示日期或於所示年度按地理區域劃分的海底撈餐廳數量及海底撈餐廳經營收入明細：

As of/For the year ended December 31,
截至12月31日 / 截至該日止年度

		2025 2025年			2024 2024年						
		Number of restaurants	Revenue	Average revenue per restaurant ⁽²⁾	Number of restaurants	Revenue	Average revenue per restaurant ⁽²⁾				
		餐廳數量	收入	每家餐廳平均收入 ⁽²⁾	餐廳數量	收入	每家餐廳平均收入 ⁽²⁾				
(US\$'000, except number of restaurants and percentages) (千美元，餐廳數量及百分比除外)											
Southeast Asia	東南亞	71	56.3%	395,074	50.0%	5,564	73	59.8%	405,429	54.3%	5,554
East Asia	東亞	21	16.7%	129,935	16.4%	6,187	19	15.6%	93,900	12.6%	4,942
North America	北美洲	22	17.5%	164,695	20.8%	7,486	20	16.4%	158,131	21.2%	7,907
Others ⁽¹⁾	其他 ⁽¹⁾	12	9.5%	100,328	12.8%	8,361	10	8.2%	89,836	11.9%	8,984
Total	總計	126	100.0%	790,032	100.0%	6,270	122	100.0%	747,296	100.0%	6,125

Notes:

- (1) Includes Australia, the United Kingdom and the United Arab Emirates.
- (2) Calculated by dividing revenue generated from Haidilao restaurant operations in the region by the number of Haidilao restaurants as of year-end. As such, average revenue per restaurant has not taken into consideration of the different operating days for each restaurant.

附註：

- (1) 包括澳大利亞、英國及阿拉伯聯合酋長國。
- (2) 按該地區海底撈餐廳經營所產生的收入除以截至年末的海底撈餐廳數量計算。因此，每家餐廳平均收入並未計及每家餐廳不同的營業日數。

Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論與分析

Haidilao Restaurant Performance

The following table sets forth certain key performance indicators of Haidilao restaurants by geographic region for the years indicated:

海底撈餐廳業績

下表載列於所示年度按地理區域劃分的海底撈餐廳若干關鍵績效指標：

		For the year ended December 31, 截至12月31日止年度	
		2025 2025年	2024 2024年
Total guest visits (million)	總客流量 (百萬人次)		
Southeast Asia	東南亞	20.9	20.7
East Asia	東亞	4.5	3.3
North America	北美洲	4.1	3.7
Others ⁽¹⁾	其他 ⁽¹⁾	2.5	2.2
Total	總計	32.0	29.9
Average table turnover rate⁽²⁾ (times/day)	平均翻檯率⁽²⁾ (次/天)		
Southeast Asia	東南亞	3.7	3.7
East Asia	東亞	5.0	4.4
North America	北美洲	4.0	4.1
Others ⁽¹⁾	其他 ⁽¹⁾	3.9	3.9
Overall	整體	3.9	3.8
Average spending per guest⁽³⁾ (US\$)	顧客人均消費⁽³⁾ (美元)		
Southeast Asia	東南亞	18.9	19.6
East Asia	東亞	28.7	28.3
North America	北美洲	39.9	42.3
Others ⁽¹⁾	其他 ⁽¹⁾	39.4	41.6
Overall	整體	24.6	25.0
Average daily revenue per restaurant⁽⁴⁾ (US\$'000)	每家餐廳平均每日收入⁽⁴⁾ (千美元)		
Southeast Asia	東南亞	15.4	15.7
East Asia	東亞	20.1	17.1
North America	北美洲	22.6	22.0
Others ⁽¹⁾	其他 ⁽¹⁾	23.8	24.9
Overall	整體	18.1	17.7
Income from operation margin⁽⁵⁾ (%)	經營溢利率⁽⁵⁾ (%)	4.4	6.8
Restaurant level operating margin⁽⁶⁾ (%)	餐廳層面經營溢利率⁽⁶⁾ (%)	8.7	10.1

Notes:

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| <p>(1) Include Australia, the United Kingdom and the United Arab Emirates.</p> <p>(2) Calculated by dividing the total number of tables served for the years by the product of total Haidilao restaurant operations days for the years and the average table count during the years in the same geographic region.</p> <p>(3) Calculated by dividing gross revenue of Haidilao restaurant operations for the years by total guests served for the years in the same geographic region.</p> <p>(4) Calculated by dividing the revenue of Haidilao restaurant operations for the years by the total Haidilao restaurant operations days of the years in the same geographic region.</p> <p>(5) Calculated by dividing income from operations for the years by total revenue for the years. Income from operation is calculated by profit for the year excluding interest income (included within other income), finance costs, unrealized foreign exchange differences arising from remeasurement of balances which are not denominated in functional currency, net gain arising on financial assets at FVTPL and income tax expense.</p> <p>(6) Calculated by dividing restaurant level operating profit by restaurant level revenue. Restaurant level operating profit is calculated by deducting from restaurant level revenue certain restaurant level costs and expenses, including (i) restaurant level expenses, including cost of restaurant level raw materials and consumables used, restaurant level staff costs, restaurant level property rentals and related expenses, restaurant level utilities expenses, restaurant level depreciation and amortization, restaurant level traveling and communication expenses and other restaurant level expenses, including preopening expenses in each region; and (ii) management fees incurred in each region. The cost of restaurant level raw materials and consumables used included the cost of food ingredients and consumables associated with central kitchens that are used within our Haidilao restaurants as well as those procured directly from suppliers.</p> | <p>附註：</p> <p>(1) 包括澳大利亞、英國及阿拉伯聯合酋長國。</p> <p>(2) 按年內服務總桌數除以年內海底撈餐廳總營業日數及年內相同地理區域平均餐桌數之乘積計算。</p> <p>(3) 按年內海底撈餐廳經營的總收入除以年內相同地理區域服務顧客總數計算。</p> <p>(4) 按年內海底撈餐廳經營的收入除以年內相同地理區域海底撈餐廳總營業日數計算。</p> <p>(5) 按年內經營溢利除以年內總收入計算。經營溢利按年內溢利剔除利息收入（已計入其他收入）、財務成本、因重新計量並非以功能貨幣計值的結餘而產生的未變現外匯差額、按公允值計入損益的金融資產產生的收益淨額及所得稅開支後計算。</p> <p>(6) 按餐廳層面經營溢利除以餐廳層面收入計算。餐廳層面經營溢利是通過自餐廳層面收入扣除若干餐廳層面成本及開支計算得出，包括(i)餐廳層面開支，其中包括各地區的餐廳層面原材料及易耗品成本、餐廳層面員工成本、餐廳層面物業租金及相關開支、餐廳層面水電開支、餐廳層面折舊及攤銷、餐廳層面差旅及通訊開支以及其他餐廳層面開支，包括開業前開支；及(ii)各地區產生的管理費。餐廳層面原材料及易耗品成本包括海底撈餐廳內所用的中央廚房相關食材及易耗品成本，以及直接從供應商採購的食材及易耗品成本。</p> |
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Management Discussion and Analysis

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Same-store Sales

The following table sets forth details of our same-store sales of Haidilao restaurants by geographic region as of the dates indicated or for the years indicated:

同店銷售

下表載列我們截至所示日期或於所示年度按地理區域劃分的海底撈餐廳同店銷售詳情：

		As of/For the year ended	
		December 31,	
		截至12月31日 /	
		截至該日止年度	
		2025	2024
		2025年	2024年
Number of same stores⁽²⁾	同店數量⁽²⁾		
Southeast Asia	東南亞	59	
East Asia	東亞	13	
North America	北美洲	17	
Others ⁽¹⁾	其他 ⁽¹⁾	10	
Total	總計	99	
Same-store sales⁽³⁾ (US\$'000)	同店銷售額⁽³⁾ (千美元)		
Southeast Asia	東南亞	348,567	349,157
East Asia	東亞	94,544	79,971
North America	北美洲	140,649	137,342
Others ⁽¹⁾	其他 ⁽¹⁾	91,821	90,184
Total	總計	675,581	656,654
Average same-store sales per day⁽⁴⁾ (US\$'000)	同店平均日銷售額⁽⁴⁾ (千美元)		
Southeast Asia	東南亞	16.3	16.2
East Asia	東亞	20.0	16.8
North America	北美洲	22.7	22.1
Others ⁽¹⁾	其他 ⁽¹⁾	25.2	25.0
Overall	整體	18.7	18.2
Average spending per guest (US\$)	顧客人均消費 (美元)		
Southeast Asia	東南亞	19.1	19.2
East Asia	東亞	28.7	28.5
North America	北美洲	40.8	42.7
Others ⁽¹⁾	其他 ⁽¹⁾	40.0	41.8
Overall	整體	24.8	24.9
Average same-store table turnover rate⁽⁵⁾ (times/day)	同店平均翻檯率⁽⁵⁾ (次/天)		
Southeast Asia	東南亞	3.8	3.8
East Asia	東亞	5.0	4.3
North America	北美洲	4.0	4.1
Others ⁽¹⁾	其他 ⁽¹⁾	4.0	3.9
Overall	整體	4.0	3.9

Notes:

- (1) Include Australia, the United Kingdom and the United Arab Emirates.
- (2) Includes restaurants that commenced operations prior to the beginning of the years under comparison, remained open as of December 31, 2025 and opened for more than 300 days both in 2024 and 2025.
- (3) Refers to the gross revenue of Haidilao restaurant operations at the same stores for the years indicated.
- (4) Calculated by dividing the gross revenue of Haidilao restaurant operations at the same stores for the years by the total Haidilao restaurant operations days at the same stores for the years.
- (5) Calculated by dividing the total tables served for the years by the product of total Haidilao restaurant operations days for the years and average table count at the same stores during the years.

Delivery Business

The Group's revenue from delivery business amounted to US\$19.0 million in 2025, representing an increase of 68.1% from US\$11.3 million in 2024. This increase was mainly due to (i) the continuous optimization of delivery products and services based on market demand; and (ii) strategic marketing collaborations with local food delivery platforms.

Others

Others mainly consisted of revenue from sales of hot pot condiment products and food under Haidilao brand and secondary brands to local guests and retailers.

The Group's revenue from others amounted to US\$31.8 million in 2025, representing an increase of 61.4% from US\$19.7 million in 2024, driven by (i) the increasing popularity of hot pot condiment products, Haidilao-branded and sub-branded food products among local customers and retailers; and (ii) the incubation of secondary branded restaurants under the "Pomegranate Plan" through diversification into multiple business concepts.

附註：

- (1) 包括澳大利亞、英國及阿拉伯聯合酋長國。
- (2) 包括比較年度開始前已開始運營且於截至2025年12月31日仍開業及於2024年及2025年均開放超過300天的餐廳。
- (3) 指於所示年度同店海底撈餐廳經營的收入總額。
- (4) 按年內同店海底撈餐廳經營的總收入除以年內同店海底撈餐廳總營業日數計算。
- (5) 按年內服務總桌數除以年內海底撈餐廳總營業日數及年內同店平均餐桌數之乘積計算。

外賣業務

於2025年，本集團來自外賣業務的收入為19.0百萬美元，較2024年的11.3百萬美元增長68.1%。該增長主要是由於(i)根據市場需求持續優化外賣產品及服務；及(ii)與當地外賣平台進行戰略營銷合作。

其他

其他主要包括來自向當地顧客及零售商銷售火鍋調味品及海底撈品牌及子品牌的食品的收入。

於2025年，本集團來自其他的收入為31.8百萬美元，較2024年的19.7百萬美元增長61.4%，乃由於(i)火鍋調味品及海底撈品牌及子品牌的食品在當地顧客及零售商中越來越受歡迎；及(ii)在「紅石榴計劃」下，透過多元化業務形態推進第二品牌餐廳的孵化。

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Other Income

Other income primarily consisted of (i) government grants; and (ii) interest income from bank deposits and rental deposits.

The Group's other income amounted to US\$9.5 million in 2025, representing an increase of 26.7% from US\$7.5 million in 2024. This increase was mainly due to higher interest income on bank deposits driven by increased cash holdings resulting from revenue growth.

Raw Materials and Consumables Used

Raw materials and consumables used consisted of costs for (i) food ingredients used in the restaurants, including the soup base and menu items; (ii) consumables used in the restaurant operations, including disposable items, such as napkins, disposable tableware and table cloths; and (iii) others, including logistics and transportation fees.

The Group's raw materials and consumables used amounted to US\$282.8 million in 2025, representing an increase of 9.7% from US\$257.7 million in 2024. As a percentage of revenue, our raw materials and consumables used increased from 33.1% in 2024 to 33.6% in 2025. This increase was primarily attributable to (i) the continued investment in initiatives to enhance the customer experience, such as quality enhancements; and (ii) increased sales of hot pot condiment products, Haidilao-branded and sub-branded food products, and the expansion of the secondary branded restaurants.

Staff Costs

Staff costs consisted of (i) employee salaries and other allowance; (ii) employee welfare; and (iii) retirement benefit scheme contributions.

其他收入

其他收入主要包括(i)政府補助；及(ii)銀行存款及租賃押金的利息收入。

於2025年，本集團的其他收入為9.5百萬美元，較2024年的7.5百萬美元增長26.7%。該增長主要由於收入增長帶動現金持有量增加，進而推動銀行存款利息收入增加。

原材料及易耗品成本

原材料及易耗品成本包括以下各項：(i)用於餐廳的食材，包括鍋底及菜品；(ii)餐廳經營所用的易耗品，包括一次性用品，例如紙巾、一次性餐具及檯布；及(iii)其他，包括物流及運輸費。

於2025年，本集團的原材料及易耗品成本為282.8百萬美元，較2024年的257.7百萬美元增長9.7%。我們的原材料及易耗品成本所佔收入百分比由2024年的33.1%增長至2025年的33.6%。該增長主要是由於(i)持續投入於提升顧客體驗的相關舉措，例如產品品質的優化；及(ii)火鍋調味品、海底撈品牌及子品牌食品的銷售增加及第二品牌餐廳的擴張。

員工成本

員工成本包括(i)僱員薪金及其他津貼；(ii)員工福利；及(iii)退休福利計劃供款。

The Group's staff costs amounted to US\$285.4 million in 2025, representing an increase of 10.1% from US\$259.3 million in 2024. The increase was primarily attributable to (i) the increase in the number of employees, which was in line with the expansion of the restaurant network and our operation strategy of ensuring sufficient number of employees to provide superior customer experience across catering services, product quality, restaurant environment, and food safety; (ii) higher piece-rate wages and extended working hours resulting from increased guest visits and improved table turnover rate; and (iii) higher statutory minimum wages in certain countries where we operated. As a percentage of revenue, the Group's staff costs increased from 33.3% in 2024 to 33.9% in 2025.

Rentals and Related Expenses

Rentals and related expenses mainly consisted of property management fees, variable lease payments and lease payments for short-term leases we entered into in relation to our offices and warehouses.

The Group's rentals and related expenses amounted to US\$24.2 million in 2025, representing an increase of 20.4% from US\$20.1 million in 2024. This increase was mainly due to (i) increased property management fees resulting from the opening of new restaurants; and (ii) increased short-term lease payments aligned with warehouse leasing expansion to support our restaurant network growth.

Utilities Expenses

Utilities expenses primarily consisted of expenses on electricity, gas and water.

The Group's utilities expenses remained relatively stable at US\$28.4 million and US\$29.0 million in 2024 and 2025, respectively. As a percentage of revenue, utilities expenses remained relatively stable at 3.6% and 3.4% in 2024 and 2025, respectively.

於2025年，本集團的員工成本為285.4百萬美元，較2024年的259.3百萬美元增長10.1%。增長主要是由於(i)員工人數有所增加，這與餐廳網絡擴張及我們確保有足夠數量的員工在餐飲服務、產品質量、餐廳環境及食品安全方面提供優越客戶體驗的經營策略一致；(ii)由於客流量增加和翻檯率提升，計件工資及工作時長均有所增加；及(iii)我們經營所在部分國家的法定最低薪資上漲。本集團的員工成本所佔收入百分比由2024年的33.3%增長至2025年的33.9%。

租金及相關開支

租金及相關開支主要包括物業管理費、可變租賃付款及我們就辦公室及倉庫簽訂的短期租賃的租賃付款。

於2025年，本集團的租金及相關開支為24.2百萬美元，較2024年的20.1百萬美元增長20.4%。該增長主要是由於(i)開設新餐廳令物業管理費增長；及(ii)為支持餐廳網絡擴張而擴大的倉庫租賃所導致的短期租賃付款增長。

水電開支

水電開支主要包括電費、燃氣及水費的開支。

本集團的水電開支於2024年及2025年維持相對穩定，分別為28.4百萬美元及29.0百萬美元。於2024年及2025年，水電開支所佔收入百分比維持相對穩定，分別為3.6%及3.4%。

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Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation and amortization consisted of depreciation charges for the property, plant and equipment, which primarily include leasehold improvements, machinery, transportation equipment, furniture and fixtures and right-of-use assets.

The Group's depreciation and amortization amounted to US\$82.7 million in 2025, representing an increase of 2.1% from US\$81.0 million in 2024. This increase was mainly due to the increase in depreciation of right-of-use assets of US\$2.0 million. As a percentage of revenue, depreciation and amortization decreased from 10.4% in 2024 to 9.8% in 2025, primarily due to the increase in our revenue.

Traveling and Communication Expenses

Traveling and communication expenses mainly consisted of international and regional travel expenses of staff for new restaurants opening and inspection of restaurant operations.

The Group's traveling and communication expenses amounted to US\$8.0 million in 2025, representing an increase of 25.0% from US\$6.4 million in 2024. This increase was mainly due to the increase of business travels in line with our business expansion. As a percentage of revenue, our traveling and communication expenses increased from 0.8% in 2024 to 1.0% in 2025.

Other Expenses

Other expenses comprised of (i) administrative expenses; (ii) outsourcing service fee; (iii) bank charges; (iv) consulting services expenses; and (v) others, which mainly consisted of daily maintenance expenses, storage expenses and business development expenses.

The Group's other expenses amounted to US\$87.1 million in 2025, representing an increase of 23.2% from US\$70.7 million in 2024. This increase was primarily driven by (i) an increase in outsourcing service fee of US\$5.1 million, stemming from restaurant network expansion and improved table turnover rate; (ii) an increase in business development expenses of US\$3.3 million, primarily attributable to enhanced marketing efforts, including closer collaboration with third-party platforms, and (iii) an increase in consulting services expenses of US\$3.1 million, mainly arising from the continued investments for business expansion, particularly secondary brands development.

折舊及攤銷

折舊及攤銷包括物業、廠房及設備的折舊開支，主要包括租賃物業裝修、機器、運輸設備、家具及裝置以及使用權資產。

於2025年，本集團的折舊及攤銷為82.7百萬美元，較2024年的81.0百萬美元增長2.1%。該增長主要是由於使用權資產折舊增加2.0百萬美元。折舊及攤銷所佔收入百分比由2024年的10.4%降至2025年的9.8%，主要是由於我們的收入有所增加。

差旅及通訊開支

差旅及通訊開支主要包括因開設新餐廳及視察餐廳經營而產生的員工國際及區域差旅開支。

於2025年，本集團的差旅及通訊開支為8.0百萬美元，較2024年的6.4百萬美元增長25.0%。該增長主要是由於隨著業務擴張，商務旅行有所增加。我們的差旅及通訊開支所佔收入百分比由2024年的0.8%增長至2025年的1.0%。

其他開支

其他開支包括(i)行政開支；(ii)外包服務費；(iii)銀行服務費；(iv)諮詢服務開支；及(v)其他，主要包含日常維護開支、倉儲開支及業務發展開支。

於2025年，本集團的其他開支為87.1百萬美元，較2024年的70.7百萬美元增長23.2%。該增長主要是由於(i)餐廳網絡擴張及翻檯率上升導致外包服務費增加5.1百萬美元；(ii)業務發展開支增加3.3百萬美元，主要由於加大營銷投入，包括與各第三方平台加強合作；及(iii)諮詢服務開支增加3.1百萬美元，主要由於持續投入於業務發展，尤其是第二品牌的發展所致。

Other Gains (Losses) – Net

Net other gains (losses) primarily consisted of (i) net impairment loss or reversal of impairment recognized in respect of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets, representing provisions we recorded; (ii) loss or gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment and provision for early termination of leases, which was in relation to the capital expenditures we invested for restaurants as originally planned but later decided not to open as a result from our dynamic evaluation of our expansion plan and the temporary closure of certain restaurants; (iii) loss or gain on modification and termination of leases, arising from reversals of right of use assets and lease liabilities in relation to the termination of leases for restaurants we decided to suspend the opening of; (iv) net foreign exchange losses, which fluctuated from year-to-year based on exchange rate movements; (v) net gain or loss arising on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (“FVTPL”); and (vi) others.

The Group recorded net other gains of US\$9.8 million in 2025, as compared to net other losses of US\$17.9 million in 2024. This change was attributable to the recognition of US\$14.1 million in net foreign exchange gains in 2025, as a result of fluctuation in exchange rates, partially offset by (i) a net increase in impairment loss of US\$3.1 million on right-of-use assets, primarily resulting from business optimization measures implemented at certain restaurant locations following management’s performance evaluations, and (ii) a decrease in gains arising on financial assets at FVTPL of US\$1.4 million.

Finance Costs

Finance costs represented (i) interests on lease liabilities; and (ii) interests charge on unwinding of discounts, primarily in relation to provisions for restoration of the premises the Group used for the restaurants.

The Group’s finance costs amounted to US\$11.4 million in 2025, representing an increase of 34.1% from US\$8.5 million in 2024. This increase was directly attributable to the expansion of our restaurant network, which drove corresponding growth in both lease liabilities and restaurant restoration provisions.

其他收益（虧損）淨額

其他收益（虧損）淨額主要包括(i)就物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產確認的減值虧損淨額或減值撥回，即我們列賬的撥備；(ii)出售物業、廠房及設備的虧損或收益以及提前終止租賃的撥備，這些與我們投資於最初計劃但後來因擴張計劃的動態評估而決定不開設餐廳的資本開支以及若干餐廳暫停營業有關；(iii)租賃變更及終止的虧損或收益，源於與我們決定暫停開業的餐廳終止租賃有關的使用權資產及租賃負債的撥回；(iv)匯兌虧損淨額，其按匯率變動而出現按年波動；(v)按公允值計入損益（「按公允值計入損益」）的金融資產產生的收益或虧損淨額；及(vi)其他。

本集團於2025年錄得其他收益淨額9.8百萬美元，而2024年錄得其他虧損淨額17.9百萬美元。該變化乃由於匯率波動導致於2025年確認匯兌收益淨額14.1百萬美元，部分被(i)使用權資產減值虧損淨增加3.1百萬美元，主要與管理層對特定餐廳進行全面業績評估後實施的業務優化措施有關；及(ii)按公允值計入損益的金融資產產生的收益減少1.4百萬美元所抵銷。

財務成本

財務成本指(i)租賃負債利息；及(ii)解除貼現的利息開支，主要關於本集團用作餐廳的物業的復墾撥備。

於2025年，本集團的財務成本為11.4百萬美元，較2024年的8.5百萬美元增長34.1%。該增長直接歸因於餐廳網絡的擴張，從而帶動租賃負債及餐廳復墾撥備的相應增長。

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Income Tax Expenses

The Group recorded income tax expenses of US\$11.8 million and US\$13.2 million in 2024 and 2025, respectively. The taxation of the Group was calculated at the rates prevailing in relevant jurisdictions, which ranged from 9% to 33% on the estimated assessable profits during the Reporting Period.

Profit for the Year

As a result of the foregoing, the Group recorded net profit of US\$36.3 million in 2025, representing an increase of 69.6% from US\$21.4 million in 2024. This change was primarily due to the increase in net foreign exchange gain of US\$33.8 million, mainly driven by the foreign exchange fluctuations, particularly the appreciation of local currencies against the U.S. dollar, which is partially offset by the decrease in the operation margin, primarily attributable to the Group's proactive value-sharing strategy through continued investments in customers and employees during the first half of 2025, which led to an anticipated increase in staff costs, raw material costs, and other operating expenses.

Inventories

Inventories mainly consisted of food ingredients and other materials used in the restaurant operations, the hot pot condiment products for sale and food products with Haidilao brand and sub-brand.

The Group's inventories amounted to US\$37.5 million as of December 31, 2025, representing an increase of 19.0% from US\$31.5 million as of December 31, 2024. This increase primarily reflected the inventories we kept for the new restaurants opened in 2025 and the higher inventory level we had for our existing restaurants as we recorded higher guest visits and table turnover rate in 2025.

The turnover days of inventory remained relatively stable at 42.8 days and 43.9 days in 2024 and 2025, respectively. The annual inventory turnover days equals the average of the beginning and ending inventories for that year divided by raw materials and consumables used for that year and multiplied by 360 days.

所得稅開支

於2024年及2025年，本集團分別錄得所得稅開支11.8百萬美元及13.2百萬美元。本集團稅項乃就報告期內的估計應課稅溢利按相關司法權區介乎9%至33%之現行稅率計算。

年內溢利

由於上述原因，本集團於2025年錄得淨利潤36.3百萬美元，較2024年的21.4百萬美元增長69.6%。該變化主要是由於匯兌收益淨額增加33.8百萬美元，主要受外匯波動（尤其是當地貨幣兌美元升值）所推動，這一變化部分被經營溢利率下降所抵銷，主要由於本集團在2025年上半年採取主動讓利的策略，持續增加對顧客、員工的投入，導致員工成本、原材料成本及其他營業開支出現預期性增加。

存貨

存貨主要包括餐廳經營所用的食材及其他材料，以及待售的火鍋調味品、海底撈品牌及子品牌的食品。

截至2025年12月31日，本集團存貨為37.5百萬美元，較截至2024年12月31日的31.5百萬美元增長19.0%。該增長主要反映了我們為2025年新開業的餐廳所保留的存貨，以及現有餐廳因客流量及翻檯率的提升而維持在較高的存貨水平。

存貨周轉天數於2024年及2025年維持相對穩定，分別為42.8天及43.9天。年度存貨周轉天數等於該年年初及年末存貨的平均值除以該年使用的原材料及消耗品再乘以360天。

Trade and Other Receivables and Prepayments

Trade and other receivables and prepayments primarily consisted of (i) trade receivables from credit card networks, food delivery platforms and payment platforms; (ii) prepayment to suppliers; (iii) input value-added tax to be deducted; and (iv) others.

The Group's current portion of trade and other receivables and prepayments amounted to US\$35.7 million as of December 31, 2025, representing an increase of 15.9% from US\$30.8 million as of December 31, 2024. This growth was primarily attributable to (i) an increase of US\$3.1 million in trade receivables, resulting from the increase in operating revenue in 2025, and (ii) an increase of US\$1.7 million in interest receivable from fixed bank deposits.

The Group's non-current portion of trade and other receivables and prepayments consisted of non-current other receivables and non-current prepayments, which remained relatively stable both at US\$2.3 million as of December 31, 2024 and 2025.

The turnover days of trade receivables in 2024 and 2025 was 7.7 days and 7.1 days, respectively. Trade receivables turnover days for each year equals the average of the beginning and ending balances of trade receivables for that year divided by the revenue for the year and multiplied by 360 days.

Trade Payables

Trade payables mainly consisted of the balances due to the Group's suppliers of food ingredients and consumables. The majority of trade payables had a credit term of 30 to 60 days.

The Group's trade payables amounted to US\$36.3 million as of December 31, 2025, representing an increase of 18.2% from US\$30.7 million as of December 31, 2024. The increase reflected our procurement of raw materials to support our enhanced restaurant operations, which was in line with the inventory growth.

The trade payable turnover days in 2024 and 2025 was 45.5 days and 42.6 days, respectively. Trade payable turnover days for each year equals the average of the beginning and ending balances of trade payable for that year divided by raw materials and consumables for the year and multiplied by 360 days. The decrease in trade payables turnover days from 2024 to 2025 was primarily attributable to enhanced controls implemented over our payment cycle management.

貿易及其他應收款項以及預付款項

貿易及其他應收款項以及預付款項主要包括(i)來自信用卡網絡、食品外賣平台及支付平台的貿易應收款項；(ii)預付供應商款項；(iii)待抵扣進項增值稅；及(iv)其他。

截至2025年12月31日，本集團貿易及其他應收款項以及預付款項的即期部分為35.7百萬美元，較截至2024年12月31日的30.8百萬美元增長15.9%。該增長主要歸因於(i)2025年經營收入增加，貿易應收款項增加3.1百萬美元；及(ii)定期銀行存款的應收利息增加1.7百萬美元。

本集團貿易及其他應收款項以及預付款項的非即期部分包括非即期其他應收款項及非即期預付款項，截至2024年及2025年12月31日，該等款項維持相對穩定，均為2.3百萬美元。

2024年及2025年的貿易應收款項周轉天數分別為7.7天及7.1天。各年度的貿易應收款項周轉天數等於該年年初及年末貿易應收款項結餘的平均值除以該年的收入再乘以360天。

貿易應付款項

貿易應付款項主要包括應付本集團食材及易耗品供應商的結餘。大部分貿易應付款項的信用期為30天至60天。

截至2025年12月31日，本集團貿易應付款項為36.3百萬美元，較截至2024年12月31日的30.7百萬美元增長18.2%。該增長反映了我們為支持餐廳經營提升而採購原材料，亦與存貨增長一致。

2024年及2025年的貿易應付款項周轉天數分別為45.5天及42.6天。各年度的貿易應付款項周轉天數等於該年年初及年末貿易應付款項結餘的平均值除以該年的原材料及易耗品再乘以360天。2024年至2025年貿易應付款項周轉天數的減少主要因為我們加強了對付款週期管理的控制。

Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論與分析

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The primary uses of cash of the Group are to fund its operations, expansion and capital expenditures. In 2025, the Company primarily funded its working capital through cash generated from its operations, and it also adopted flexible and diverse financing methods when needed.

The Group has adopted prudent treasury policies in cash and financial management and closely monitors its liquidity and capital resources on a regular basis, and thus maintained a healthy liquidity position throughout the Reporting Period. To manage liquidity risk, the management closely monitors the Group's liquidity position and maintains sufficient cash and cash equivalents, ensures the availability of funding, and preserves the ability to settle the Group's payables. The Group strives to maintain optimum liquidity that can meet its working capital needs while supporting the continuing business operations.

Capital Structure

The primary goal of the Group's capital management is to maintain the Group's stability and growth, safeguard its normal operations while maximizing shareholders' value through the optimization of debt and equity balances. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged during the Reporting Period. The Group reviews and manages its capital structure on a regular basis, and makes timely adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions.

As of December 31, 2025, the Company's capital structure comprised issued share capital and reserves. There has been no change in the capital structure since December 31, 2024. The Group did not have any debt securities or other capital instruments as of December 31, 2025. The Group regularly reviews and manages its capital structure, making timely adjustments in response to changing economic conditions. Such adjustments may include modifications to dividend distributions, capital increases, and the issuance of new capital instruments.

Bank Borrowings

As of December 31, 2025, the Group did not have any bank borrowings or committed credit facilities.

流動資金及資本資源

本集團的現金主要用於為營運、擴張及資本開支提供資金。於2025年，本公司的營運資金主要來自經營產生的現金，並在必要時亦採取靈活多樣的融資方式。

本集團在現金及財務管理方面採取審慎的財務政策，定期密切監測流動資金及資本資源，因此於整個報告期內維持穩健的流動資金狀況。為管控流動資金風險，管理層密切監測本集團流動資金狀況以及維持充足現金及現金等價物，確保可動用資金，並維持結清本集團應付款項的能力。本集團致力維持最佳流動資金狀況，在能夠滿足營運資金需求的同時支持持續的業務運營。

資本架構

本集團資本管理的主要目標為維持本集團的穩定及增長，保障正常運營，同時通過優化債務及權益平衡使股東價值最大化。於報告期內，本集團的整體策略保持不變。本集團定期審閱及管理其資本架構，並根據經濟狀況的變化及時作出調整。

截至2025年12月31日，本公司的資本架構包括已發行股本及儲備。自2024年12月31日以來，資本架構並無變動。截至2025年12月31日，本集團並無任何債務證券或其他資本工具。本集團定期審閱及管理其資本架構，並根據經濟狀況的變化及時作出調整。有關調整可能包括修改股息分派、增資及發行新資本工具。

銀行借款

截至2025年12月31日，本集團並無任何銀行借款或承諾信貸融資。

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The principal uses of cash are for working capital to open new restaurants and expand restaurant network, procure food ingredients, consumables and equipment and enhance supply chain management capabilities, conduct R&D to enhance digitalization and other technologies for restaurant management, and renovate and decorate the restaurants. As of December 31, 2025, the Group's total bank balances and cash (including time deposits) amounted to US\$272.0 million, representing an increase of 6.8% from US\$254.7 million as of December 31, 2024. Of this total, US\$127.4 million was placed in time deposits with original maturities ranging from four to six months, bearing fixed interest rates ranging from 4.12% to 5.30% per annum. Excluding such time deposits, the Group's cash and cash equivalents amounted to US\$144.6 million as of December 31, 2025.

Capital Expenditure

Capital expenditure represented additions to (i) leasehold improvements; (ii) machinery; (iii) transportation equipment; (iv) furniture and fixtures; and (v) renovation in progress.

The Group's capital expenditure amounted to US\$51.4 million in 2025, which was mainly for the Group's restaurants opened in 2025 and those still in the process of renovation and preparation.

The Group plans to finance future capital expenditures through cash generated from its operations, the unutilized proceeds from initial public offering on NASDAQ, and cash and cash equivalents.

Charge of Assets

As of December 31, 2025, the Group charged bank deposits of US\$2.8 million to banks to secure rental payments to the lessors.

Future Plans for Material Investments

The Group will continue to extensively identify potential strategic investment opportunities and seek to acquire potential high-quality target businesses and assets that create synergies for the Group. Throughout the Reporting Period and up to the date of this annual report, the Group does not have any concrete committed plans for material investments and capital assets for disclosure.

現金及現金等價物

現金主要用作開設新餐廳及擴展餐廳網絡、採購食材、易耗品及設備、提升供應鏈管理能力、開展研發工作以提升餐廳管理所使用的數字化及其他技術，以及翻新及裝飾餐廳的營運資金。截至2025年12月31日，本集團的銀行結餘及現金總額（包括定期存款）為272.0百萬美元，較截至2024年12月31日的254.7百萬美元增加6.8%。在該總額中，127.4百萬美元存放於原到期日為四至六個月的定期存款，其固定年利率為4.12%至5.30%。撇除該等定期存款，截至2025年12月31日，本集團的現金及現金等價物為144.6百萬美元。

資本開支

資本開支指添置(i)租賃物業裝修；(ii)機器；(iii)運輸設備；(iv)家具及裝置；及(v)進行中的裝修。

於2025年，本集團的資本開支為51.4百萬美元，主要用於本集團於2025年開設的餐廳及仍在裝修籌備過程中的餐廳。

本集團計劃通過其經營所得現金、於納斯達克首次公開發售的未動用所得款項以及現金及現金等價物為未來的資本開支提供資金。

資產押記

截至2025年12月31日，本集團向銀行抵押銀行存款2.8百萬美元以作為支付出租人的租金款項的擔保。

重大投資的未來計劃

本集團將繼續廣泛尋找潛在的策略性投資機會，並尋求可為本集團帶來協同效應的潛在優質目標業務及資產。於整個報告期內及直至本年報日期，本集團並無任何具體承諾的重大投資及資本資產計劃須予以披露。

Management Discussion and Analysis

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Financial Ratios

The following table sets forth certain of the Company's financial ratios as of the dates indicated:

		As of/For the year ended December 31, 截至12月31日 / 截至該日止年度	
		2025 2025年	2024 2024年
Current ratio ⁽¹⁾	流動比率 ⁽¹⁾	2.4	2.5
Gearing ratio ⁽²⁾	資產負債比率 ⁽²⁾	0.3	0.3
Income from operation margin ⁽³⁾	經營溢利率 ⁽³⁾	4.4	6.8
Restaurant level operating margin ⁽⁴⁾	餐廳層面經營溢利率 ⁽⁴⁾	8.7	10.1

Notes:

- (1) Equals current assets divided by current liabilities as of the same date.
- (2) Equals total borrowings divided by total assets as of the same date.
- (3) Equals income from operation divided by total revenue for the same period.
- (4) Equals restaurant level operating profit divided by restaurant level revenue for the same period.

Foreign Exchange Risk and Hedging

The Group undertakes certain transactions in foreign currencies, which exposed it to foreign currency risk. The principal currency exposures arise from the fluctuations in the value of the US dollar relative to the local currencies of the markets in which the Group operates.

During the Reporting Period, the Group recorded net foreign exchange gains of US\$14.1 million (2024: net foreign exchange losses of US\$19.7 million). As these gains are largely unrealized, they are subject to reversal if exchange rate trends change in subsequent periods. The Group does not currently use any derivative contracts to hedge against its exposure to currency risk. The Group manages its currency risk by closely monitoring the movement of foreign currency rates and maintaining a diversified geographic revenue base. Given the significance of the foreign exchange impact on the Group's results during the Reporting Period, the Board will continue to assess whether a formal hedging policy should be adopted and will keep shareholders informed.

財務比率

下表載列本公司截至所示日期的若干財務比率：

		As of/For the year ended December 31, 截至12月31日 / 截至該日止年度	
		2025 2025年	2024 2024年
Current ratio ⁽¹⁾	流動比率 ⁽¹⁾	2.4	2.5
Gearing ratio ⁽²⁾	資產負債比率 ⁽²⁾	0.3	0.3
Income from operation margin ⁽³⁾	經營溢利率 ⁽³⁾	4.4	6.8
Restaurant level operating margin ⁽⁴⁾	餐廳層面經營溢利率 ⁽⁴⁾	8.7	10.1

附註：

- (1) 等於流動資產除以截至同日的流動負債。
- (2) 等於借款總額除以截至同日的資產總額。
- (3) 等於經營溢利除以同期總收入。
- (4) 等於餐廳層面經營溢利除以同期餐廳層面收入。

外匯匯兌風險及對沖

本集團進行若干以外幣計值的交易，令其面臨外幣風險。主要貨幣風險源於美元相對於本集團經營所在市場的當地貨幣的價值波動。

於報告期內，本集團錄得匯兌收益淨額14.1百萬美元（2024年：匯兌虧損淨額19.7百萬美元）。由於該等收益大部分為未變現，若匯率趨勢在隨後期間發生變化，則可能出現逆轉。本集團現時並未使用任何衍生合約對沖其面臨的貨幣風險。本集團通過密切監控外幣匯率變動及維持多元化的地理收入基礎來管理其貨幣風險。基於報告期內外匯對本集團業績影響的重大性，董事會將持續評估是否應採取正式的對沖政策，並將告悉股東。

Contingent Liabilities

As of December 31, 2025, the Company did not have any material contingent liabilities, guarantees or any litigation or claims of material importance, pending or threatened against any member of the Group that is likely to have a material and adverse effect on the Group's business, financial condition or results of operations.

Material Acquisitions and Disposals

During the Reporting Period, the Company did not have any material acquisitions or disposals of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures for disclosure.

Significant Investment under Hong Kong Listing Rules

Our Group did not hold any investment (including wealth management products) that on a standalone basis carried a value of 5% or more of the Group's total assets as of December 31, 2025. During the Reporting Period, the Group's transactions in financial assets, on both standalone and aggregate basis, did not constitute notifiable transactions under Chapter 14 of the Hong Kong Listing Rules.

No Material Changes

Save as disclosed in this annual report, during the Reporting Period, there were no material changes affecting the Group's performance that need to be disclosed under Paragraphs 32 and 45 of Appendix D2 to the Listing Rules.

Employees and Remuneration Policy

As of December 31, 2025, the Group had a total of 14,003 full-time and part-time employees. During the Reporting Period, the Group had incurred staff costs (including salaries and other allowance, welfare and retirement benefit scheme contributions) of US\$285.4 million.

The Group's remuneration policy is determined by the salary levels in different countries, employee rank and performance and the market conditions. The Group also provides other benefits to its employees, including medical schemes, defined contribution retirement schemes and share award schemes. The Group participates in defined contribution retirement schemes organized by the relevant local government authorities where the Group operates. To maintain the quality, knowledge and skill levels of the workforce, the Group provides regular specialized trainings tailored to the needs of employees in different departments, including regular training sessions conducted by senior employees or third-party consultants covering various aspects of the business operations of the Group, for employees to stay up to date with both catering segment developments and service skills. The Group also organizes workshops from time to time to discuss specific topics.

或有負債

截至2025年12月31日，本公司並無任何可能對本集團業務、財務狀況或經營業績造成重大不利影響的重大或有負債、擔保或任何重大未決或針對本集團任何成員公司的訴訟或申索。

重大收購及處置

於報告期內，本公司並無任何附屬公司、聯營公司及合營企業的重大收購或處置須予披露。

香港上市規則項下的重大投資

截至2025年12月31日，本集團並無持有任何個別基準的價值佔本集團總資產5%或以上的投資（包括理財產品）。於報告期間，本集團金融資產的交易按個別及合併基準計算，不構成香港上市規則第十四章項下的須予公佈交易。

無重大變動

除本年報所披露者外，於報告期內，並無對本集團表現造成影響而須根據上市規則附錄D2第32及45段予以披露的重大變動。

員工及薪酬政策

截至2025年12月31日，本集團共有14,003名全職及兼職員工。於報告期內，本集團產生員工成本（包括薪金及其他津貼、福利及退休福利計劃供款）285.4百萬美元。

本集團的薪酬政策乃根據不同國家的薪金水平、員工職級及業績表現以及市場狀況釐定。本集團亦向其員工提供其他福利，包括醫療計劃、定額供款退休金計劃及股份獎勵計劃。本集團參與由本集團經營業務所在地的相關地方政府當局組織的定額供款退休金計劃。為保持工作人員的素質、知識及技能水平，本集團根據不同部門員工的需求定期提供專業培訓，包括由高級員工或第三方顧問定期進行的培訓課程，內容涵蓋本集團業務運作的各個方面，使員工了解餐飲行業的最新發展及服務技能，與時俱進。本集團亦不時組織研討會討論具體事項。

Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論與分析

Non-IFRS Financial Measure

In evaluating the Group's business, the Group considers and uses a non-IFRS measure, restaurant level operating profit margin, which is calculated by dividing (i) restaurant level operating profit by (ii) restaurant level revenue, as supplemental measures to review and assess its operating performance. The presentation of these non-IFRS financial measures is not intended to be considered in isolation or as a substitute for the financial information prepared and presented in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards.

Restaurant level operating profit margin is a supplemental measure of operating performance of the Group's restaurants and its calculations thereof may not be comparable to similar measures reported by other companies. Restaurant level operating profit margin has limitations as an analytical tool and should not be considered as a substitute for analysis of the Group's results as reported under IFRS Accounting Standards.

Restaurant level revenue refers to the total revenue generated from the Group's two major service lines – Haidilao restaurant operations and delivery business.

Restaurant level operating profit is calculated by deducting from restaurant level revenue certain restaurant level costs and expenses, including (i) restaurant level expenses, including cost of restaurant level raw materials and consumables used, restaurant level staff costs, restaurant level property rentals and related expenses, restaurant level utilities expenses, restaurant level depreciation and amortization, restaurant level traveling and communication expenses and other restaurant level expenses, including preopening expenses in each region; and (ii) management fees incurred in each region. The cost of restaurant level raw materials and consumables used included the cost of food ingredients and consumables associated with central kitchens that are used within the Group's Haidilao restaurants as well as those procured directly from suppliers.

The Group believes that restaurant level operating profit margin is an important measure to evaluate the performance and profitability of each of the Group's restaurants, individually and in the aggregate. The Group uses restaurant level operating profit margin information to benchmark the Group's performance versus competitors.

非國際財務報告準則財務計量

於評估本集團業務時，本集團考慮並使用非國際財務報告準則計量，即餐廳層面經營溢利率（按(i)餐廳層面經營溢利除以(ii)餐廳層面收入計算），作為補充計量指標以審閱及評估其經營表現。該等非國際財務報告準則財務計量的呈列不應被視為獨立於或可替代根據國際財務報告準則會計準則編製及呈列的財務資料。

餐廳層面經營溢利率是本集團餐廳經營業績的補充計量指標，其計算方法可能與其他公司呈報的類似計量沒有可比性。餐廳層面經營溢利率作為一項分析工具具有局限性，不應認為其可替代對本集團根據國際財務報告準則會計準則呈報業績的分析。

餐廳層面收入指本集團兩大業務條線海底撈餐廳經營及外賣業務所產生的總收入。

餐廳層面經營溢利乃通過自餐廳層面收入扣除若干餐廳層面的成本及開支（包括(i)餐廳層面開支，如餐廳層面原材料及易耗品成本、餐廳層面員工成本、餐廳層面物業租金及相關開支、餐廳層面水電開支、餐廳層面折舊及攤銷、餐廳層面差旅及通訊開支以及包括各地區的開業前開支在內的其他餐廳層面開支；及(ii)各地區所產生的管理費用）後計算得出。餐廳層面原材料及易耗品成本包括本集團海底撈餐廳所用的中央廚房相關食材及易耗品成本，以及直接從供應商處採購的食材及易耗品的成本。

本集團認為餐廳層面經營溢利率是評估本集團各餐廳的單獨及合併業績及盈利能力的重要計量指標。本集團以餐廳層面經營溢利率數據為基準來衡量本集團與競爭對手的業績。

Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論與分析

The table set forth below reconciles total revenue to restaurant level revenue:

下表載列總收入與餐廳層面收入的對賬：

		For the Year Ended December 31, 截至12月31日止年度	
		2025 2025年	2024 2024年
		(US\$ in thousands) (千美元)	
Total revenue	總收入	840,755	778,308
Less: Revenue (Others)	減：收入(其他)	(31,769)	(19,719)
Restaurant level revenue	餐廳層面收入	808,986	758,589

The computation of restaurant level operating margin is as follows:

餐廳層面經營溢利率的計算如下：

		For the Year Ended December 31, 截至12月31日止年度	
		2025 2025年	2024 2024年
		(US\$ in thousands) (千美元)	
Restaurant level revenue	餐廳層面收入	808,986	758,589
Less: Restaurant level costs and expenses	減：餐廳層面成本及開支	(738,422)	(682,075)
Restaurant level operating profit	餐廳層面經營溢利	70,564	76,514
Restaurant level operating margin*	餐廳層面經營溢利率*	8.7%	10.1%

* Restaurant level operating margin is calculated by dividing (i) restaurant level operating profit by (ii) restaurant level revenue.

* 餐廳層面經營溢利率按(i)餐廳層面經營溢利除以(ii)餐廳層面收入計算。

Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論與分析

The table set forth below reconciles income from operation, the most directly comparable IFRS measure to the restaurant level operating profit.

下表載列經營溢利的對賬，此為對餐廳層面經營溢利而言最直接可比較的國際財務報告準則計量指標。

For the Year Ended
December 31,
截至12月31日止年度

2025 2024
2025年 2024年

(US\$ in thousands)
(千美元)

Income from operation ⁽¹⁾	經營溢利 ⁽¹⁾	37,434	53,311
Less:	減：		
Revenue (Others)	收入 (其他)	(31,769)	(19,719)
Other income ⁽²⁾	其他收入 ⁽²⁾	(1,830)	(2,449)
Add non-restaurant level cost and expenses ⁽³⁾ :	加非餐廳層面的成本及開支 ⁽³⁾ ：		
Raw materials and consumables used ⁽⁴⁾	原材料及易耗品成本 ⁽⁴⁾	18,472	10,343
Staff costs	員工成本	16,333	10,992
Rentals and related expenses	租金及相關開支	1,707	989
Utilities expenses	水電開支	1,893	1,783
Depreciation and amortization	折舊及攤銷	7,260	6,353
Traveling and communication expenses	差旅及通訊開支	1,399	995
Listing expenses	上市開支	-	2,460
Other expenses	其他開支	13,650	10,136
Other losses – net ⁽⁵⁾	其他虧損淨額 ⁽⁵⁾	6,015	1,320
Restaurant level operating profit	餐廳層面經營溢利	70,564	76,514
Restaurant level operating margin	餐廳層面經營溢利率	8.7%	10.1%

Notes:

- (1) Income from operation is calculated by profit for the year excluding interest income (included within other income), finance costs, unrealized foreign exchange differences arising from remeasurement of balances which are not denominated in functional currency, net gain arising on financial assets at FVTPL and income tax expense.
 - (2) Other income primarily consists of the subsidies received from the local governments for the Group's business development but does not include non-operating interest income.
 - (3) Non-restaurant level cost and expenses mainly relate to costs associated with Revenue (Others), operational costs and expenses associated with central kitchens, and corporate and unallocated costs.
 - (4) Raw materials and consumables used in non-restaurant level operations mainly relate to cost of food ingredients purchased by central kitchens that are not used for Haidilao restaurants, but which are used for sales of hot pot condiment products and food under Haidilao brand and secondary brands to local guests and retailers.
 - (5) Other losses – net primarily consist of net impairment loss (reversal) recognized in respect of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets, but do not include unrealized foreign exchange differences arising from remeasurement of balances which are not denominated in functional currency and net gain arising on financial assets at FVTPL.
- 附註：
- (1) 經營溢利按年內溢利剔除利息收入（已計入其他收入）、財務成本、因重新計量並非以功能貨幣計值的結餘而產生的未變現外匯差額、按公允值計入損益的金融資產產生的收益淨額及所得稅開支後計算。
 - (2) 其他收入主要包括當地政府為支持本集團業務發展給予我們的相關補貼，但不包括非經營利息收入。
 - (3) 非餐廳層面成本及開支主要涉及與收入（其他）相關的成本、與中央廚房相關的運營成本及開支以及公司及未分配成本。
 - (4) 非餐廳層面經營的原材料及易耗品成本主要涉及中央廚房採購的食材成本，該等食材並非用於海底撈餐廳，而是用於向當地顧客及零售商銷售火鍋調味品及海底撈品牌及子品牌的食品。
 - (5) 其他虧損淨額主要包括就物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產確認的減值虧損（撥回）淨額，但不包括因重新計量並非以功能貨幣計值的結餘而產生的未變現外匯差額及按公允值計入損益的金融資產產生的收益淨額。

Directors And Senior Management

董事及高級管理層

CHAIRPERSON AND NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Ms. SHU Ping, aged 56, was appointed as the chairperson of the Board and the non-executive Director on December 13, 2023. She is mainly responsible for leading the Group in strategy and planning for the development of internationalization and globalization. Ms. SHU holds directorships or assumes directorial responsibilities at four subsidiaries of the Group.

Prior to joining the Group, Ms. SHU had already built a distinguished career in the catering industry. She has been serving as a director of Sichuan Haidilao since November 2014. Beyond this, Ms. SHU has also been an executive director in Yihai, a company currently listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 1579), since March 2018. Since July 2015, Ms. SHU was a director of Haidilao International, a company currently listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 6862), and was subsequently re-designated as a non-executive director from May 2018 to August 2021.

Ms. SHU completed the Senior Management PRC Enterprise Master of Business Administration Program (高級管理人員中國企業工商管理碩士課程) and Financial Master of Business Administration Program (金融工商管理碩士課程) jointly hosted by Cheung Kong Graduate School of Business (長江商學院) and other institutes in November 2015 and completed the Executive Master of Business Administration Program jointly hosted by Shanghai Jiaotong University (上海交通大學) and Singapore Nanyang Technological University in July 2016. In September 2022, Ms. SHU also completed the Ph.D. Program in applied finance, specializing in wealth management in the University of Geneva.

主席兼非執行董事

舒萍女士，56歲，於2023年12月13日獲委任為董事會主席兼非執行董事。主要負責主導本集團國際化及全球化發展的戰略及規劃。舒萍女士在本集團的四家附屬公司擔任董事職務或承擔董事責任。

加入本集團前，舒萍女士於餐飲業已建立卓越的職業生涯。其自2014年11月起擔任四川海底撈的董事。此外，舒萍女士自2018年3月起亦擔任頤海（一家目前於聯交所上市的公司，股份代號：1579）的執行董事。從2015年7月起，舒萍女士曾擔任海底撈國際（一家目前於聯交所上市的公司，股份代號：6862）的董事，其後於2018年5月至2021年8月調任非執行董事。

舒萍女士於2015年11月完成長江商學院及其他學院共同舉辦的高級管理人員中國企業工商管理碩士課程及金融工商管理碩士課程，並於2016年7月完成上海交通大學與新加坡南洋理工大學共同舉辦的高級管理人員工商管理碩士課程。於2022年9月，舒萍女士亦已完成日內瓦大學應用金融專業博士學位課程，專門研究財富管理。

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Ms. June YANG Lijuan, aged 47, was appointed as an executive Director and chief executive officer of the Company on July 1, 2024. She is responsible for coordinating the management and strategic development of the Group.

Ms. YANG has over 28 years of experience in restaurant operation and overall management of Haidilao. She demonstrates a commitment to excellence in the catering industry. From June 1997 to March 2001, Ms. YANG served as a manager at Sichuan Haidilao. In April 2001, she was appointed as a director of Sichuan Haidilao and re-designated as a non-executive director of Sichuan Haidilao in January 2018. Ms. YANG's career and leadership further expanded through her roles at Haidilao International, a company currently listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 6862), including (i) as a director from July 2015 to January 2018; (ii) as the chief operating officer from January 2018 to March 2022; (iii) as the deputy chief executive officer from August 2021 to March 2022; (iv) as an executive director from August 2021 to June 2024; and (v) as the chief executive officer from March 2022 to June 2024. Throughout her tenure at Haidilao International, Ms. YANG has been instrumental in overseeing management and strategic development, consistently driving it towards greater success.

Ms. YANG completed the PRC Entities CEO and Finance CEO Program (中國企業 CEO/金融 CEO 課程) hosted by the Cheung Kong Graduate School of Business (長江商學院) in September 2016.

Mr. LI Yu, aged 40, was appointed as an executive Director on March 30, 2023. He is responsible for implementing and promoting the Group's development strategies as well as the operation and improvement of the Group's restaurant business. Mr. LI was the chief executive officer of the Group from March 30, 2023 to June 30, 2024 and serves as the chief operating officer of the Group since March 17, 2025. He holds directorships at 28 subsidiaries of the Group.

執行董事

楊利娟女士，47歲，於2024年7月1日獲委任為本公司執行董事及首席執行官。主要負責統籌本集團的管理和戰略發展。

楊利娟女士擁有超過28年的海底撈餐廳運營和統籌管理經驗。其在餐飲業展現出追求卓越的決心。自1997年6月至2001年3月，楊利娟女士在四川海底撈擔任經理。於2001年4月，彼獲委任為四川海底撈董事，並於2018年1月調任為四川海底撈的非執行董事。楊利娟女士於海底撈國際（一間目前於聯交所上市的公司，股份代號：6862）的任職進一步拓展了她的職業生涯和領導能力，有關任職包括(i)自2015年7月至2018年1月擔任董事；(ii)自2018年1月至2022年3月擔任首席運營官；(iii)自2021年8月至2022年3月擔任副首席執行官；(iv)自2021年8月至2024年6月擔任執行董事；及(v)自2022年3月至2024年6月擔任首席執行官。於海底撈國際任職期間，楊利娟女士在監督管理及戰略發展方面發揮了重要作用，不斷推動海底撈國際取得更大成功。

楊利娟女士於2016年9月完成長江商學院舉辦的中國企業CEO/金融CEO課程。

李瑜先生，40歲，於2023年3月30日獲委任為執行董事。主要負責本集團發展戰略的落實和推進，以及本集團餐廳業務的運營和提升。李瑜先生於2023年3月30日至2024年6月30日擔任本集團首席執行官，並自2025年3月17日起擔任本集團首席運營官。彼在本集團的28家附屬公司擔任董事職務。

Directors And Senior Management

董事及高級管理層

Mr. LI possesses over 18 years of experience in the catering industry. He joined Haidilao International Group in November 2007. He was responsible for the operation and management of the Haidilao restaurants in Japan, Korea, Thailand and Taiwan from May 2021 to March 2022 and was further appointed as the chief operating officer (Chinese mainland) from March 2022 to October 2022, mainly assisting the chief executive officer of Haidilao International to improve the operational efficiency and to strengthen the supervision and implementation of the management execution. Since October 2022, Mr. LI had been assisting Mr. ZHOU Zhaocheng, a previous executive Director and then chief executive officer of the Company in overseeing the management and operation of the Group's business. Mr. LI also acted as an executive director of Haidilao International from August 2021 to September 2022.

Mr. LI completed the Master of Business Administration Program held by National Chengchi University in Taiwan in October 2017.

Ms. LIU Li, aged 39, was appointed as an executive Director on May 6, 2022. She is mainly responsible for participating in the management and strategic development of the Group. Ms. LIU holds directorships at two subsidiaries of the Group.

Ms. LIU has over 13 years of experience in the catering service sector. Ms. LIU joined the Group at Singapore Hai Di Lao Dining Pte. Ltd. in October 2012, and was successively promoted as (i) a restaurant front office manager in April 2016, (ii) a restaurant manager in September 2017, and (iii) the overseas product director in March 2022. Subsequently, Ms. LIU transitioned to the position of product director of the Group from late March 2022 through August 2023, where she oversaw the products development. She also served as the head of a snack and dessert development project for Haidilao International in Chinese mainland and was responsible for conducting product development from November 2021 to March 2022.

Ms. LIU obtained her bachelor's degree in business administration from West Coast University in the United States in September 2008.

李瑜先生在餐飲行業擁有超過18年經驗。其於2007年11月加入海底撈國際集團。其自2021年5月至2022年3月負責日本、韓國、泰國及台灣的海底撈餐廳的運營及管理，並自2022年3月至2022年10月獲進一步委任為中國大陸地區首席運營官，主要協助海底撈國際首席執行官提高運營效率，加強對管理及執行的監督和實施。自2022年10月以來，李瑜先生一直協助本公司前任執行董事兼時任首席執行官周兆呈先生監督本集團業務的管理及運營。李瑜先生自2021年8月至2022年9月亦擔任海底撈國際的執行董事。

李瑜先生於2017年10月完成台灣政治大學舉辦的工商管理碩士課程。

劉麗女士，39歲，於2022年5月6日獲委任為執行董事。主要負責參與本集團的管理及戰略發展。劉麗女士在本集團的2家附屬公司擔任董事職務。

劉麗女士在餐飲服務領域擁有逾13年的經驗。劉麗女士於2012年10月加入本集團附屬公司Singapore Hai Di Lao Dining Pte. Ltd.，並先後(i)於2016年4月晉升為大堂經理，(ii)於2017年9月晉升為門店經理，及(iii)於2022年3月晉升為海外產品總監。隨後，劉麗女士於2022年3月底至2023年8月調任本集團產品總監，負責統籌產品開發。彼亦曾擔任海底撈國際在中國大陸的小吃及甜點開發項目組長，並於2021年11月至2022年3月負責進行產品開發。

劉麗女士於2008年9月獲得美國西海岸大學工商管理學士學位。

Directors And Senior Management

董事及高級管理層

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. TAN Kang Uei, Anthony, aged 52, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on December 12, 2022. He is responsible for supervising and providing independent judgement to the Board.

Mr. TAN has extensive experience across the public sector and various industries in the private sector with strong professional skills in strategy, budgeting, media, property, government relations and non-profit management. He devoted himself to the Singapore public sector for more than 17 years and worked in various organizations, details of which are set out below:

獨立非執行董事

陳康威先生，52歲，於2022年12月12日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。負責監督董事會並向其提供獨立判斷。

陳康威先生在公共部門及私營部門各行業經驗豐富，在戰略、預算、媒體、物業、政府關係和非營利性管理領域具有很強的專業技能。陳康威先生投身於新加坡公共部門超過17年，曾在多個機構工作，詳情如下：

Name 名稱	Period of service 服務年期	Positions 職位
Ministry of Finance, Singapore 新加坡財政部	From September 1998 to July 2000 自1998年9月至2000年7月	Assistant director (Investment) 助理處長(投資)
	From September 2011 to September 2012 自2011年9月至2012年9月	Director (Transformation) 處長(轉型)
	From October 2012 to November 2012 自2012年10月至2012年11月	Director (Security and Resilience Programmes) 處長(保安及社會韌性計劃)
	From November 2012 to March 2013 自2012年11月至2013年3月	Director (Government Administration and Security Programmes) 處長(政府行政及保安計劃)
Central Singapore Community Development Council, People's Associate 中區社區發展理事會人民協會	From July 2000 to September 2002 自2000年7月至2002年9月	General manager 總經理
Ministry of Home Affairs, Singapore 新加坡內政部	From September 2002 to March 2003 自2002年9月至2003年3月	Senior assistant director (Policy) (Joint Ops Division) 高級助理處長(政策)(聯合運作處)
	From March 2003 to August 2004 自2003年3月至2004年8月	Deputy director (Policy & Operation Division) 副處長(政策及運作處)
Ministry of Manpower, Singapore 新加坡人力部	From July 2005 to August 2005 自2005年7月至2005年8月	Deputy director (Policy), Quality Workplaces Department 優質工作場所部副處長(政策)
	From September 2005 to January 2006 自2005年9月至2006年1月	Deputy director (Strategic Planning), Corporate Planning Department and deputy director, Income Security Policy Department 企業規劃部副處長(策略規劃)及收入保障政策部副處長
	From January 2006 to September 2008 自2006年1月至2008年9月	Director (Corporate Planning) 處長(企業規劃)

Directors And Senior Management

董事及高級管理層

Name 名稱	Period of service 服務年期	Positions 職位
Ministry of Health, Singapore 新加坡衛生部	From September 2008 to May 2011 自2008年9月至2011年5月 From April 2013 to January 2015 自2013年4月至2015年1月	Director (Healthcare Finance) and director (Corporate Services) 處長(醫療財務)及處長(企業行政) Deputy secretary (Policy) 副秘書(政策)
Mr. LEE Kuan Yew's (李光耀) Office 李光耀辦公室	From May 2011 to November 2014 自2011年5月至2014年11月	Principal private secretary/Special assistant 首席私人秘書／特別助理

Mr. TAN also held and has been holding positions in both public and private companies, details of which are set out below:

陳康威先生還曾在公共和私營公司任職，並且有些職位擔任至今，詳情如下：

Name 名稱	Period of service 服務年期	Positions 職位
Singapore Press Holdings Limited (SGX: T39) 新加坡報業控股有限公司 (SGX : T39)	From February 2015 to June 2016 自2015年2月至2016年6月 From December 2015 to June 2016 自2015年12月至2016年6月 From July 2016 to December 2021 自2016年7月至2021年12月	Executive vice-president of Chinese Media Group 華文媒體集團執行副總裁 Concurrently, head of Media Strategy & Analytics Division 同時兼任媒體策略及分析部主管 Deputy chief executive officer 副執行長
MOH Holdings Pte. Ltd. 新加坡衛生部控股公司	From December 2021 to August 2022 自2021年12月至2022年8月 Since September 2022 自2022年9月起	Managing director 董事經理 Chief executive director 行政總裁
Straco Corporation Limited (SGX: S85) 星雅集團 (SGX : S85)	Since May 2024 自2024年5月起	Independent director 獨立董事

On May 2, 2024, he joined Straco Corporation Limited as an independent director. It is a company listed on the main board of the Singapore Stock Exchange.

於2024年5月2日，彼加入星雅集團擔任獨立董事。該公司為一家於新加坡交易所主板上市的公司。

Mr. TAN obtained his bachelor's degree in social science from National University of Singapore in July 1997 and his master's degree in management from Stanford University in the United States in May 2005. He also received the Advanced Management Program certificate from Harvard Business School in the United States in July 2021.

陳康威先生於1997年7月獲得新加坡國立大學社會科學學士學位，並於2005年5月獲得美國斯坦福大學管理學碩士學位。2021年7月，陳康威先生還獲得了美國哈佛商學院高級管理課程證書。

Directors And Senior Management

董事及高級管理層

Mr. TEO Ser Luck, aged 57, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on December 12, 2022. He is responsible for supervising and providing independent judgment to the Board.

Mr. TEO was a member of the Parliament of Singapore from May 2006 to June 2020. From May 2006 to July 2017, Mr. TEO served in the Singapore government cabinet and held various senior positions, including (i) the minister of state for Ministry of Trade and Industry, (ii) the senior parliamentary secretary at the Ministry of Transport and Ministry of Community Development, Youth and Sports, (iii) the minister of state at the Ministry of Manpower, and (iv) the mayor of the North East District of Singapore.

Mr. TEO also held and has been holding directorship at various companies listed on SGX:

張思樂先生，57歲，於2022年12月12日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。主要負責監督董事會並向其提供獨立判斷。

2006年5月至2020年6月，張思樂先生擔任新加坡會議議員。從2006年5月至2017年7月，張思樂先生在新加坡政府內閣任職，並擔任多個高級職務，包括(i)貿易與工業部部長；(ii)交通部，以及社區發展、青年和體育部高級議會秘書；(iii)人力部政務部長；以及(iv)新加坡東北區市長。

張思樂先生還曾在新加坡證券交易所上市的各種公司任職，並且有些職位擔任至今：

Name 名稱	Period of service 服務年期	Positions 職位
United Engineers Limited (SGX: U04) (delisted in February 2020) 聯合工程有限公司 (SGX : U04) (於2020年2月退市)	From September 2017 to February 2020 自2017年9月至2020年2月	Lead independent director 首席獨立董事
MindChamps Preschool Limited (SGX: CNE) 邁傑思幼兒園有限公司 (SGX : CNE)	From December 2020 to September 2022 自2020年12月至2022年9月	Lead independent director 首席獨立董事
Serial System Ltd. (SGX: S69) 新擘科技有限公司 (SGX : S69)	Since August 14, 2025 自2025年8月14日	Independent director 獨立董事
	Since July 2017 自2017年7月起	Independent director 獨立董事
	From October 5, 2021 to January 8, 2024 自2021年10月5日至 2024年1月8日	Independent non-executive acting chairman 獨立非執行代理主席
	Since January 8, 2024 自2024年1月8日起	Independent non-executive deputy chairman 獨立非執行副主席
BRC Asia Limited (SGX: BEC) BRC亞洲有限公司 (SGX : BEC)	Since November 2017 自2017年11月起	Independent non-executive director and chairman 獨立非執行董事及主席
China Aviation Oil (Singapore) Corporation Ltd. (SGX: G92) 中國航油(新加坡)股份有限公司 (SGX : G92)	Since April 2019	Lead independent director
Straco Corporation Limited (SGX: S85) 星雅集團 (SGX : S85)	自2019年4月起	首席獨立董事
	Since July 2019 自2019年7月起	Independent director 獨立董事
Yanlord Land Group Limited (SGX: Z25) 仁恒置地集團有限公司 (SGX : Z25)	Since February 2020 自2020年2月起	Independent non-executive director 獨立非執行董事

Directors And Senior Management

董事及高級管理層

While Mr. TEO is currently holding directorships in five listed companies, the Directors are of the view that Mr. TEO will be able to devote sufficient time to discharge his duties and responsibilities as an independent non-executive Director given that (i) he currently acts as an independent director of the aforesaid listed companies and such roles in these listed companies primarily require him to oversee their management independently, rather than to allocate substantial time to participate in the day-to-day management and operations of their respective businesses; (ii) he has demonstrated that he is capable of devoting sufficient time to discharge his duties owed to each of these listed companies by attending Board meetings and Board Committee meetings of these listed companies and has attended all their board meetings based on the public disclosure of the relevant listed companies; (iii) he has acquired extensive management experience, participated in continuous professional development and trainings and developed substantial knowledge on corporate governance through his directorships in other listed companies, such that he is fully aware of the responsibilities and the expected time involvement to act as an independent non-executive director of a listed company, which is expected to facilitate the proper discharge of his duties and responsibilities as an independent non-executive Director; (iv) he has confirmed that he will have sufficient time to fulfill his duties as an independent non-executive Director notwithstanding his existing independent directorships in other listed companies; and (v) the Company will also make appointments with Mr. TEO in advance to reserve his time for the regular Board meetings, Board committee meetings and other matters to be transacted to ensure that he is able to carry out his duties as an independent non-executive Director despite multiple directorships.

Mr. TEO obtained his bachelor's degree in accountancy from National University of Singapore in June 1992. He was certified as a fellow and advisor by the Institute of Singapore Chartered Accountants (the "ISCA") in May 2009 and has been elected as the president of the ISCA since April 2022.

儘管張思樂先生目前在五家上市公司擔任董事職務，但董事認為，基於以下理由，張思樂先生能夠投入足夠的時間履行其作為獨立非執行董事的職責和責任：(i)其目前擔任上述上市公司的獨立董事，該職務主要要求獨立監督這些上市公司的管理，而非分配大量時間參與各自業務的日常管理和運營；(ii)通過出席這些上市公司的董事會和董事會委員會會議，證明其有能力投入足夠的時間來履行其對每個上市公司所承擔的職責。根據相關上市公司的公開披露，彼已經出席了所有董事會會議；(iii)通過在其他上市公司擔任董事，其獲得了豐富的管理經驗，參加了持續的專業發展和培訓，並積累了大量的公司管治知識，因此其完全了解擔任上市公司獨立非執行董事的責任和履行這些職責預計所需時間，這將有助於其適當履行獨立非執行董事的職責和責任；(iv)彼已確認，儘管目前在其他上市公司擔任獨立董事，但將有足夠的時間履行其作為獨立非執行董事的職責；及(v)本公司亦將會提前與張思樂先生預約，使其可預留時間參與定期董事會會議、董事會委員會會議及處理其他事項，以確保彼能夠在擔任多個董事職位的情況下仍能履行獨立非執行董事的職責。

張思樂先生於1992年6月獲得新加坡國立大學會計學學士學位。於2009年5月獲得新加坡特許會計師協會(「ISCA」)研究員和顧問認證，於2022年4月起當選為ISCA主席。

Directors And Senior Management

董事及高級管理層

Mr. LIEN Jown Jing Vincent, aged 65, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on December 12, 2022. He is responsible for supervising and providing independent judgment to the Board.

連宗正先生，65歲，於2022年12月12日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。負責監督董事會並向其提供獨立判斷。

Mr. LIEN has over 21 years of experience in the banking industry, specializing in corporate finance and capital management in Hong Kong, the PRC, Singapore and Southeast Asia. He is currently holding directorship at various companies, including:

連宗正先生具有超過21年銀行業經驗，在香港、中國、新加坡和東南亞專門從事企業融資和資本管理。連宗正先生現時於多家公司擔任董事，包括：

Name 名稱	Period of service 服務年期	Positions 職位
Fullerton Fund Management Company Ltd.	Since March 2020	Director
Fullerton Fund Management Company Ltd.	自2020年3月起	董事
Income Insurance Pte. Ltd	Since October 2019	Director
Income Insurance Pte. Ltd	自2019年10月起	董事
Lien Properties Private Limited	Since March 2017	Managing director
Lien Properties Private Limited	自2017年3月起	董事總經理
Lien Ying Chow Private Limited	Since April 2012	Director
Lien Ying Chow Private Limited	自2012年4月起	董事
Wah Hin & Company Private Limited	Since October 2001	Director
Wah Hin & Company Private Limited	自2001年10月起	董事

From February 2012 to February 2024, Mr. LIEN served as an independent director at the Maritime and Port Authority of Singapore. From March 2021 to October 2025, Mr. LIEN also served as a director at Seviora Holdings Private Limited.

自2012年2月至2024年2月，連宗正先生擔任新加坡海事及港務管理局的獨立董事。自2021年3月至2025年10月，連宗正先生亦擔任Seviora Holdings Private Limited的董事。

Mr. LIEN obtained his bachelor's degree in business administration from the University of New Brunswick in Canada in 1986 and awarded an honorary doctoral degree in business administration from HyupSung University in South Korea in February 2018. Mr. LIEN is also a council member at the Lien Ying Chow Legacy Fellowship since August 2017.

連宗正先生於1986年獲得加拿大新不倫瑞克大學工商管理學學士學位，於2018年2月獲得韓國協成大學工商管理學榮譽博士學位。連宗正先生亦自2017年8月起擔任連瀛洲紀念獎學金理事會理事。

Directors And Senior Management

董事及高級管理層

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Ms. June YANG Lijuan, aged 47, was appointed as the chief executive officer of the Group on July 1, 2024. For further details, see “– Executive Directors” in this section.

Mr. LI Yu, aged 40, was appointed as the chief operating officer on March 17, 2025. For further details, see “– Executive Directors” in this section.

Ms. QU Cong, aged 43, was appointed as the chief financial officer of the Group on August 29, 2023 and as a joint company secretary on December 30, 2022. She is responsible for overseeing financial and investment management of the Group, as well as corporate governance matters.

Ms. QU joined Haidilao International as the secretary of the board of directors in March 2018, while serving as a joint company secretary from May 2018 to May 2019. Since then, she successively served as a restaurant manager in October 2019, a coach in March 2020 and a regional manager in June 2021. Prior to the above positions, Ms. QU worked for the investment banking department of China International Capital Corporation Limited for nearly 10 years from July 2008 to February 2018, and held different positions including the executive director. She advised for dozens of companies of various sizes on their capital market and business transactions, including initial public offerings on the Stock Exchange, Shenzhen Stock Exchange and Shanghai Stock Exchange, placing, private equity financings and mergers and acquisitions. She has extensive experience with international capital market, corporate governance, communication with regulatory authorities and investor relationship.

Ms. QU obtained her bachelor’s degree in mathematics and applied mathematics and master’s degree in probability and statistics from Peking University in China in July 2005 and July 2008, respectively.

高級管理層

楊利娟女士，47歲，於2024年7月1日獲委任為本集團首席執行官。更多詳情，請參閱本節「– 執行董事」。

李瑜先生，40歲，於2025年3月17日獲委任為本集團首席運營官。更多詳情，請參閱本節「– 執行董事」。

瞿聰女士，43歲，於2023年8月29日獲委任為本集團首席財務官，並於2022年12月30日獲委任為聯席公司秘書。負責監督本集團財務及投資管理以及企業管治事宜。

瞿聰女士於2018年3月加入海底撈國際擔任董事會秘書，並於2018年5月至2019年5月擔任海底撈國際聯席公司秘書。此後，瞿聰女士先後於2019年10月擔任門店經理，於2020年3月擔任統籌教練及於2021年6月擔任區域經理。在擔任上述職位前，瞿聰女士自2008年7月至2018年2月在中國國際金融股份有限公司投資銀行部工作近10年，並擔任包括執行董事在內多個職位。彼為數十家不同規模的公司就其資本市場及業務交易提供諮詢服務，包括在聯交所、深圳證券交易所及上海證券交易所的首次公開發售、配售、私募股權融資及併購。彼在國際資本市場、企業管治、與監管機關溝通及投資者關係方面擁有豐富經驗。

瞿聰女士分別於2005年7月及2008年7月自中國北京大學取得數學與應用數學的學士學位，以及概率與統計學的碩士學位。

Directors And Senior Management

董事及高級管理層

Mr. ZHOU Shaohua, aged 39, was appointed as the vice president and senior regional manager of the Group on March 25, 2022. He is responsible for overseeing the brand management and participating in the management and strategic development of the Group.

Mr. ZHOU has over 15 years of experience in the catering service sector. Mr. ZHOU joined Haidilao International Group in October 2010 and was relocated to Singapore as a project manager in January 2013 to assist with the local business development after Haidilao International Group decided to expand the overseas business and start its first overseas restaurant business in Singapore. He was successively promoted as (i) a restaurant duty manager in July 2014, (ii) a branch manager in April 2016, and (iii) a senior regional manager in March 2022.

Mr. ZHOU obtained his college degree in tourism management from Dalian Polytechnic University (大連工業大學) in China in July 2010.

JOINT COMPANY SECRETARIES

Ms. QU Cong, was appointed as one of the joint company secretaries on December 30, 2022. For further details, see “—Senior Management” in this section.

Ms. OH Sim Yee, was appointed as one of the joint company secretaries on March 31, 2026. Ms. Oh is an assistant manager of SWCS Corporate Services Group (Hong Kong) Limited and has over 12 years of experience in the corporate secretarial field. She has been an associate member of both The Hong Kong Chartered Governance Institute and The Chartered Governance Institute in the United Kingdom since 2017. In addition, she holds a Bachelor of Business Degree in Accounting from the Victoria University, Australia.

周紹華先生，39歲，於2022年3月25日獲委任為本集團副總裁兼大區經理。負責統籌品牌管理，參與本集團的管理及戰略發展。

周紹華先生具有超過15年餐飲服務領域經驗。周紹華先生於2010年10月加入海底撈國際集團，於2013年1月海底撈國際集團決定擴大海外業務並在新加坡創立其首家海外餐廳時，調往新加坡擔任項目經理協助當地的業務開拓。彼先後於(i) 2014年7月晉升為餐廳值班經理，(ii) 2016年4月晉升為門店經理，及(iii) 2022年3月晉升為大區經理。

周紹華先生於2010年7月從中國大連工業大學旅遊管理專業畢業。

聯席公司秘書

瞿聰女士於2022年12月30日獲委任為本公司聯席公司秘書。更多詳情，請參閱本節「—高級管理層」。

胡倩鈿女士於2026年3月31日獲委任為本公司聯席公司秘書。胡倩鈿女士為方圓企業服務集團(香港)有限公司之助理經理，於企業秘書服務範疇擁有逾12年經驗。彼自2017年起為香港公司治理公會及英國特許公司治理公會的會員。此外，彼持有澳洲維多利亞大學商學士(會計)學位。

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

The Board is pleased to present this corporate governance report for the year ended December 31, 2025.

CORPORATE CULTURE

We are a leading Chinese cuisine restaurant brand, operating Haidilao hot pot restaurant in the international market. Our mission is to build the leading global Chinese restaurant brand and to propagate Chinese culinary heritage. We uphold Haidilao's core values to satisfy two critical groups of people – “changing your future with your own hands” to motivate our employees, and aim to continuously improve “customer satisfaction” by delivering an exceptional and fun dining experience to our customers.

Our proven management philosophy, “aligned interests and disciplined management”, assists with our expansion across the globe. “Aligned interests” involves motivating our entire workforce through a compensation structure of “low bases with high bonuses”, alongside effective measures like the “mentor-mentee system”, thereby boosting governance efficiency. “Disciplined management” is ensured by a regular system of restaurant rating and a dynamically adaptable management structure, which helps our management team uphold corporate values and maintain high ethical standards at every level.

Our management emphasizes nurturing talent internally and supports upward mobility within our Group. We offer extensive opportunities for career advancement and ensure equitable pathways for promotion for all staff, integrating the core values of “people-centered and kindness” throughout all phases of our employees' careers at our Group.

Our Board and management team are dedicated to ensuring that all staff consistently embody our corporate values, with a commitment to integrity in our operations and a quest for excellence. We are convinced that strong governance is foundational, playing a vital role in building loyalty among employees and customers towards our restaurants and the Haidilao brand, which is essential for our continued success.

董事會欣然提呈截至2025年12月31日止年度的本企業管治報告。

企業文化

我們是國際領先的連鎖中式餐飲公司，主要在國際市場經營以「海底撈」品牌為主的火鍋餐廳。我們的使命是成為一個全球性連鎖餐飲集團，並在全球傳播中式飲食文化。我們秉持海底撈的核心價值以滿足兩個關鍵群體—「用雙手改變命運」以激勵僱員，及以不斷提高「顧客滿意度」為目標向顧客提供獨特且愉快的用餐體驗。

我們成熟的管理理念「連住利益，鎖住管理」支撐我們實現可持續的全球拓張。我們通過「連住利益」，以「低底薪+高分紅」的薪酬架構、「師徒制」等行之有效的措施激勵全體員工，提高企業管治效率。「鎖住管理」則通過定期的餐廳評級監察體系及動態調整的管理架構保證管理團隊堅守企業價值，以高道德標準行使各層級職責。

我們的管理團隊強調內部培養，鼓勵內部晉升。我們為所有員工提供充分的晉升空間及公平的上升通道，致力於將「以人為本、與人為善」的核心價值融入特海國際員工職業生涯的各個節點。

董事會及管理團隊確保我們的各層級員工全力貫徹企業價值，其承諾以誠信運營我們的業務、追求卓越品質。特海堅信，強而有力的管治能為我們奠定基石，其在創造員工、顧客對餐廳和海底撈品牌的忠誠度中發揮至關重要的作用，亦是我們持續成功的不可或缺條件。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES OF THE COMPANY

The Group is committed to achieving high standards of corporate governance to safeguard the interests of the Shareholders and to enhance corporate value and accountability.

The Corporate Governance Code sets out the principles of good corporate governance and two levels of corporate governance practices, as follows:

- (a) code provisions, which listed issuers are expected to comply with or to give considered reasons for deviation; and
- (b) recommended best practices for guidance only, which listed issuers are encouraged to comply with.

The Company's corporate governance practices are based on the principles and code provisions as set out in the Corporate Governance Code. The Company regularly reviews its compliance with the Corporate Governance Code and to the best knowledge of the Directors, the Company has complied with all the applicable principles and code provisions as set out in the Corporate Governance Code in Appendix C1 to the Hong Kong Listing Rules during the year ended December 31, 2025.

A. THE BOARD

1. Responsibilities

The Board is responsible for the overall leadership and control of the Group, oversees the Group's strategic decisions and monitors business and performance. To oversee specific aspects of the Company's affairs, the Board has established three Board Committees including the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee. The Board has delegated to the Board Committees responsibilities as set out in their respective terms of reference.

All Directors shall ensure that they carry out their duties in good faith and in compliance with the standards of applicable laws and regulations, and act in the best interests of the Company and its Shareholders at all times.

本公司的企業管治常規

本集團致力達致高水準的企業管治，務求保障股東權益及提高企業價值及問責性。

《企業管治守則》訂明的良好企業管治原則及兩個層面的企業管治常規如下：

- (a) 守則條文，期望上市發行人遵守或就偏離行為提供審慎考慮的理由；及
- (b) 建議最佳常規，僅屬指引，鼓勵上市發行人遵守。

本公司的企業管治常規乃以《企業管治守則》所載原則及守則條文為依據。本公司定期檢討其遵守《企業管治守則》的情況，據董事所深知，截至2025年12月31日止年度，本公司一直遵守香港上市規則附錄C1所載《企業管治守則》之所有適用原則及守則條文。

A. 董事會

1. 責任

董事會負責本集團的整體領導和控制、監督本集團的策略決策以及監察業務及表現。為監督本公司事務的特定方面，董事會已成立三個董事委員會，包括審計委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會。董事會已授權董事委員會履行其各自職權範圍載列的職責。

全體董事須確保彼等真誠依據適用法律法規的標準履行職責，並時刻為本公司及其股東的最佳利益行事。

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2. Delegation of Management Function

The Board is responsible for all decision-making in respect of all major matters of the Company, including the approval and monitoring of all policies matters, overall strategies and budgets, internal control and risk management systems, material transactions (in particular those may involve conflict of interests), financial information, appointment of the Directors, and other significant financial and operational matters.

All of the Directors have full and timely access to all relevant information as well as the advice and services of the joint company secretaries, with a view to ensuring that Board procedures and all applicable rules and regulations are followed. Each Director is entitled to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances at the Company's expense.

The day-to-day management, administration and operation of the Group are delegated to the senior management. The delegated functions are periodically reviewed. Approval has to be obtained from the Board before any significant transaction is entered into.

3. Board Composition

As at the date of this annual report, the Board has seven Directors including three executive Directors, one non-executive Director and three independent non-executive Directors. Members of the Board during the year ended December 31, 2025 and up to the date of this annual report are listed below:

Non-executive Director

Ms. SHU Ping (*Chairperson*)

Executive Directors

Ms. June YANG Lijuan

Mr. LI Yu

Ms. LIU Li

Independent non-executive Directors

Mr. TAN Kang Uei, Anthony

Mr. TEO Ser Luck

Mr. LIEN Jown Jing Vincent

2. 管理層職能授權

董事會負責就本公司所有重大事項作出所有決策，包括批准及監督所有政策事項、整體策略及預算、內部控制和風險管理體系、重大交易（尤其是可能涉及利益衝突的交易）、財務資料、委任董事及其他重要財務及營運事項。

全體董事均可全面及適時地獲取所有相關資料以及獲得聯席公司秘書的意見與服務，以確保遵從董事會程序以及所有適用規則及規例。各董事有權於適當情況下尋求獨立專業意見，有關開支由本公司承擔。

本集團的日常管理、行政及營運均已委派予高級管理層。其獲授權的職能會定期予以檢討。訂立任何重大交易前必須取得董事會批准。

3. 董事會組成

於本年報日期，董事會有七名董事，包括三名執行董事、一名非執行董事及三名獨立非執行董事。截至2025年12月31日止年度及直至本年報日期，董事會成員載列如下：

非執行董事

舒萍女士 (*主席*)

執行董事

楊利娟女士

李瑜先生

劉麗女士

獨立非執行董事

陳康威先生

張思樂先生

連宗正先生

All Directors, including non-executive Director and independent non-executive Directors, have brought a wide spectrum of valuable business experience, knowledge and professionalism to the Board for its efficiency and effective functioning. All Directors have carried out duties in good faith and in compliance with applicable laws and regulations; and have acted in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders at all times.

Biography of each Director is set out in the section headed “Directors and Senior Management” of this annual report. Save as disclosed therein, there is no financial, business, family or other material or relevant relationships among members of the Board and senior management.

During the year ended December 31, 2025, the Board has at all times met the requirements of Rules 3.10(1), 3.10(2) and 3.10A of the Hong Kong Listing Rules relating to the appointment of at least three independent non-executive Directors with at least one independent non-executive Director possessing appropriate professional qualifications, or accounting or related financial management expertise, and independent non-executive Directors representing at least one-third of the Board.

Each of the independent non-executive Directors has confirmed his independence pursuant to the factors set out in Rule 3.13 of the Hong Kong Listing Rules and the Company considers each of them to be independent.

4. Appointment, Re-election and Removal of Directors

The procedures and process of appointment, re-election and removal of the Directors are laid down in the Articles of Association. The primary duties of the Nomination Committee include, but are not limited to, reviewing the structure, size and composition of the Board, assessing the independence of the independent non-executive Directors and making recommendations to the Board on matters relating to the appointment of the Directors.

全體董事（包括非執行董事及獨立非執行董事）均為董事會帶來多個領域之寶貴業務經驗、知識及專長，使其高效及有效地運作。全體董事一直以來均盡心履行其職責並遵守適用法律及法規，且一直為本公司及股東的利益行事。

各董事的履歷載於本年報「董事及高級管理層」一節。除該節所披露者外，董事會及高級管理層成員之間概無財務、業務、家庭或其他重大或相關關係。

於截至2025年12月31日止年度，董事會一直遵守香港上市規則第3.10(1)、3.10(2)及3.10A條中有關委任至少三名獨立非執行董事、至少一名獨立非執行董事擁有適當專業資格或會計或相關財務管理專長，且獨立非執行董事佔董事會成員人數至少三分之一的規定。

各獨立非執行董事已根據香港上市規則第3.13條所載因素確認其獨立性，且本公司認為彼等均屬獨立。

4. 董事的委任、重選及罷免

董事的委任、重選及罷免程序及過程已載於組織章程細則。提名委員會的主要職責包括但不限於審閱董事會架構、規模及組成、評估獨立非執行董事的獨立性及就委任董事的相關事宜向董事會作出建議。

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The executive Directors have each entered into a service contract with the Company pursuant to which each of them agrees to act as an executive Director, subject to re-election as and when required under the Articles of Association, until terminated in accordance with the terms and conditions of the service contract or by either party giving to the other not less than one month's prior notice in writing.

Each of our non-executive Director and independent non-executive Directors has entered into an appointment letter with our Company. The initial term for their appointment letters shall be three years and is subject to re-election as and when required under the Articles of Association, until terminated in accordance with the terms and conditions of the appointment letter or by either party giving to the other not less than three months' prior notice in writing.

In accordance with the Articles of Association, all the Directors are subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years and the Board has power from time to time and at any time to appoint any new Director to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the Board. Any Director so appointed shall hold office until the next following annual general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible for re-election at that meeting.

5. Nomination Policy

The Nomination Policy was approved and adopted by the Board on December 12, 2022 for evaluating and selecting any candidate for directorship. The Nomination Committee would consider the following criteria, including, among other things, character and integrity, qualifications (cultural and educational background, professional qualifications, skills, knowledge and experience and diversity aspects under the Board Diversity Policy), any potential contributions the candidate can bring to the Board in terms of qualifications, skills, experience, independence and diversity, and willingness and ability to devote adequate time to discharge duties as a member of the Board and/or Board committee(s).

各執行董事已與本公司訂立服務合約，據此，彼等各自同意擔任執行董事，惟須按組織章程細則的規定膺選連任，直至根據服務合約的條款及條件或由任何一方提前不少於一個月向另一方發出書面通知予以終止為止。

各非執行董事及獨立非執行董事已與本公司訂立委任書。彼等委任書的初始期限為三年，惟須按組織章程細則的規定膺選連任，直至根據委任書的條款及條件或由任何一方提前不少於三個月向另一方發出書面通知予以終止為止。

根據組織章程細則，全體董事須至少每三年輪席退任一次，而董事會有權不時及隨時委任任何新董事以填補臨時空缺或加入董事會。任何按上述方式獲委任的董事任期僅至本公司下屆股東週年大會，惟屆時可於大會上膺選連任。

5. 提名政策

董事會於2022年12月12日批准並採納提名政策，旨在評估及甄選董事候選人。提名委員會將會考慮以下標準（其中包括）：品格誠信、資格（文化及教育背景、專業資格、技能、知識及經驗以及董事會成員多元化政策下的多元化方面）、候選人在資格、技能、經驗、獨立性及多元化方面可為董事會帶來的任何潛在貢獻以及貢獻足夠時間以履行作為董事會及／或董事委員會成員的職責的意願和能力。

The Nomination Committee and/or the Board should, upon receipt of the proposal on appointment of new director and the biographical information (or relevant details) of the candidate, evaluate such candidate based on the criteria as set out above to determine whether such candidate is qualified for directorship. The Nomination Committee should then recommend to the Board to appoint the appropriate candidate for directorship with a ranking of the candidates (if applicable) by order of preference based on the needs of the Company and reference check of each candidate.

6. Induction and Continuous Professional Development of Directors

Directors shall keep abreast of regulatory developments and changes in order to effectively perform their responsibilities and to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant.

Each newly appointed Director would also be provided with necessary induction and information to ensure that he or she has a proper understanding of the Company's operations and businesses as well as his or her responsibilities under relevant statutes, laws, rules and regulations.

During the Reporting Period, all the Directors have been updated with the latest developments regarding the Hong Kong Listing Rules and other applicable regulatory requirements to ensure compliance and enhance their awareness of good corporate governance practices. In addition, continuing briefing and professional development to Directors will be arranged whenever necessary.

提名委員會及／或董事會在收到委任新董事的建議及候選人的履歷資料(或相關詳情)後，根據上述標準評估該候選人，以釐定該候選人是否符合董事資格。提名委員會隨後將向董事會提出推薦意見以委任董事的適當候選人，並提供基於本公司需求及每名候選人背景調查按偏好順序排列的候選人排名(如適用)。

6. 董事的就任導引及持續專業發展

董事應緊貼監管發展及變化，以有效履行其職責，並確保其在具備全面資訊及切合所需的情況下對董事會作出貢獻。

各新獲委任董事亦將獲得必要的就任導引及資料，以確保其對本公司營運及業務以及其於相關法令、法律、規則及法規下的職責有適當了解。

於報告期內，所有董事均已了解有關香港上市規則及其他適用監管規定的最新進展，以確保合規並增強其良好企業管治常規意識。此外，本公司將在必要時為董事安排持續簡報及專業發展。

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The following table lists the training record for each Director during the Reporting Period:

下表載列於報告期內各董事的培訓記錄：

Name of Directors	董事姓名	Attending training sessions on Directors' responsibilities and other related issues	Reading relevant materials on Directors' continuous responsibilities, corporate governance and other related issues
		參加有關董事職責及其他相關事項的培訓會議	閱讀有關董事持續職責、企業管治及其他相關事項的相關材料
Non-executive Director	非執行董事		
Ms. SHU Ping	舒萍女士	✓	✓
Executive Directors	執行董事		
Ms. June YANG Lijuan	楊利娟女士	✓	✓
Mr. LI Yu	李瑜先生	✓	✓
Ms. LIU Li	劉麗女士	✓	✓
Independent non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事		
Mr. TAN Kang Uei, Anthony	陳康威先生	✓	✓
Mr. TEO Ser Luck	張思樂先生	✓	✓
Mr. LIEN Jown Jing Vincent	連宗正先生	✓	✓

7. Board Meetings

The Board should meet regularly and Board meetings should be held at least four times a year. Notice of regular Board meetings is served to all Directors at least 14 days before the meeting. For other Board meetings, reasonable notice is generally given.

7. 董事會會議

董事會應定期召開會議，董事會會議每年至少應舉行四次。定期董事會會議通知須於召開會議前至少14日送達所有董事。就其他董事會會議而言，通常將給予合理通知。

Agenda and accompanying Board papers in respect of regular Board meetings are sent out in full to all Directors within reasonable time before the meeting to keep Directors apprised of the latest developments and financial position of the Company and to enable them to make informed decisions. All Directors are given opportunities to include matters in the agenda for Board and committee meetings. The Board and each Director also have separate and independent access to the senior management where necessary.

After the meeting, draft minutes are circulated to all Directors for comments. Minutes of Board meetings and committees' meeting are kept by the company secretary and are available for inspection by the Directors at all times.

Attendance records of Directors

During the Reporting Period, four Board meetings and one general meeting were held. The attendance record of each Director is set out in the table below:

Name of Directors	董事姓名	Attendance/ Number of Board Meetings 出席／董事會 會議次數	Attendance/ Number of General Meetings 出席／股東 大會次數
Non-executive Director			
Ms. SHU Ping	舒萍女士	4/4	1/1
Executive Directors			
Ms. June YANG Lijuan	楊利娟女士	4/4	1/1
Mr. LI Yu	李瑜先生	4/4	1/1
Ms. LIU Li	劉麗女士	4/4	1/1
Independent non-executive Directors			
Mr. TAN Kang Uei, Anthony	陳康威先生	4/4	1/1
Mr. TEO Ser Luck	張思樂先生	4/4	1/1
Mr. LIEN Jown Jing Vincent	連宗正先生	4/4	1/1

The chairperson of the Board also held one meeting with the independent non-executive Directors without the presence of other Directors during the Reporting Period.

完整的常規董事會會議議程連同董事會文件均於會議前的合理時間內送達全體董事，以便董事了解本公司最新發展及財務狀況及使彼等作出知情決定。所有董事均有機會提出商討事項列入董事會及委員會會議議程。如有必要，董事會及各董事亦可個別及單獨與高級管理層會面。

於會議後，全體董事均獲傳閱會議記錄草稿以表達意見。董事會會議及委員會會議的會議記錄由公司秘書保存，並供董事隨時查閱。

董事出席記錄

於報告期內，舉行了四次董事會會議及一次股東大會。下表載列各董事出席記錄：

於報告期內，董事會主席亦與獨立非執行董事舉行一次會議，會議中並無其他董事出席。

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8. Corporate Governance Functions

The Board recognized that corporate governance should be the collective responsibility of the Directors, and the Board has performed the following duties during the year ended December 31, 2025:

- 1) review and monitor the Company's policies and practices in complying with legal and regulatory requirements;
- 2) review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of the Directors and senior management;
- 3) develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual applicable to employees and the Directors;
- 4) develop and review the Company's corporate governance policies and practices and make recommendations and report on related issues to the Board; and
- 5) review the Company's compliance with the Corporate Governance Code and disclosures in the Corporate Governance Report.

B. CHAIRPERSON AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Pursuant to code provision C.2.1 of the Corporate Governance Code, the roles of chairperson and chief executive officer are held separately by two individuals to ensure their respective independence, accountability and responsibility. Ms. SHU Ping is the chairperson of the Board and Ms. June YANG Lijuan is the chief executive officer of the Company. Ms. SHU Ping is in charge of the management of the Board and responsible for providing strategic advice to the Group. Ms. June YANG Lijuan is primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Group's operations and the formulation and implementation of the Group's business strategies. The Company considered that the division of responsibilities between the chairperson and chief executive officer is clearly established.

8. 企業管治職能

董事會認為，企業管治應屬董事的共同責任，截至2025年12月31日止年度，董事會已履行以下職責：

- 1) 審閱及監察本公司在遵守法律及監管規定方面之政策及常規；
- 2) 審閱及監察董事及高級管理層之培訓及持續專業發展；
- 3) 制定、審閱及監察適用於僱員及董事之行為守則及合規手冊；
- 4) 制定及審閱本公司之企業管治政策及常規，並向董事會建議及匯報相關事宜；及
- 5) 審閱本公司對《企業管治守則》之遵守情況及在企業管治報告之披露。

B. 主席及首席執行官

根據《企業管治守則》守則條文C.2.1，主席與首席執行官的角色分別由兩名人士擔任，以確保其各自獨立性、問責及職責。舒萍女士為董事會主席，楊利娟女士為本公司的首席執行官。舒萍女士負責管理董事會並為本集團提供戰略建議。楊利娟女士主要負責本集團的日常經營管理和本集團業務戰略的制定與實施。本公司認為，主席及首席執行官的職責已明確區分。

C. BOARD COMMITTEES

To facilitate the work of the Board, the Board has established three committees, namely, the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee, to oversee specific aspects of the Group's affairs. Each Board committee has its own terms of reference relating to its authority and duties, which have been approved by the Board and are reviewed periodically. The terms of reference of each committee are available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

All Board committees have also been provided with sufficient resources to discharge their duties and, upon reasonable request, are able to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances, at the Company's expense.

1. Audit Committee

The Company established an Audit Committee with written terms of reference in compliance with the Corporate Governance Code. The primary duties of the Audit Committee mainly include making recommendations to the Board on the appointment and removal of external auditors; reviewing and supervising the financial statements and material advice in respect of financial reporting; overseeing internal control procedures; supervising internal control and risk management systems of the Group; monitoring continuing connected transactions (if any); and reviewing arrangements to enable employees of the Company to raise concerns about possible improprieties in financial reporting, internal control or other matters of the Company.

The Audit Committee currently consists of three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. TEO Ser Luck, Mr. TAN Kang Uei, Anthony and Mr. LIEN Jown Jing Vincent. Mr. TEO Ser Luck, who possesses the appropriate professional qualifications as required under Rules 3.10(2) and 3.21 of the Hong Kong Listing Rules, is the chairperson of the Audit Committee.

C. 董事委員會

為使董事會工作更為順利，董事會下設三個委員會，即審計委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會，以監察本集團事務的特定方面。各董事委員會均訂有有關其職權及職責的職權範圍，該等職權範圍已經董事會批准並定期審閱。各委員會的職權範圍於本公司及聯交所網站上可供查閱。

所有董事委員會亦已獲提供充足資源履行彼等職責，並可於提出合理要求時在適當情況下尋求獨立專業意見，有關開支由本公司承擔。

1. 審計委員會

本公司已按照《企業管治守則》設立具書面職權範圍的審計委員會。審計委員會的主要職責主要包括就外部核數師的委任及罷免向董事會提出推薦建議；審閱及監督財務報表及財務報告的相關重要意見；監督內部控制程序；監管本集團的內部控制及風險管理系統；監察持續關連交易（如有）；及審查安排讓本公司僱員能夠就本公司的財務報告、內部控制或其他事宜可能發生的不正當行為提出關注。

審計委員會目前由三名獨立非執行董事組成，即張思樂先生、陳康威先生及連宗正先生。張思樂先生持有香港上市規則第3.10(2)及3.21條項下規定的適當專業資格，為審計委員會的主席。

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The Audit Committee held four meetings to review, in respect of the year ended December 31, 2025, the quarterly, the interim and annual financial results and reports and significant issues on the financial reporting, operational and compliance controls, the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems, appointment of external auditors and engagement of non-audit services and relevant scope of works and arrangements for employees to raise concerns about possible improprieties.

The Audit Committee met the external auditors four times in 2025 without the presence of executive Directors.

The attendance records of the Audit Committee meetings are set out below:

截至2025年12月31日止年度，審計委員會已舉行四次會議，以審閱季度、中期及年度財務業績及報告以及財務報告、運營及合規控制的重大事宜、風險管理及內部控制系統的成效、委任外部核數師以及委託非審計服務與相關工作範圍，及安排僱員就可能發生的不正當行為提出關注。

於2025年，審計委員會已與外部核數師在無執行董事出席的情況下舉行了四次會議。

審計委員會會議的出席記錄載列如下：

Name of Members of the Audit Committee	審計委員會成員姓名	Attendance/ Number of Meetings 出席/ 會議次數
Mr. TEO Ser Luck	張思樂先生	4/4
Mr. TAN Kang Uei, Anthony	陳康威先生	4/4
Mr. LIEN Jown Jing Vincent	連宗正先生	4/4

2. Nomination Committee

The Company established the Nomination Committee with written terms of reference in compliance with code provision B.3.1 of the Corporate Governance Code.

The primary duties of the Nomination Committee mainly include reviewing the structure, size and composition of the Board annually; assisting the Board in maintaining a board skills matrix; developing and formulating relevant procedures for the nomination and appointment of Directors assessing the independence of the independent non-executive Directors; making recommendations to the Board on the appointment and succession planning of Directors; reviewing the Board diversity policy (the “**Board Diversity Policy**”) and Director nomination policy (the “**Nomination Policy**”); identifying individuals suitably qualified to become Board members and making recommendations to the Board to fill vacancies; and supporting the Company’s regular evaluation of the Board’s performance.

2. 提名委員會

本公司已按照《企業管治守則》守則條文第B.3.1條設立具書面職權範圍的提名委員會。

提名委員會的主要職責主要包括每年審閱董事會架構、規模及組成；協助董事會維持董事會技能矩陣；制定提名及委任董事的相關程序，評估獨立非執行董事的獨立性；就董事委任及繼任計劃向董事會提出推薦建議；審閱董事會成員多元化政策（「**董事會成員多元化政策**」）及董事提名政策（「**提名政策**」）；物色合資格成為董事會成員的適當人選，並向董事會提出填補空缺的建議；及支持本公司定期評估董事會表現。

The Nomination Committee currently consists of one non-executive Director, namely Ms. SHU Ping and three independent non-executive Directors, namely, Mr. TAN Kang Uei, Anthony, Mr. TEO Ser Luck and Mr. LIEN Jown Jing Vincent. Ms. SHU Ping is the chairperson of the Nomination Committee.

In assessing the Board composition, the Nomination Committee would take into account various aspects as well as factors concerning Board diversity as set out in the Company's Board Diversity Policy. The Nomination Committee would discuss and agree on measurable objectives for achieving diversity on the Board, where necessary, and recommend them to the Board for adoption.

In identifying and selecting suitable candidates for directorships, the Nomination Committee would consider the candidate against relevant criteria as set out in the Nomination Policy, which are necessary to complement the corporate strategy and achieve Board diversity, where appropriate, before making recommendation to the Board.

During the year ended December 31, 2025, the Nomination Committee held one meeting to review the structure, size and composition of the Board and the independence of the independent non-executive Directors, and to consider the qualifications of the retiring Directors standing for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company, to review the Board Diversity Policy and Director Nomination Policy. The Nomination Committee considered that an appropriate balance of diversity perspectives of the Board is maintained. Following its assessment, the Nomination Committee believed that the Board composition maintained an optimal composition during the Reporting Period. The proportion of female members is 42.9% in 2025. The Board will continue to enhance its composition across dimensions of age distribution, professional diversity, and cross-cultural management experience.

提名委員會目前由一名非執行董事，即舒萍女士及三名獨立非執行董事，即陳康威先生、張思樂先生及連宗正先生組成。舒萍女士擔任提名委員會主席。

於評估董事會組成時，提名委員會將考慮本公司董事會成員多元化政策所載有關董事會成員多元化的各個方面及因素。提名委員會將討論及協定實現董事會成員多元化的可計量目標（倘必要），並推薦董事會採納。

於物色及選定合適的董事人選時，提名委員會將於向董事會提供建議前考慮提名政策所載候選人的相關標準，以配合企業策略及達致董事會成員多元化（如適用）。

截至2025年12月31日止年度，提名委員會召開一次會議，以審閱董事會的架構、規模及組成以及獨立非執行董事的獨立性，審議於即將舉行的本公司股東週年大會上膺選連任的退任董事資質，並審核董事會成員多元化政策及董事提名政策。提名委員會認為，董事會在多元化視角維持了適當平衡。提名委員會評估後認為，董事會成員結構在報告期內維持最佳組成。2025年女性成員比例為42.9%。董事會將在年齡分佈、專業多元化及跨文化管理經驗等維度持續完善其組成。

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The attendance records of the Nomination Committee meeting are set out below:

提名委員會會議出席記錄載列如下：

Name of Members of the Nomination Committee	提名委員會成員姓名	Attendance/ Number of Meeting 出席/ 會議次數
Ms. SHU Ping	舒萍女士	1/1
Mr. TAN Kang Uei, Anthony	陳康威先生	1/1
Mr. TEO Ser Luck	張思樂先生	1/1
Mr. LIEN Jown Jing Vincent	連宗正先生	1/1

3. Remuneration Committee

The Company established the Remuneration Committee with written terms of reference in compliance with the Corporate Governance Code. The primary duties of the Remuneration Committee are, among other things, to recommend the Board on the Group's remuneration policy and structure for the Directors and senior management remuneration and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing remuneration policy, to review and approve the management's remuneration proposals with reference to the Board's corporate goals and objectives, to determine, with delegated responsibility, the remuneration packages of the executive Directors and senior management, and to review and/or approve matters relating to share schemes under Chapter 17 of the Hong Kong Listing Rules.

The Remuneration Committee currently consists of one non-executive Director, namely Ms. SHU Ping and three independent non-executive Directors, namely, Mr. TAN Kang Uei, Anthony, Mr. TEO Ser Luck and Mr. LIEN Jown Jing Vincent. Mr. LIEN Jown Jing Vincent is the chairperson of the Remuneration Committee.

During the year ended December 31, 2025, the Remuneration Committee held one meeting to review the policy and the structure for the remuneration of all Directors and senior management and make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of the Directors and senior management. Details of the Directors' remuneration are set out in note 12 to the Financial Statements.

3. 薪酬委員會

本公司已按照《企業管治守則》設立具書面職權範圍的薪酬委員會。薪酬委員會的主要職責為（其中包括）就本集團的薪酬政策、董事及高級管理層的薪酬架構及建立正式透明的程序制定薪酬政策向董事會作出推薦意見；參考董事會企業目的及目標，審閱並批准管理層的薪酬提案；根據委託責任，釐定執行董事及高級管理層的薪酬待遇；並根據香港上市規則第十七章審閱及／或批准股份計劃相關事宜。

薪酬委員會目前包括一名非執行董事，即舒萍女士及三名獨立非執行董事，即陳康威先生、張思樂先生及連宗正先生。連宗正先生擔任薪酬委員會主席。

截至2025年12月31日止年度，薪酬委員會已舉行一次會議以審閱全體董事及高級管理層的薪酬政策及架構並就董事及高級管理層的薪酬待遇向董事會提出推薦建議。董事的薪酬詳情載於財務報表附註12。

The attendance records of the Remuneration Committee meetings are set out below:

薪酬委員會會議出席記錄載列如下：

Name of Members of the Remuneration Committee	薪酬委員會成員姓名	Attendance/ Number of Meeting 出席/ 會議次數
Mr. LIEN Jown Jing Vincent	連宗正先生	1/1
Ms. SHU Ping	舒萍女士	1/1
Mr. TAN Kang Uei, Anthony	陳康威先生	1/1
Mr. TEO Ser Luck	張思樂先生	1/1

D. REMUNERATION OF SENIOR MANAGEMENT

The remuneration payable to the senior management of the Company (excluding those members of senior management who are also Directors) is shown in the following table by band:

D. 高級管理層的薪酬

應付予本公司高級管理層（不包括同時擔任董事的高級管理層成員）的薪酬按等級於下表列示：

(USD)	(美元)	2025 Number of senior management 2025年 高級 管理層人數	2024 Number of senior management 2024年 高級 管理層人數
1-500,000		0	1
>500,000		2	2
Total	總計	2	3

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E. BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY

The Board has adopted the Board Diversity Policy which sets out the approach to achieving and maintaining diversity of the Board.

Pursuant to the Board Diversity Policy, the Nomination Committee reviews regularly the structure, size, composition and diversity of the Board and where appropriate, make recommendations on changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy and to ensure that the Board maintains a balanced diverse profile. In reviewing and assessing the Board composition, the Company considers diversity of Board members to be achieved through consideration of a number of aspects, including but not limited to, gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge, length of service and other related factors. All Board appointments are based on merit, and candidates are considered against objective criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board. As of December 31, 2025, the Board consists of three female directors and four male directors.

The Nomination Committee and the Board are of the view that the current composition of the Board has achieved the objectives set in the Board Diversity Policy.

The Nomination Committee shall review the policy and measurable objective at least annually, and as appropriate, to ensure the continued effectiveness of the Board.

E. 董事會成員多元化政策

董事會已採納董事會成員多元化政策，其載有實現及維持董事會成員多元化的方法。

根據董事會成員多元化政策，提名委員會定期審閱董事會的架構、規模、組成及多元化且（倘適用）就為配合本公司的企業策略而對董事會作出的變動提出推薦建議並確保董事會維持公平多元組合。於審閱及評估董事會成員組成時，本公司認為董事會成員多元化乃透過考慮多方面因素（包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化及教育背景、種族、專業經驗、技能、知識、服務任期及其他相關因素）來實現。所有董事會成員之任命乃按價值而定，而候選人將按照目標準則，並適當顧及董事會成員多元化的裨益予以考慮。截至2025年12月31日，董事會包括三名女性董事及四名男性董事。

提名委員會及董事會認為董事會現有成員組成已實現董事會成員多元化政策所定目標。

提名委員會至少每年審閱一次政策和可計量目標並（如適用）確保董事會持續有效運行。

F. EMPLOYEE DIVERSITY POLICY

The Group has adopted the workforce diversity policy. The Group believes that a diverse workforce enriches the organization with varied perspectives and experiences, which are vital assets in driving innovation, strengthening business performance, and enhancing long-term shareholder value.

The diversity objectives are guided by three core principles: (i) compliance with all applicable laws and regulations relating to equality, non-discrimination, and diversity; (ii) fair and impartial treatment for all employees, irrespective of gender, age, race, religion, or other legally protected characteristics; and (iii) fostering mutual respect and an inclusive environment where individual differences are valued.

In pursuit of these objectives, the Group has implemented the following key initiatives:

- the Group recognizes the value of diverse perspectives and endeavors to consider candidates from a wide range of backgrounds during recruitment. All recruitment decisions are made solely on the basis of qualifications and role suitability, ensuring fairness and impartiality throughout the hiring process.
- the Group is committed to promoting balanced gender representation across all levels of the organization. The Company regularly monitors gender diversity and establishes measurable objectives, which may include numerical targets and timelines. Progress towards these objectives is reviewed periodically.
- all employees are expected to promote respect and collaboration in the workplace. Discrimination, harassment, or any form of inappropriate behaviour is not tolerated.
- employees are encouraged by the Group to raise concerns related to diversity and inclusion through appropriate internal channels. All reports are handled with confidentiality and fairness.

The management oversees the implementation of this policy, which is reviewed periodically to ensure its continued appropriateness.

F. 僱員多元化政策

本集團已採納僱員多元化政策。本集團相信，多元化的僱員隊伍能為組織帶來不同的視角與經驗，此乃推動創新、提升業務表現及增進股東長期價值的重要資產。

多元化目標由三項核心原則所指導：(i) 遵守所有適用的有關平等、反歧視及多元化的法律法規；(ii) 公平公正地對待所有僱員，不論其性別、年齡、種族、宗教或其他受法律保護的特徵；及(iii) 促進相互尊重，營造一個重視個體差異的包容環境。

為實現上述目標，本集團已推行以下主要措施：

- 本集團認可多元視角的價值，致力於招聘過程中考慮來自不同背景的候選人。所有招聘決定均以資歷及職位適合性為唯一依據，確保整個招聘過程公平公正。
- 本集團致力推動組織各層級的性別均衡代表性。本公司定期監察僱員性別多元化狀況，並制定量化的目標，包括數字指標及時間表，並定期檢討目標的達成進度。
- 所有僱員均須在工作場所推動相互尊重與合作。本集團對歧視、騷擾或任何形式的不當行為概不容忍。
- 本集團鼓勵僱員透過適當的內部渠道反映與僱員多元化及共融相關的關切事項，所有舉報均以保密及公正的方式處理。

管理層負責監督本政策的執行，並定期對其進行檢討，以確保其持續的適用性。

J. DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the financial statements of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2025.

The Board is responsible for presenting a balanced, clear and understandable assessment of annual and interim reports, inside information announcements and other financial disclosures required by the Hong Kong Listing Rules and other regulatory requirements.

The senior management of the Company has provided such explanation and information to the Board as necessary to enable the Board to carry out an informed assessment of the financial information and position of the Company in order to put forward such information to the Board for approval.

K. DIVIDEND POLICY

The Company has adopted a dividend policy with the objective of providing shareholders with sustainable returns while retaining adequate reserves to support the Group's future growth and development.

In accordance with the dividend policy, in deciding whether to declare or recommend the payment of dividends and the amount of dividend payable, the Board will take into consideration the following factors of the Group, including but not limited to:

- the Group's overall business performance;
- the Group's financial results;
- the Group's capital requirements and surplus;
- the interest of shareholders;
- any contractual or regulatory restrictions on payment of dividends by the Company; and
- any other factors that the Board may consider relevant.

Dividend decisions made by the Board during the year were in accordance with the Company's dividend policy.

J. 董事進行財務申報的責任

董事確認彼等編製本公司截至2025年12月31日止年度財務報表的責任。

董事會負責對年度及中期報告、內幕消息公告及按香港上市規則及其他監管要求規定的其他財務披露作出平衡、清晰且可理解的評估。

本公司高級管理層已在需要時向董事會提供有關解釋及資料，以便董事會對本公司財務資料及公司狀況作出知情評估，從而提呈該等資料予董事會批准。

K. 股息政策

本公司已採納一項股息政策，旨在為股東提供可持續回報，同時保留足夠儲備以支持本集團的未來增長及發展。

根據股息政策，在決定是否宣派或建議派付股息及應付股息金額時，董事會將考慮本集團的下列因素，包括但不限於：

- 本集團的整體業務表現；
- 本集團的財務業績；
- 本集團的資本要求及盈餘；
- 股東權益；
- 有關本公司派付股息的合約或監管限制；及
- 董事會可能認為相關的任何其他因素。

董事會於年內作出的股息決定乃符合本公司的股息政策。

N. RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROLS

The Board acknowledges its responsibilities for maintaining a sound and effective risk management and internal control systems that are in line with the strategic objective of the Group and to review their effectiveness. The Group established risk management and internal control systems to protect the interests of the Group and Shareholders, ensure the Group is in compliance with relevant laws and regulations, effectively identify and manage significant risks in achieving its strategic objectives, protect the safety of the Group's assets, and ensure the maintenance of proper compliance accounting records and financial reports.

The Board is responsible for evaluating the nature and extent of the risks the Group is willing to take in achieving strategic objectives and ensuring that the Group establishes and maintains appropriate and effective risk management and internal control systems as well as overseeing management of the Group in the design, implementation and monitoring of the risk management and internal control systems.

The Board periodically receives (at least once a year) reports from the Group's management regarding financial, operational and compliance controls, as well as the establishment, review and assessment of the internal control and risk management functions of the Group. All significant risks are reported to the Board. The Board will also evaluate the corresponding risks and the response plan. The Group would review, among other things, adequacy of resources, staff's qualifications and experience, training programs and budget of our accounting, internal control and financial reporting functions.

N. 風險管理及內部控制

董事會確認其維持與本集團戰略目標相匹配的、健全有效的風險管理及內部控制系統並審查其有效性的責任。本集團的風險管理及內部控制系統旨在保障本集團及股東的利益，確保本集團遵守相關法律法規，有效識別及管理於實現其戰略目標過程中存在的重大風險，保障本集團資產的安全，確保維持適當合規的會計記錄和財務報告。

董事會負責評估本集團達成戰略目標時所願意接納的風險性質及程度，並確保本集團設立及維持合適及有效的風險管理及內部控制系統，以及監督本集團管理層對風險管理及內部控制系統的設計、實施及監察。

董事會定期（至少每年一次）收到本集團管理層關於本集團的財務、營運及合規控制，以及建立、檢討及評估內部控制及風險管理職能的報告。所有重大風險均會向董事會匯報。董事會亦將對相應風險及應對計劃做出評估。本集團會審閱（其中包括）其在會計、內部控制及財務匯報職能方面的資源、員工資歷及經驗、培訓課程及有關預算是否充足。

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With respect to risk management, the Group has adopted the risk management framework issued by COSO in the United States of America (“**COSO**”), established a risk management system covering design, implementation, monitoring, assessment and continuous improvement based on the ISO 31000:2009 “Risk Management – Principles and Guidelines”. The Group’s management established the overall targets and policies of the risk management system which are in line with the strategic objectives, and identified, analyzed and assessed the overall risk of the Company, especially the risks in making major decisions, important events and key business processes. The Group’s management is also responsible for reviewing and approving the response plans to major risks, as well as following-up and periodically reviewing the implementation of such response plans of risks identified, in order to make sure that sufficient attention, monitor and responses will be paid to all key risks of the Company. The risk management reports are submitted to the Board periodically.

With respect to internal control, the Group has adopted the internal control framework issued by COSO, established an internal control system and mechanism over financial, operational and compliance controls and has conducted continuing review and evaluation of the internal control system of the Group to ensure the timeliness, accuracy and completeness of all information reported.

The Group has set up an internal audit department, which assists the Board and/or the Audit Committee on the ongoing review of the effectiveness of the Group’s risk management and internal control systems. The risk management and internal control systems of the Group are designed to manage rather than eliminating risks of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss. The risk management and internal control systems are reviewed at least annually and have been carried out under the leadership of the Board and the Audit Committee. The Board, through the Audit Committee, has reviewed and considered that the current risk management and internal control systems of the Company are effective and that the qualifications and experience of the staff, performing accounting and financial reporting functions and the training programs of the Company as well as the experiences and resources for setting the budget of the Company are adequate.

在風險管理方面，本集團採用美國COSO委員會（「**COSO**」）制定的風險管理框架，並依據ISO 31000:2009《風險管理－原則與指引》建立一套涵蓋設計、實施、監控、評估及持續改進的風險管理體系。本集團管理層根據戰略目標制定風險管理體系的總體目標及政策，識別、分析及評估本公司綜合風險，尤其是作出重大決策、重大事件及重要業務流程方面的風險。本集團管理層亦負責審查和批准對重大風險的應對方案，同時跟蹤與定期回顧已識別風險的應對方案實施情況，以確保本公司各類重大風險能得到足夠的關注、監控與應對。風險管理報告會定期向董事會呈交。

在內部控制方面，本集團採用COSO制定的內部控制框架，建立有關財務監控、營運監控和合規監控的內部控制系統及機制，對本集團的內部控制系統進行持續審查與評估，以確保所有已呈報資料的及時、準確和完整。

本集團已設立內審部，協助董事會及／或審計委員會持續審查本集團風險管理及內部控制系統的有效性。本集團的風險管理及內部控制系統旨在管理而非消除無法達成業務目標的風險，且僅可就不產生重大失實陳述或損失提供合理而非絕對保證。風險管理及內部控制系統至少每年審查一次，並在董事會及審計委員會的領導下進行。董事會通過審計委員會進行審查，並認為本公司當前的風險管理及內部控制系統屬有效，且在員工資歷及經驗、執行本公司的會計及財務匯報職能及開展培訓項目以及設定本公司預算的經驗及資源方面屬足夠。

In addition, the Group has established policies and systems that promote and support anti-corruption laws and regulations. Relevant on-job compliance trainings have been carried out to the senior management and employees of the Group to maintain a healthy corporate culture and enhance their compliance perception and responsibility. Our employees can anonymously report any suspected corrupt incident to the Company.

The Company has also established a whistleblowing policy and system for employees and those who deal with the Company (e.g. customers and suppliers) to raise concerns, in confidence and anonymity, about possible improprieties in any matter related to the Company.

O. COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND INVESTORS

The Company considers that effective communication with the Shareholders is essential for enhancing investor relations and investors' understanding of the Group's business performance and strategies. In order to maintain a high level of transparency and ensure that the Shareholders and potential investors can obtain updated information about the Group, the Company has in place a shareholders' communication policy (the "**Shareholders' Communication Policy**"), which sets out a number of ways to ensure effective and efficient communication with shareholders is achieved, including but not limited to our responses to shareholders' enquiries, corporate communications (in both English and Chinese), posting of relevant information on the Company's website, shareholders' meetings and investment market communications, to ensure that shareholders' enquiries and view are appropriately addressed.

The general meetings of the Company provide opportunity for the Shareholders to communicate directly with the Directors. The chairperson of the Board as well as chairperson of the Audit Committee, Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee and, in their absence, other members of the respective committees, or the joint company secretary of the Company, will be available to answer questions at general meetings. The auditor of the Company will also attend the annual general meeting to answer questions (as needed) about the conduct of the audit, the preparation and content of the auditor's report, the accounting policies and auditor independence.

另外，本集團已制定促進及支持反貪污法律法規的政策及體系。我們已向本集團高級管理層及僱員提供相關在職合規培訓，維持健康企業文化，並提高其合規意識及責任。僱員可匿名向公司舉報任何涉嫌貪污事件。

本公司亦為僱員及與本公司進行交易者（如客戶及供應商）制定舉報政策及體系，以針對與本公司有關的任何事宜中可能存在的不當行為以保密及匿名的方式提出疑慮。

O. 與股東及投資者的溝通

本公司認為，與股東有效溝通對於促進投資者關係及投資者了解本集團業務表現及策略至關重要。為維持高度透明並確保股東及潛在投資者可獲得有關本集團的最新資料，本公司制定了股東通訊政策（「股東通訊政策」），其中載有多種途徑確保能實現與股東有效且高效的溝通，包括但不限於回覆股東查詢、公司通訊（英文及中文）、在本公司網站發佈相關資料、股東大會及投資市場通訊，確保股東查詢及意見得到妥善處理。

本公司股東大會為股東提供直接與董事溝通的機會。董事會主席以及審計委員會主席、提名委員會主席及薪酬委員會主席（如彼等未能出席，則有關委員會的其他成員或本公司的聯席公司秘書）將可於股東大會上回答提問。本公司核數師亦將出席股東週年大會並根據需要回答有關審計工作、核數師報告的編製及內容、會計政策及核數師獨立性的提問。

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

The website of the Company (www.superhiinternational.com) provides comprehensive and accessible news and information of the Company to the Shareholders, other stakeholders and investors. The Company will also update the website information from time to time to inform the Shareholders and investors of the latest development of the Company.

During the year ended December 31, 2025, the Board reviewed the implementation and effectiveness of the Shareholders' Communication Policy. Having considered the multiple channels of communication in place (including the Company's website, annual general meeting, announcements, annual and interim reports, and direct enquiry channels), the Board is satisfied that the Shareholders' Communication Policy has been effectively implemented during the Reporting Period. The Board arrived at this conclusion after taking into account: (i) the timely dissemination of corporate communications to Shareholders through the Company's website and the Stock Exchange's website; (ii) the availability and responsiveness of the Company's investor relations function to shareholder enquiries; (iii) the conduct of the annual general meeting during the year, at which all Directors were available to answer Shareholders' questions; and (iv) the absence of any complaint or significant concern raised by Shareholders regarding the Company's communication practices during the Reporting Period. The Board will continue to review and enhance the Shareholders' Communication Policy as appropriate.

P. CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

There were no changes in the constitutional documents of the Company during the year ended December 31, 2025.

Q. SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

To safeguard shareholder interests and rights, separate resolution should be proposed for each substantially separate issue at general meetings, including the election of individual Director. All resolutions put forward at general meetings will be voted on by poll pursuant to the Hong Kong Listing Rules and poll results will be posted on the websites of the Company and of the Stock Exchange after each general meeting.

本公司網站(www.superhiinternational.com)為股東、其他利益相關方及投資者提供全面並可訪問的本公司新闻及資料。本公司亦將不時更新網站資料，告知股東及投資者本公司最新發展情況。

截至2025年12月31日止年度，董事會已就股東通訊政策的實施及有效性進行檢討。考慮到現有的多個溝通渠道（包括本公司網站、股東週年大會、公告、年度及中期報告以及直接查詢渠道），董事會信納股東通訊政策於報告期內已有效實施。董事會在考慮以下各項後得出此結論：(i)透過本公司網站及聯交所網站及時向股東發佈公司通訊；(ii)本公司投資者關係職能部門對股東查詢的可及性及回應；(iii)年內舉行股東週年大會，全體董事均出席並回答股東提問；及(iv)於報告期內，股東並無就本公司的溝通慣例提出任何投訴或重大關注。董事會將繼續於適當時檢討及加強股東通訊政策。

P. 組織章程文件

截至2025年12月31日止年度，本公司的組織章程文件概無變動。

Q. 股東權利

為保障股東權益及權利，本公司應就各重大獨立事項（包括選舉個別董事）於股東大會上提呈獨立決議案。根據香港上市規則，於股東大會上提呈的所有決議案均將以投票方式表決，而投票結果將於各股東大會結束後在本公司及聯交所網站登載。

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

R. JOINT COMPANY SECRETARIES

During the year ended December 31, 2025, Ms. QU Cong and Mr. CHENG Ching Kit of SWCS Corporate Services Group (Hong Kong) Limited, an external corporate services provider, serve as the joint company secretaries of the Company.

Mr. CHENG Ching Kit resigned as a joint company secretary of the Company with effect from March 31, 2026. On the same date, Ms. OH Sim Yee of SWCS Corporate Services Group (Hong Kong) Limited, an external corporate services provider, was appointed as a joint company secretary of the Company. Accordingly, as at the date of this annual report, the joint company secretaries of the Company are Ms. QU Cong and Ms. OH Sim Yee.

During the year ended December 31, 2025, each of Ms. QU Cong and Mr. CHENG Ching Kit undertaken over 15 hours of professional training to update their skills and knowledge.

Ms. QU Cong is the primary corporate contact person at the Company of Mr. CHENG Ching Kit and Ms. OH Sim Yee.

R. 聯席公司秘書

截至2025年12月31日止年度，瞿聰女士及外部企業服務供應商方圓企業服務集團(香港)有限公司的鄭程傑先生擔任本公司聯席公司秘書。

鄭程傑先生已辭任本公司聯席公司秘書，自2026年3月31日起生效。同日，外部服務供應商方圓企業服務集團(香港)有限公司的胡倩鈿女士獲委任為本公司聯席公司秘書。因此，於本年報日期，本公司的聯席公司秘書為瞿聰女士及胡倩鈿女士。

截至2025年12月31日止年度，瞿聰女士及鄭程傑先生均已參加15小時以上的專業培訓，以提高其技能及知識。

瞿聰女士為鄭程傑先生及胡倩鈿女士於本公司的公司主要聯絡人。

The Board is pleased to present this directors' report in this annual report for the year ended December 31, 2025.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is primarily operating Haidilao hot pot restaurants in the international market, aiming to deliver an exceptional and fun dining experience to guests. The principal activities of the Group are restaurant operation and related delivery businesses in the international market. There were no significant changes in the nature of the Group's principal activities during the Reporting Period.

RESULTS

The results of the Group for the year ended December 31, 2025 are set out in the "Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income" of this annual report.

FINAL DIVIDEND

The Board does not recommend any payment of a final dividend for the year ended December 31, 2025 (December 31, 2024: nil).

CHARITABLE DONATIONS

In 2025, charitable and other donations made by the Group amounted to US\$32,270 (December 31, 2024: US\$7,569).

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the issued Shares of the Group during the Reporting Period are set out in note 28 to the Financial Statements.

DEBENTURES

The Company did not issue any debentures during the Reporting Period (December 31, 2024: nil).

RESERVES

Details of the movements in reserves of the Group during the Reporting Period are set out in "Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity" of this annual report.

董事會欣然提呈截至2025年12月31日止年度在本年報中的董事會報告。

主營業務

我們主要在國際市場經營海底撈火鍋餐廳，旨在為顧客提供獨特且愉快的就餐體驗。本集團的主營業務為國際市場的餐廳經營及相關外賣業務。於報告期內，本集團的主營業務性質並無重大變動。

業績

本集團截至2025年12月31日止年度的業績載於本年報「綜合損益及其他全面收益表」。

末期股息

董事會不建議就截至2025年12月31日止年度派付任何末期股息（2024年12月31日：無）。

慈善捐款

於2025年，本集團作出的慈善及其他捐款為32,270美元（2024年12月31日：7,569美元）。

股本

有關本集團於報告期內的已發行股份詳情載於財務報表附註28。

債權證

本公司於報告期內並無發行任何債權證（2024年12月31日：無）。

儲備

有關本集團於報告期內的儲備變動詳情載於本年報「綜合權益變動表」。

Directors' Report

董事會報告

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

Pursuant to the Cayman Companies Act, share premium and retained profits of the Company are distributable to the Shareholders. As of December 31, 2025, the Company has distributable reserves of US\$454.5 million in total available for distribution (December 31, 2024: US\$453.5 million).

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on page 13 of this annual report. The summary does not form part of the Financial Statements.

BANK BORROWINGS

As of December 31, 2025, the Group did not have any bank borrowings.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Group during the Reporting Period are set out in note 15 to the Financial Statements.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Rule 13.32B(1) of the Hong Kong Listing Rules requires that a portion of shares listed on the Stock Exchange and held by the public must at all times represent at least 25% of an issuer's total number of issued shares in that class of shares (excluding treasury shares), or any lower minimum percentage of public float threshold prescribed at the time of listing under Rule 8.08(1) of the Hong Kong Listing Rules.

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, as of December 31, 2025, 31.91% of the Company's total number of issued shares (excluding treasury Shares if any) were held by the public. Therefore, the Company had maintained sufficiency of public float as required under Rule 8.08(1) of the Hong Kong Listing Rules during the Reporting Period and has maintained sufficiency of the prescribed minimum public float as required under Rule 13.32B(1) of the Hong Kong Listing Rules from January 1, 2026 and up to the date of this annual report.

可分派儲備

根據開曼公司法，本公司股份溢價及保留溢利可分派予股東。截至2025年12月31日，本公司合共擁有可分派儲備454.5百萬美元可供分派（2024年12月31日：453.5百萬美元）。

財務概要

本集團於過去五個財政年度的業績及資產以及負債的概要載於本年報第13頁。該概要不構成財務報表的一部分。

銀行借款

截至2025年12月31日，本集團並無任何銀行借款。

物業、廠房及設備

有關本集團於報告期內的物業、廠房及設備變動詳情載於財務報表附註15。

公眾持股量充足度

香港上市規則第13.32B(1)條規定，於聯交所上市並由公眾人士持有的股份部分必須在任何時候至少佔發行人該類別已發行股份總數（不包括庫存股份）的25%，或根據香港上市規則第8.08(1)條於上市時規定的任何較低最低公眾持股量百分比門檻。

據本公司所獲之公開資料及據董事所知，於2025年12月31日，本公司已發行股份總數（不包括庫存股份（如有））之31.91%由公眾人士持有。因此，於報告期內，本公司一直按香港上市規則第8.08(1)條的規定維持足夠公眾持股量；自2026年1月1日起直至本年報日期，本公司一直按香港上市規則第13.32B(1)條的規定維持足夠規定最低公眾持股量。

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Articles of Association or the Cayman Companies Act and there is no restriction against such rights which would oblige the Company to offer new Shares on a *pro rata* basis to the existing Shareholders.

TAX RELIEF

The Directors are not aware of any tax relief available to the Shareholders by reason of their holding of the Company's securities.

BUSINESS REVIEW AND FUTURE DEVELOPMENT

a. Overview and Performance of the Year

A review and analysis of the business of the Group during the Reporting Period is provided in "Chairperson's Statement — 2025 Performance Review" of this annual report.

An analysis of the Group's performance during the Reporting Period is provided in "Management Discussion and Analysis" of this annual report.

b. Environmental Policies and Performance

During the Reporting Period, the Group had not been subject to any fines or other penalties due to non-compliance with environmental regulations. Details of the environmental policies and performance of the Group are set out in "Environmental, Social and Governance Report" of this annual report.

c. Compliance with Relevant Laws and Regulations

Save as otherwise disclosed, the Group had complied with the requirements under the Companies Ordinance, the Hong Kong Listing Rules, the SFO and the Corporate Governance Code for, among other things, the disclosure of information and corporate governance for the year ended December 31, 2025. The Group has adopted internal control and risk management policies to monitor the on-going compliance with relevant laws and regulations. As far as the Board is concerned, the Group has complied with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the business and operation of the Company and its subsidiaries in all material aspects.

優先購買權

組織章程細則或開曼公司法並無載列優先購買權條文，且並無對有關權利的限制要求本公司須按比例基準向現有股東發售新股份。

稅項減免

董事並不知悉股東因持有本公司證券而可獲任何稅項減免。

業務回顧及未來發展

a. 年度回顧及表現

本集團於報告期內的業務回顧及分析載於本年報「主席報告－2025年業績回顧」。

本集團於報告期內的表現分析載於本年報「管理層討論與分析」。

b. 環境政策及表現

於報告期內，本集團並未因違反環境法規而被處以任何罰款或其他處罰。有關本集團的環境政策及表現詳情載於本年報「環境、社會及管治報告」。

c. 遵守相關法律法規

除另有披露者外，截至2025年12月31日止年度，本集團就（其中包括）披露資料及企業管治一直遵守公司條例、香港上市規則、證券及期貨條例以及《企業管治守則》規定。本集團採用內部控制及風險管理政策，以監督對相關法律法規的持續遵守情況。就董事會而言，本集團已於所有重大方面一直遵守對本公司及其附屬公司的業務及經營有重大影響的相關法律法規。

Directors' Report

董事會報告

d. Key Relationships with Stakeholders

Relationship with Employees

The Company endeavors to cultivate talented and loyal employees by treating employees with dignity, respect and fairness, as well as motivating its employees with career development opportunities and competitive compensation. The training and promotion program allows employees to envision their career paths and growth potential with the Group. All of the employees have a chance to be promoted to management regardless of the position they start in.

Relationship with Shareholders

The Company recognizes the importance of protecting the interests of the Shareholders and of having effective communication with them. The Company believes communication with the Shareholders is a two-way process and has thrived to ensure the quality and effectiveness of information disclosure, maintain regular dialogue with the Shareholders and listen carefully to the views and feedback from the Shareholders. Details of the communication practice with Shareholders are set out in "Corporate Governance Report — O. Communication with Shareholders and Investors" of this annual report.

Relationship with the Customers and Suppliers

As a restaurant chain, the Group has a large and diverse customer base. Revenue derived from the Group's five largest customers accounted for less than 5% of the total revenue for the year ended December 31, 2025.

d. 與利益相關方的主要關係

與員工的關係

本公司努力通過關懷、尊重及公平對待員工，培養有才能及忠誠的員工，以及以職業發展機會及有競爭力的薪酬激勵其員工。培訓及晉升計劃使員工能展望在本集團的職業道路及發展潛力。所有的員工均有機會晉升為管理層，不論其開始是何職位。

與股東的關係

本公司認識到保障股東權益及與其進行有效溝通的重要性。本公司相信與股東溝通是一個雙向的過程，並致力於確保信息披露的質量及有效性、維持與股東定期的對話及認真聆聽股東的意見與反饋。有關與股東的溝通實踐的詳情載於本年報「企業管治報告 — O. 與股東及投資者的溝通」。

與客戶及供應商的關係

作為一家連鎖餐廳，本集團擁有一個龐大而多元化的客戶基礎。截至2025年12月31日止年度，來自本集團五大客戶的收益佔收益總額不足5%。

The Company primarily procures (i) soup base for the hot pot, (ii) food ingredients, including meat, seafood and vegetables, and (iii) decoration materials and renovation services, decoration project management services, equipment and consumables used in the restaurants. For major food ingredients and consumables the restaurants use, the Company generally has more than two qualified suppliers for each type of major food ingredient to reduce reliance on a single supplier. Throughout the Reporting Period, the Group did not experience any interruption of the food ingredients supply, early termination of supply agreements, or failure to secure sufficient quantities of scarce food ingredients that had any material adverse impact on its business and the results of operations. On average, the Group maintained business relationships of approximately five years with the five largest suppliers.

During the Reporting Period, the respective percentage of purchases attributable to the Group's largest supplier, Yihai Group, and five largest suppliers in aggregate was 2.8% and 5.9%. Mr. ZHANG Yong and Ms. SHU Ping are the controlling shareholders, and Mr. Sean SHI and Ms. Hailey Lee are the substantial shareholders of Yihai Group.

Save as disclosed above, none of the Directors or any of their close associates or any Shareholders (which to the best knowledge of the Directors owned more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had a material interest in the Group's five largest suppliers or customers.

Principal Risks and Uncertainties

Our business involves certain risks as set out in the section headed "Risk factors" in the prospectus and the Form 20-F for the year ended 2025 filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. The following list is a summary of certain principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group, some of which are beyond its control. During the Reporting Period, the Group experienced moderate increases in regulatory compliance costs in certain jurisdictions. However, the Group's multi-jurisdiction operations were not materially disrupted by the risks described below.

本公司主要採購餐廳使用的(i)火鍋底料；(ii)肉類、海鮮及蔬菜等食材；及(iii)裝修材料及翻新服務、裝修項目管理服務、設備及易耗品。對於餐廳所用的主要食材和易耗品，本公司通常為每種主要食材配有兩個以上的合格供應商，以減少對單一供應商的依賴。於整個報告期內，本集團並無遇到任何食材供應中斷、供應協議提前終止或未能獲得足夠數量的稀缺食材，從而對其業務和經營業績產生任何重大不利影響。平均而言，本集團與前五大供應商平均保持了約五年的業務關係。

於報告期內，本集團最大供應商頤海集團及五大供應商合共佔採購額的百分比分別為2.8%及5.9%。張勇先生及舒萍女士為頤海集團控股股東，而施永宏先生及李海燕女士為頤海集團的主要股東。

除上述所披露者外，概無董事或其任何緊密聯繫人或任何股東（據董事所深知，其擁有本公司已發行股本的5%以上）在本集團的五大供應商或客戶中擁有重大權益。

主要風險及不確定因素

我們的業務涉及招股章程「風險因素」一節及向美國證券交易委員會提交的截至2025年止年度的表格20-F中所載的若干風險。下表概述本集團面臨的若干主要風險及不確定因素，其中部分風險及不確定因素非本集團所能控制。於報告期內，本集團在若干司法管轄區的監管合規成本錄得適度增幅。然而，本集團的多個司法管轄區業務並未受到下文所述風險的重大干擾。

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Risk of Multi-jurisdiction Operations

Operating in multiple jurisdictions around the world and expanding to new regions may expose the Group to various risks, which may include, among others:

- failure to anticipate changes to the competitive landscape in the new market due to lack of familiarity with the local business environment;
 - different consumer preferences and discretionary spending patterns;
 - difficulty in finding reliable suppliers of food ingredients meeting the quality standards at acceptable prices and quantities;
 - the infringement of its intellectual property rights in foreign jurisdictions;
 - geopolitical risks in the countries the Group operates;
 - economic, financial and market instability and credit risks;
 - material tariffs imposed on its food ingredients imported from other countries;
 - difficulties and costs associated with complying with, and enforcing remedies under, a wide variety of complex local and international laws, treaties and regulations;
 - inability to obtain or maintain the requisite registrations, filings, licenses, permits, approvals and certificates in multiple jurisdictions;
 - difficulties with localized management of employees and operations, including compliance with local labor and immigration laws and regulations;
- 在多個司法權區營運的風險
- 在全球多個司法權區經營及擴張至新地區可能使本集團面臨各種風險，其中可能包括：
- 由於對當地營商環境缺乏了解，無法預測新市場的競爭格局變化；
 - 不同的消費者喜好及自主消費模式；
 - 難以按可接受的價格及數量物色符合質量標準的可靠食材供應商；
 - 其知識產權在外國司法權區受到侵犯；
 - 本集團經營所在國家的地緣政治風險；
 - 經濟、金融及市場不穩定及信貸風險；
 - 對從其他國家進口的食材徵收大額關稅；
 - 與遵守各色各樣複雜的本地及國際法律、條約及法規以及據此強制執行補救相關的難處及成本；
 - 無法在多個司法權區取得或維持所需的註冊、備案、牌照、許可證、批文及證書；
 - 難以對僱員及營運進行本地化管理，包括遵守當地勞工及移民法律及法規；

- exposure to litigation or third-party claims in different jurisdictions;
 - foreign currency exchange controls and fluctuations;
 - stringent consumer protection and data security requirements in multiple jurisdictions;
 - uncertainties in the interpretation and application of tax laws and regulations, more onerous tax obligations and unfavorable tax conditions; and
 - cultural differences and language difficulties.
- 於不同司法權區面臨訴訟或第三方申索的風險；
 - 外匯管制及波動；
 - 多個司法權區的嚴格消費者保護及數據安全要求；
 - 稅務法律及法規的詮釋及應用的不確定性、更繁重的稅務責任及不利的稅務狀況；及
 - 文化差異及語言困難。

As a result of the above factors, the Group's ability to operate in certain jurisdictions may be restricted, or the restaurants in multiple jurisdictions may take longer than expected to ramp up and reach, or may never reach, expected sales and profit levels, thereby affecting the overall profitability. The Group may also be subject to fines and penalties imposed by local governments and its brand image and reputation may be adversely and materially affected.

In addition, the restaurant network of the Group covered 14 countries internationally as of December 31, 2025. The business and reputation of the Group may be adversely and materially affected if there are any geopolitical issues relating to it in the countries it operates. Geopolitical issues may also cause significant inflation in one particular country, which may result in higher procurement costs and therefore affect its business, financial conditions and results of operations.

The Group believes the proven management philosophy of "aligned interests and disciplined management" will assist with its expansion. However, as the Group continues to grow and expand, its current management system may not continue to be effective and successful. Even though it is devoted to adapting the management philosophy in different countries based on local conditions, there is no assurance that the Group will be able to successfully manage the restaurants in all jurisdictions and effectively manage its growth.

由於上述因素，本集團在若干司法權區經營的能力可能受限制，多個司法權區的餐廳可能需要較預期更長的時間方可爬坡及達到預期銷售額及溢利水平，或可能永遠無法達到預期銷售額及溢利水平，從而影響整體盈利能力。本集團亦可能面對當地政府施加的罰款及懲罰以及其品牌形象及聲譽可能受重大不利影響。

此外，截至2025年12月31日，本集團的餐廳網絡覆蓋全球14個國家。倘本集團經營所在國家出現任何與我們有關的地緣政治問題，其業務及聲譽可能會受到重大不利影響。地緣政治問題亦可能導致某一特定國家出現嚴重通脹，從而可能導致採購成本上升，對其業務、財務狀況及經營業績造成影響。

本集團相信行之有效的管理理念「連任利益，鎖住管理」將有助我們擴張。然而，由於本集團繼續增長及擴張，其目前的管理制度或不會繼續有效及成功。儘管其致力於根據當地情況適應不同國家的管理理念，但無法保證本集團將能夠成功管理所有司法權區的餐廳並有效管理其增長。

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The Group adopts a multi-tier management system to achieve scalable growth while maintaining standardization, which gives the restaurant managers significant autonomy in the day-to-day operations of the restaurants they manage. The headquarters of the Group are responsible for functions such as food safety, procurement, growth strategy and the regional managers primarily serve as the bridge that connects the headquarters and each restaurant. However, the Group cannot assure that its headquarters, regional managers and restaurant managers will be able to effectively manage all of the restaurants directly as it grows in business scale.

There can be no assurance that the management system of the Group, as it evolves, will always be able to address its needs at different stages of growth. Any significant failure or deterioration of the management system could have a material and adverse effect on its business and results of operations.

To effectively mitigate the multifaceted risks associated with operating in multiple jurisdictions and expanding into new global markets, the Group has implemented a comprehensive and highly localized operational strategy. Prior to entering any new region, the Group conducts rigorous pre-entry market assessments to evaluate local consumer preferences, supply chain dynamics, and the broader commercial landscape. Once a market is selected, the Group establishes dedicated regional management teams equipped with deep local market knowledge, empowering them to adapt its service model to regional cultural nuances while strictly maintaining its core brand standards. Furthermore, to successfully navigate the complexities of diverse regulatory frameworks – including varying food safety regulations, labor laws, and licensing requirements – the Group proactively engages reputable local legal counsel and compliance experts from time to time. This structured, localized approach enables the Group to continuously monitor, anticipate, and manage cross-border operational risks, thereby safeguarding its international expansion efforts and ensuring sustainable global growth.

本集團採用多層管理制度以在保持標準化的同時實現可規模化的增長，讓門店經理在其管理的餐廳日常營運中擁有重大自主權。本集團總部負責食品安全、採購、增長策略等職能，而大區經理則主要擔當連繫總部與每家餐廳的橋樑。然而，本集團無法保證，隨著業務規模增長，其總部、大區經理及門店經理將能夠直接有效管理所有餐廳。

概不保證本集團的管理系統隨著自身發展將一直能夠滿足其不同增長階段的需求。管理系統出現任何重大故障或惡化均可能對其業務及經營業績造成重大不利影響。

為有效減少與在多個司法管轄區經營及擴張至全球新市場相關的多個風險，本集團已實施高度本地化的全面營運策略。進入任何新地區前，本集團會嚴格實施准入前市場評估，以評估當地消費者偏好、供應鏈動態及更廣泛的商業環境。一經選定市場，本集團將建立具備深厚當地市場知識的專門大區管理團隊，授權其在嚴格保持其核心品牌標準同時，使其服務模式適應區域文化差異。此外，為成功應對多樣化監管框架的複雜性（包括不同的食品安全法規、勞動法及牌照要求），本集團不時主動聘請知名的當地法律顧問及合規專家。此結構化、本地化的方法使本集團能夠持續監控、預測及管理跨境營運風險，從而保障其國際擴張努力並確保全球可持續增長。

Risk of the instance of Food Safety Incidents and Food-borne Illnesses

As a restaurant brand, the quality and safety of the food the Group serves in the restaurants are critical to its success and it faces risks in relation to instance of food safety incidents. Due to the different geographical locations the Group operates in and the expansion of the restaurant network, maintaining consistent food quality depends significantly on the effectiveness of the quality control system, which in turn depends on a number of factors, including but not limited to the design of the quality control system, employee trainings to ensure that the employees of the Group adhere to those quality control policies and the ability to identify and prevent any potential violation of the quality control system. There can be no assurance that the quality control system will always prove to be effective and can identify all the potential risks and issues in relation to food safety arising from the restaurant operations. The quality of the food ingredients or service provided by the suppliers of the Group is subject to factors beyond its control, including the effectiveness of their quality control system, among others. There can be no assurance that the suppliers of the Group may always be able to adopt appropriate quality controls and meet the stringent quality control requirements. Any significant failure or deterioration of the quality control system may result in food safety incidents, which could have a material and adverse effect on the Group's reputation, financial condition and results of operations.

Furthermore, the Group's business is susceptible to food-borne illnesses. The Group cannot guarantee that the internal controls and training will be fully effective in preventing all food-borne illnesses. Its reliance on third-party food suppliers increases the risk of food-borne illness incidents and the risk of multiple locations instead of a single restaurant being affected. Drug resistant illnesses may develop in the future, or diseases with long incubation periods could arise, such as mad-cow disease, that could give rise to claims or allegations on a retroactive basis. Reports in the media of instances of food-borne illnesses could, if highly publicized, negatively affect the industry overall, and the Group's operations could suffer as a result, regardless of whether it was directly involved in the spread of the illness. Furthermore, other illnesses, such as hand, foot and mouth disease or avian influenza, could adversely affect the supply of some of the Group's ingredients and significantly increase its costs, thereby impacting the restaurant sales and conceivably having a material and adverse effect on its results of operations.

食品安全事故事例以及食源性疾病的風險

本集團作為餐廳品牌，餐廳所供應的食品質量及安全對本集團的成功至關重要，且本集團面臨與食物安全事故事例有關的風險。由於本集團經營的地理位置不同及餐廳網絡擴張，保持一貫的食品質量在很大程度上取決於質量控制系統的有效性，而質量控制系統的有效性則取決於多項因素，包括但不限於質量控制系統的設計、僱員培訓以確保本集團的僱員遵守該等質量控制政策以及識別及防範我們質量控制系統的任何潛在違規的能力。概不保證本集團的質量控制系統將一直有效及能夠識別餐廳經營中產生與食物安全相關的所有潛在風險及問題。本集團供應商所提供食材或服務的質量受其控制範圍以外的因素影響，包括其質量控制系統的有效性等。概不保證本集團的供應商可一直採取合適的質量控制措施及符合我們嚴格的質量控制要求。本集團質量控制系統的任何重大故障或損壞可能導致食物安全事故，其對本集團的聲譽、財務狀況及經營業績造成重大不利影響。

此外，本集團的業務易受食源性疾病影響。本集團無法保證內部控制及培訓將完全有效預防所有食源性疾病。其對第三方食品供應商的依賴增加了食源性疾病事件的風險，以及影響多個位置而非一家餐廳的風險。日後可能會出現耐藥性疾病，或可能出現具有長潛伏期的疾病（如瘋牛病），均可能導致有追溯效力的申索或指控。倘有關食源性疾病的事件被媒體廣泛報導，則會對整個行業造成負面影響，而無論是否直接涉及疾病傳播，本集團的營運可能因此受到影響。此外，其他疾病，例如手足口病或禽流感，可能會對本集團的部分食材供應產生不利影響，並大幅增加成本，從而影響餐廳銷售，並可能對其經營業績造成可想象的重大不利影響。

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To mitigate these risks, the Group has adopted stringent food safety and quality control measures, placing the utmost priority on the health and safety of its guests and dedicating significant resources to maintaining its food safety and quality control system. The Group has established a dedicated food safety department at its headquarters, which is responsible for overseeing food safety practices and formulating food safety protocols and strategies across the Group's operations. In each country in which the Group operates, detailed food safety and quality control protocols have been implemented in accordance with local standards and applicable regulatory requirements. The Group also closely monitors regulatory developments in relation to food safety regulations and makes adjustments to its protocols accordingly to ensure ongoing compliance. In addition, each restaurant has a designated food safety specialist who is responsible for supervising food safety practices and conducting regular inspections and examinations at the restaurant level. All food safety specialists are required to attend periodic internal training sessions and pass the Group's quality and safety assessments to ensure that they remain competent and up to date with the latest food safety standards.

Risks of Quality Services and Dining Experience

The success of the restaurants revolves primarily around guest satisfaction, which is dependent on the continued popularity of the "Haidilao (海底撈)" brand and lies in the Group's ability to provide a great dining experience. As the Group continues to grow in size, extend the geographic reach and expand the food offerings and services, maintaining food and services quality and consistency may become more difficult and the Group cannot assure that customer confidence in the brand will not diminish. There is no assurance that the Group will be able to continue to provide high-quality services and an enjoyable dining experience to customers. If consumers perceive or experience a deterioration in food quality, service, ambiance or value for money or believe in any way that the Group is failing to deliver a consistently enjoyable dining experience, the brand value could suffer and the number of customers visiting the restaurants may decline, which could have a material and adverse impact on the Group's business. The quality of the Group's dining experience may be adversely impacted by a number of factors, including, among others:

- long waiting time;
- decline in the quality of service provided by the staff;

為減少該等風險，本集團已實施嚴格食品安全及質量控制措施，優先考慮顧客健康及安全，並投入大量資源維護其食品安全及質量控制系統。本集團在總部設立的專門食品安全部門負責監督食品安全實踐，且本集團在營運中制定食品安全程序及策略。本集團在其所經營的各個國家中均已根據當地標準及適用監管要求實施詳細的食品安全及質量控制協議。本集團亦密切監控與食品安全法規相關的監管動態，並相應調整其協議以確保持續合規。此外，每家餐廳均設有指定的食品安全專員負責監督食品安全實踐，並在餐廳層面進行定期檢查及考核。所有食品安全專員均須參加定期內部培訓課程，並通過本集團的質量及安全考核，以確保其保持勝任能力並掌握最新的食品安全標準。

優質服務及用餐體驗的風險

餐廳的成功主要取決於顧客滿意度，而顧客滿意度取決於「海底撈」品牌的持續受歡迎程度，並取決於本集團提供美好用餐體驗的能力。由於本集團繼續擴大規模、擴大地域覆蓋範圍及擴大我們的食品供應及服務，維持食品及服務質量一致性可能變得更加困難，且本集團無法保證客戶對我們品牌的信心不會下降。概不保證本集團將能夠繼續為顧客提供優質服務及愉快的用餐體驗。倘消費者認為或體驗到食品質量、服務、氛圍或性價比的惡化，或以任何方式認為本集團無法一如既往地提供愉快的用餐體驗，我們的品牌價值可能受損，而光顧我們餐廳的顧客人數可能下降，這可能對本集團的業務造成重大不利影響。本集團的用餐體驗質量可能受到多項因素的不利影響，其中包括：

- 等候時間長；
- 員工提供的服務質量下降；

- inability to pioneer and introduce new menu items that gain popularity among guests;
- inability to meet the localized needs of the guests and adapt to changes in consumer tastes and preferences;
- decline in food quality, or the perception of such decline amongst guests;
- any significant liability claims or food contamination complaints from the guests;
- inability to offer quality food at affordable prices;
- decrease in the attractiveness or quality of the design of the restaurants; and
- low quality of delivery service.
- 無法開創及推出廣受顧客歡迎的新菜品；
- 無法滿足顧客的本地化需求以及適應消費者口味及喜好的變化；
- 食物質量下降，或顧客對食物質量下降的看法；
- 顧客的任何重大責任索償或食物污染投訴；
- 無法以合理的價格提供優質食物；
- 餐廳設計的吸引力或質量下降；及
- 外賣服務質量低。

The Group cannot guarantee that the dining experience will continue to be of high quality and favored by guests, nor that the existing and new restaurants will continue to be successful.

本集團無法保證用餐體驗將繼續保持優質及受顧客歡迎，亦無法保證現有及新餐廳將繼續取得成功。

To mitigate risks associated with maintaining the high standards of its quality services and dining experience, the Group has cultivated a corporate culture centred on customer satisfaction and employee empowerment. The Group has implemented comprehensive training programmes to ensure that all employees consistently deliver exceptional and personalised services. In addition, frontline restaurant staff are empowered to promptly address and resolve customer feedback, with a view to enhancing the overall dining experience and strengthening brand loyalty.

為降低維持高標準服務質量及用餐體驗所帶來的相關風險，本集團已培育出一種以顧客滿意及員工賦能為核心的企業文化。本集團實施全面培訓計劃，確保所有員工持續提供卓越且個性化的服務。此外，本集團賦予餐廳基層員工充分授權，使其能夠即時處理並解決顧客反饋，從而提升整體用餐體驗並增強品牌忠誠度。

In support of the above strategies, the Group applies consistent and stringent quality control measures across all restaurants, covering food safety, environmental hygiene and dining environment. Performance is continuously monitored through customer feedback mechanisms and rigorous internal assessments.

為配合上述策略，本集團在所有餐廳嚴格執行統一而嚴謹的質量控制，涵蓋食品安全、環境衛生及用餐環境，並通過顧客反饋機制及嚴格的內部評估持續監控表現。

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Risks of Maintaining and Enhancing Brand Recognition or Reputation

The Group believes that maintaining and enhancing the brand is important to maintain competitive advantages in the international catering service industry. However, the Group's ability to maintain brand recognition depends on a number of factors, some of which are beyond its control. The Group may face negative publicity, malicious allegations, customer disputes, and unauthorized use of the "Haidilao (海底撈)" brand, all of which may tarnish the appeal and reputation of the brand. In particular, the "Haidilao (海底撈)" brand is also used by Haidilao International. The brand image and reputation may be adversely affected by negative publicity or customer disputes of Haidilao International, which are out of the Group's control. Moreover, the Group's continued success in maintaining and enhancing the brand and image depends to a large extent on its ability to maintain the distinctive combination of its services, and its localized and high-quality food ingredients at affordable prices, as well as its flexibility to adapt to any changes in the competitive landscape in the hot pot industry. If the Group is unable to do so, the value of the brand or image will be diminished and the business and results of operations may be materially and adversely affected. As the Group continues to extend the geographic reach and grow in size, maintaining quality and consistency may be more difficult and the Group cannot assure that guests' confidence in the brand will not be diminished.

To mitigate risks to its brand recognition and reputation, the Group strictly enforces standardized food safety and service protocols to ensure consistently exceptional dining experiences, while maintaining proactive public relations and crisis management mechanisms to swiftly address and resolve any potential negative publicity.

維持及提升品牌知名度或聲譽的風險

本集團認為維持及提升品牌對維持本集團於國際餐飲服務行業的競爭優勢至關重要。然而，本集團維持品牌知名度的能力取決於多項因素，其中部分因素非本集團所能控制。本集團可能面臨負面宣傳、惡意指稱、客戶糾紛及未經授權使用「海底撈」品牌，所有該等情況均可能損害品牌的吸引力及聲譽。特別是，「海底撈」品牌亦由海底撈國際使用。品牌形象及聲譽可能因海底撈國際的負面宣傳或客戶糾紛而受到不利影響，而這屬於本集團控制範圍以外。此外，本集團在維持及提升品牌及形象方面的持續成功很大程度上取決於本集團維持獨特的服務組合及價格相宜的本地化優質食材的能力，以及本集團適應火鍋行業競爭格局任何變化的靈活性。倘本集團無法如此行事，本集團的品牌價值或形象將會受損，而本集團的業務及經營業績可能會受到重大不利影響。由於本集團繼續擴大地理覆蓋範圍及擴大規模，維持質量及一致性可能更加困難，且本集團無法保證顧客對品牌的信心不會下降。

為減少與維持品牌知名度及聲譽相關的風險，本集團嚴格執行標準化的食品安全及服務協議，以確保始終如一的卓越用餐體驗，同時保持主動的公共關係及危機管理機制，以迅速處理及解決任何潛在的負面宣傳。

Risks of Fluctuations in Exchange Rates

Because the Group conducts a significant and growing portion of the business in currencies other than the USD but report the consolidated financial results in USD, the Group faces, exposure to fluctuations in currency exchange rates. During the Reporting Period, the Group recorded US\$14.1 million net foreign exchange gain. As exchange rates vary, revenue, cost of raw materials and consumables, exclusive of depreciation and amortization, operating expenses, other income and expense, and assets and liabilities, when translated, may also vary materially and thus affect the overall financial results. The Company may in the future, enter into hedging arrangements to manage foreign currency translation, but such activity may not completely eliminate fluctuations in the operating results due to currency exchange rate changes. Hedging arrangements are inherently risky, and the Company does not have experience establishing hedging programs, which could expose it to additional risks that could adversely affect the financial condition and operating results.

Risks of Allocation of Taxable Income

The Group's international operations involve certain intra-group transactions and cross border business arrangements during the ordinary course of business, which may impose inherent uncertainty over the Group's profit allocation and its respective tax position across different jurisdictions. The tax treatments of these transactions or arrangements may be subject to interpretation by respective tax authorities in different countries. Although in the past the Group did not identify transfer pricing risks in the intra-group transactions, there is no assurance that relevant tax authorities would not challenge the appropriateness of its transfer pricing arrangement in the future or that the relevant regulations or standards governing such arrangement will not be subject to future changes. In the event a competent tax authority later finds that the transfer prices and the terms that the Group has applied are not appropriate, such authority could require the relevant subsidiaries to re-determine transfer prices and thereby reallocate the income or adjust the taxable income or deduct costs and expenses of the relevant subsidiary in order to accurately reflect such income. Any such reallocation or adjustment could result in a higher overall tax liability for the Group and if this occurs, it may have a material and adverse effect on the business, financial condition and results of operations.

匯率波動的風險

由於本集團以美元以外的貨幣經營大部分及不斷增長的業務，但以美元呈報綜合財務業績，故本集團面臨貨幣匯率波動的風險。於報告期內，本集團錄得匯兌收益淨額14.1百萬美元。由於匯率不同，收入、原材料及易耗品成本（不包括折舊及攤銷）、經營開支、其他收益及開支以及資產及負債於換算時亦可能出現重大差異，因而影響整體財務業績。本公司日後可能會訂立對沖安排以管理外幣換算，但該等活動未必能完全消除因貨幣匯率變動導致的經營業績波動。對沖安排存在固有風險，且本公司並無制定對沖計劃的經驗，這可能使其面臨可能對財務狀況及經營業績產生不利影響的額外風險。

應課稅收入分配的風險

本集團的國際業務涉及日常業務過程中的若干集團內交易及跨境業務安排，或會對本集團的溢利分配及不同司法權區的各自稅務狀況造成固有的不確定性。該等交易或安排的稅務處理或須遵守不同國家各自稅務機關的詮釋。儘管過去本集團於集團內交易中並無發現轉讓定價風險，但概不保證相關稅務機關日後不會質疑其轉讓定價安排是否恰當，亦不保證規管有關安排的相關法規或標準未來不會發生變動。倘主管稅務機關其後發現本集團所採用的轉讓價格及條款不適當，則該機關可要求相關附屬公司重新釐定轉讓價格，從而重新分配收入或調整應課稅收入或扣除相關附屬公司的成本和開支，以準確反映有關收入。任何該等重新分配或調整均可能導致本集團的整體稅項負債增加，倘發生該情況，則可能對業務、財務狀況及經營業績產生重大不利影響。

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Specifically, with respect to Singapore, to strengthen international cooperation in taxation matters, stamp out harmful practices and combat tax avoidance by multinational enterprises (“MNEs”), the Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development was tasked by the G20 to study and deal with the issue of Base Erosion and Profit Shifting (“BEPS”) by MNEs. Discussions on BEPS were subsequently broadened to include more than 140 jurisdictions, through a platform called the Inclusive Framework on BEPS (“IF”). In October 2021, the IF agreed on a Two Pillar solution (“BEPS 2.0”) to address the tax challenges arising from the digitalization of the economy. BEPS 2.0 has since been accepted by more than 135 member jurisdictions of the IF, including Singapore. Under BEPS 2.0:

- Pillar 1 seeks to re-allocate some profits and in turn, taxes, of affected MNE groups from where economic activities are conducted to where the customers are. International discussions remain ongoing as to how to determine the jurisdictions that will surrender profits for re-allocation to market jurisdictions, and how much each will have to surrender.
- Pillar 2 introduces, among other things, the Global Anti-Base Erosion Model Rules (“GloBE Rules”), which in turn introduces a global minimum effective tax rate (“ETR”) of 15% for MNE groups with annual global revenues of 750m Euros or more. If an affected MNE group has an ETR of less than 15% in Singapore at the group level, other jurisdictions can collect the difference of up to 15%. Singapore has enacted the Multinational Enterprise (Minimum Tax) Act 2024 and published related subsidiary legislation to implement the GloBE Rules (Pillar Two) relating to top-up tax under the Income Inclusion Rule and the Domestic Top-up Tax, both of which has taken effect from January 1, 2025.

To mitigate this risk, the Group from time to time engages reputable external tax advisors to regularly review its intra-group transactions and maintains comprehensive transfer pricing documentation to ensure strict compliance with local tax regulations and international standards across all operating jurisdictions.

具體而言，就新加坡而言，為加強稅收事宜方面的國際合作，杜絕不正之風及打擊跨國企業避稅行為，經濟合作與發展組織受20國集團委託研究及應對跨國企業的稅基侵蝕與利潤轉移(「BEPS」)問題。通過BEPS包容性框架(「IF」)平台，有關BEPS的討論隨後擴展至超過140個司法權區。於2021年10月，IF就應對經濟數字化稅收挑戰的兩大支柱方案(「BEPS 2.0」)達成共識。BEPS 2.0自此已獲得超過135個IF成員國司法權區的支持，包括新加坡。根據BEPS 2.0：

- 第一支柱尋求重新分配部分利潤，及進而重新分配受影響跨國企業集團從開展經濟活動所在地區到客戶所在地區的稅收。國際討論仍在進行，內容有關如何釐定將犧牲利潤以重新分配至市場司法權區的司法權區，及各自須犧牲的利潤數額。
- 第二支柱引入(其中包括)全球反稅基侵蝕規則(「GloBE規則」)，進而為全球年營業額達7.5億歐元或以上的跨國企業集團引入15%的全球最低實際稅率(「ETR」)。倘在集團層面受影響跨國企業集團在新加坡的ETR低於15%，其他司法權區可收取最高15%的差額。新加坡已頒佈《2024年跨國企業(最低稅)法》並公佈相關附屬立法，以實施全球反稅基侵蝕規則(第二支柱)中關於收入納入規則和國內補足稅的補繳稅規定。兩項規則均於2025年1月1日起生效。

為減少該風險，本集團不時聘請知名的外部稅務顧問定期審閱其集團內交易，並維持全面的轉讓定價文件，以確保在所有經營司法權區嚴格遵守當地稅務法規及國際標準。

Risks of Our Innovative Business Forms

The Group has invested, and expects to continue to invest, significant financial and management resources in the development of new restaurant brands and business ventures, including through the “Pomegranate Plan” under which the Group seeks to incubate, develop, and operate restaurant concepts beyond its core Haidilao brand. These new brand initiatives require substantial upfront capital expenditure for site selection, lease commitments, restaurant build-out, staffing, supply chain development, and marketing, with no assurance that any such brand will achieve profitability or consumer acceptance. The expansion into new and unfamiliar restaurant categories may expose the Group to competitive dynamics, regulatory requirements, and supply chain challenges that differ materially from those encountered in its core hot pot business, and there can be no assurance that the experience and capabilities the Group has developed in operating Haidilao restaurants will be transferable to these new ventures. If the Group is unable to successfully develop, scale, or manage new restaurant brands, or if it is required to recognize impairment charges or write-offs in connection with underperforming ventures, its business, financial condition, and results of operations could be materially and adversely affected.

To mitigate these risks, the Group has implemented a disciplined stage-gate evaluation process for all new brand concepts under the “Pomegranate Plan”, requiring each concept to meet defined performance milestones before additional capital is committed, and continuously monitors the operational and financial performance of each new brand to enable timely corrective action, including the reallocation of resources or the orderly wind-down of underperforming concepts.

我們創新業態的風險

本集團已投入並預計將持續投入大量財務及管理資源於開發新餐飲品牌及業務，包括通過「紅石榴計劃」，旨在尋求孵化、開發及經營其核心海底撈品牌以外的餐廳概念。該等新品牌計劃在選址、租賃承諾、餐廳裝修、人員配備、供應鏈開發及營銷方面需要大量的前期資本開支，且概不保證任何該等品牌將實現盈利或獲得消費者認可。拓展至全新且不熟悉的餐廳類別可能會使本集團面臨與其核心火鍋業務截然不同的競爭動態、監管要求及供應鏈挑戰，且概不保證本集團在經營海底撈餐廳過程中積累的經驗及能力將可轉移至該等新業務。倘本集團無法成功開發、規模化或管理新餐廳品牌，或倘其被要求就表現不佳的業務確認減值撥備或撇銷，其業務、財務狀況及經營業績可能會受到重大不利影響。

為減輕該等風險，本集團對「紅石榴計劃」下的所有新品牌概念實施了嚴格的階段性評估流程，要求每個概念在投入額外資本前達到明確的績效里程碑，並持續監控每個新品牌的營運及財務表現，以便及時採取糾正措施，包括重新分配資源或有序關閉表現不佳的概念。

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Risks Related to Our ADSs and Shares

In addition, we are subject to certain risks related to our ADSs and Shares, which include:

- The trading prices of our ADSs and Shares have been, and are likely to be volatile, which could result in substantial losses to investors.
 - The characteristics of the U.S. capital markets and the Stock Exchange are different, which may negatively affect the trading prices of our Shares and/or ADSs.
 - Substantial future sales or perceived potential sales of the ADSs, Shares or other equity securities in the public market could cause the price of the ADSs and/or Shares to decline significantly.
 - If securities or industry analysts do not publish research or reports about our business, or if they adversely change their recommendations regarding our ADSs and Shares, the market price for our ADSs or Shares and trading volume could decline.
 - There can be no assurance that we will pay dividends.
 - Techniques employed by short sellers may drive down the market price of the ADSs.
 - There is uncertainty as to whether Hong Kong stamp duty will apply to the trading or conversion of our ADSs.
- 我們美國存託股份及股份的交易價已經並且可能會波動，這可能會給投資者帶來重大損失。
 - 美國資本市場與聯交所的特點不同，這可能會對我們股份及／或美國存託股份的交易價產生負面影響。
 - 美國存託股份、股份或其他股本證券未來在公開市場上的大量銷售或預期潛在銷售可能導致美國存託股份及／或股份的價格大幅下跌。
 - 若證券或行業分析師不發表有關我們業務的研究或報告，或若彼等對有關我們美國存託股份及股份的建議作出不利變更，則我們美國存託股份或股份的市價及成交量可能下降。
 - 我們無法保證會派付股息。
 - 賣空者所採用的方法可能會導致美國存託股份的市價下跌。
 - 香港印花稅是否適用於我們美國存託股份的交易或轉換存在不確定性。

與我們美國存託股份及股份有關的風險

此外，我們還面臨與我們美國存託股份及股份有關的若干風險，其中包括：

PROSPECTS

A description of the future development in the Group's business is provided in "Chairperson's Statement" and "Management Discussion and Analysis" of this annual report.

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Details of Board composition are provided in "Corporate Information" in this annual report. Biographical details of the Directors and the senior management of the Group are provided in "Directors and Senior Management" of this annual report. Save as disclosed in "Directors and Senior Management", the Directors confirm that no information is required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Hong Kong Listing Rules.

In accordance with Article 84(1) of the Articles of Association, one-third of the Directors will retire by rotation at every AGM (provided that every Director shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years) and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election. Mr. TAN Kang Uei, Anthony, Mr. LIEN Jown Jing Vincent, and Ms. LIU Li will retire from the Board by rotation at the AGM and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

No Director proposed for re-election at the AGM has an unexpired service contract that is not determinable by the Company or any of its subsidiaries within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

展望

有關本集團未來業務發展的描述載於本年報「主席報告」及「管理層討論與分析」。

董事及高級管理層

董事會組成詳情載於本年報「公司資料」。本集團董事及高級管理層的履歷詳情載於本年報「董事及高級管理層」。除「董事及高級管理層」所披露者外，董事確認並無其他資料須根據香港上市規則第13.51B(1)條予以披露。

根據組織章程細則第84(1)條，三分之一的董事將於每屆股東週年大會上輪席退任（但是每位董事每三年至少須輪席退任一次）並有資格競選連任。陳康威先生、連宗正先生和劉麗女士將於股東週年大會上自董事會輪席退任並有資格競選連任。

概無擬於股東週年大會上競選連任的董事與本公司或其任何附屬公司訂立如無作出賠償（法定賠償除外）則不能釐定於一年內終止的未屆滿服務合約。

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DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

Each of the executive Directors entered into a service contract with the Company. Pursuant to this agreement, they agreed to act as executive Directors for an initial term of three years with effect from the date of the appointment and shall be subject to re-election as and when required under the Articles of Association. Either party has the right to give not less than 30 days written notice to terminate the agreement.

Each of the non-executive Director and independent non-executive Directors has entered into an appointment letter with the Company. The initial term for their appointment letters shall be three years with effect from the date of the appointment and shall be subject to re-election as and when required under the Articles of Association, until terminated in accordance with the terms and conditions of the appointment letter or by either party giving to the other not less than three months prior notice in writing.

None of the Directors have an unexpired service contract that is not determinable by the Company or any of its subsidiaries within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

INDEPENDENCE OF THE INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Company has confirmed that each of the independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. TAN Kang Uei, Anthony, Mr. TEO Ser Luck and Mr. LIEN Jown Jing Vincent, holds the respective independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Hong Kong Listing Rules. The Company considers all independent non-executive Directors to be independent and there is no change which may affect their independence during the Reporting Period.

董事服務合約

各執行董事與本公司訂立了服務合約。根據該協議，各執行董事同意擔任執行董事一職，初始期限為自獲委任日期起計為期三年，且須按組織章程細則的規定競選連任。協議任何一方有權發出不少於30天的書面通知終止該協議。

各非執行董事及獨立非執行董事已與本公司訂立委任書。委任書的初始期限為自委任日期起計為期三年，且須按組織章程細則的規定競選連任，直至根據委任書的條款及條件或由其中一方向另一方提前發出不少於三個月的書面通知予以終止為止。

概無董事與本公司或其任何附屬公司訂立如無作出賠償（法定賠償除外）則不能釐定於一年內終止的未屆滿服務合約。

獨立非執行董事的獨立性

本公司已確認各獨立非執行董事（即陳康威先生、張思樂先生及連宗正先生）根據香港上市規則第3.13條擁有各自之獨立性。本公司認為所有獨立非執行董事均為獨立且於報告期內並無可能影響彼等獨立性的變動。

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As of December 31, 2025, the interests and short positions of the Directors and chief executive of the Company in the Shares, underlying Shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO), which were required (a) to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); or (b) pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein; or (c) to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code, were as follows:

Interest in the Company

董事及最高行政人員於股份、相關股份及債權證中的權益及淡倉

截至2025年12月31日，本公司董事及最高行政人員於本公司或其任何相聯法團（定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部）的股份、相關股份或債權證中擁有(a)根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及8分部須知會本公司及聯交所的權益及淡倉（包括根據證券及期貨條例的有關條文被當作或視為擁有的權益及淡倉）；或(b)根據證券及期貨條例第352條規定須登記於該條所指登記冊的權益及淡倉；或(c)根據標準守則須知會本公司及聯交所的權益及淡倉如下：

於本公司的權益

Name	Nature of interest	Number of Shares	Approximately percentage of the total issued share capital ⁽⁴⁾
姓名	權益性質	股份數目	佔已發行股本總數的概約百分比 ⁽⁴⁾
Ms. SHU Ping ⁽¹⁾ 舒萍女士 ⁽¹⁾	Founder of a discretionary trust 全權信託創立人 Beneficiary of a trust 信託受益人	279,737,389(L)	43.02%
Ms. June YANG Lijuan ⁽²⁾ 楊利娟女士 ⁽²⁾	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	17,757,122(L)	2.73%
Mr. LI Yu ⁽³⁾ 李瑜先生 ⁽³⁾	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	39,750(L)	0.006%
Ms. LIU Li ⁽³⁾ 劉麗女士 ⁽³⁾	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	3,096,650(L)	0.48%

Remark: (L) representing long position.

備註：(L)代表好倉。

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Notes:

- (1) Details of the nature of interest held by Ms. SHU Ping are provided in the notes (1) and (2) to “Substantial Shareholders’ Interests and Short Positions in Shares and Underlying Shares” in this section.
- (2) Ms. June YANG Lijuan (as the settlor of the Ming Trust, the beneficiaries of which are Ms. June YANG Lijuan and The Ting Trust) and J.P. Morgan Trust Company (Singapore) Pte. Ltd. (as the trustee of the Ming Trust) are taken to be interested in the Shares held by YLJ YIHAI LTD and Elite Ming Limited under the SFO.
- (3) Mr. LI Yu is interested in 39,750 Shares by virtue of the award Shares granted to him under the Share Award Scheme. Ms. LIU Li is interested in 3,096,650 Shares by virtue of the award Shares granted to them under the Share Award Scheme.
- (4) As of December 31, 2025, the Company had 650,299,000 issued Shares in total.

Save as disclosed above, as of December 31, 2025, none of the Directors or chief executive of the Company and their respective associates has or is deemed to have any interests or short positions in the Shares, underlying Shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which will be required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they were taken or deemed to have taken under such provisions of the SFO); or which will be required to be recorded in the register to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or which will be required, pursuant to the Model Code, to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As of December 31, 2025, the followings are the persons who had interests or short positions in the Shares and underlying Shares which would be required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO; or as recorded in the register of interests required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of Part XV of the SFO:

附註：

- (1) 有關舒萍女士所持權益性質的詳情載於本節「主要股東於股份及相關股份中的權益及淡倉」附註(1)及(2)。
- (2) 根據證券及期貨條例，楊利娟女士（作為Ming Trust的財產授予人，而Ming Trust的受益人為楊利娟女士及Ting Trust）及J.P. Morgan Trust Company (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.（作為Ming Trust的受託人）被視為於YLJ YIHAI LTD及Elite Ming Limited所持的股份中擁有權益。
- (3) 李瑜先生因根據股份獎勵計劃獲授予獎勵股份而於39,750股股份中擁有權益。劉麗女士因根據股份獎勵計劃獲授予獎勵股份而於3,096,650股股份中擁有權益。
- (4) 截至2025年12月31日，本公司已發行股份共計650,299,000股。

除上文所披露者外，截至2025年12月31日，本公司董事或最高行政人員及彼等各自的聯繫人於本公司或其任何相聯法團（定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部）的股份、相關股份或債權證中概無擁有或被視為擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及8分部將須知會本公司及聯交所的任何權益或淡倉（包括彼等根據證券及期貨條例的有關條文被當作或被視為擁有的權益及淡倉），或根據證券及期貨條例第352條將須記錄於本公司所存置的登記冊內的任何權益或淡倉，或根據標準守則將須知會本公司及聯交所的任何權益或淡倉。

主要股東於股份及相關股份中的權益及淡倉

截至2025年12月31日，下列人士為於股份及相關股份中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部的條文須知會本公司及聯交所的權益或淡倉的人士，或根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第336條本公司須存置的權益登記冊所記錄的權益或淡倉的人士：

Name	Nature of interest	Number of Shares	Approximately percentage of the total issued share capital ⁽⁷⁾
姓名／名稱	權益性質	股份數目	佔已發行股本總數的概約百分比 ⁽⁷⁾
UBS Trustees (B.V.I.) Limited ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽⁴⁾⁽⁵⁾	Trustee 受託人	387,745,827(L)	59.63%
Ms. SHU Ping ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ 舒萍女士 ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Founder of a discretionary trust 全權信託創立人	279,737,389(L)	43.02%
	Beneficiary of a trust 信託受益人		
SP NP LTD ⁽¹⁾	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	71,561,070(L)	11.00%
Mr. ZHANG Yong ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ 張勇先生 ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Founder of a discretionary trust 全權信託創立人	279,737,389(L)	43.02%
	Beneficiary of a trust 信託受益人		
ZY NP LTD ⁽²⁾	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	208,176,319(L)	32.01%
Mr. Sean SHI ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾⁽⁵⁾ 施永宏先生 ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾⁽⁵⁾	Founder of a discretionary trust 全權信託創立人	111,758,438(L)	17.19%
	Interest of spouse 配偶權益		
SYH NP LTD ⁽⁴⁾	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	45,928,069(L)	7.06%
Ms. Hailey LEE ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾⁽⁵⁾ 李海燕女士 ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾⁽⁵⁾	Founder of a discretionary trust 全權信託創立人	111,758,438(L)	17.19%
	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人		

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Name	Nature of interest	Number of Shares	Approximately percentage of the total issued share capital ⁽⁷⁾ 佔已發行股本總數的概約百分比 ⁽⁷⁾
姓名／名稱	權益性質	股份數目	
LHY NP LTD ⁽⁵⁾	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	62,080,369(L)	9.55%
Futu Trustee Limited ⁽⁶⁾ 富途信託有限公司 ⁽⁶⁾	Trustee 受託人	61,933,000(L)	9.52%
ESOP Platform I ⁽⁶⁾ ESOP平台I ⁽⁶⁾	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	43,353,100(L)	6.67%

Remark: (L) representing long position.

備註：(L)代表好倉。

Notes:

附註：

- (1) SP NP LTD is an investment holding company incorporated in the BVI. The entire share capital of SP NP LTD is wholly-owned by UBS Trustees (B.V.I.) Limited as the trustee of Rose Trust via UBS Nominees Limited in its capacity as nominee for the trustee of Rose Trust. Rose Trust is a discretionary trust set up by Ms. SHU Ping as the settlor and protector on August 22, 2018 for the benefit of herself, Mr. ZHANG Yong and their family. Ms. SHU Ping (as the founder), UBS Trustees (B.V.I.) Limited (as the trustee) and Mr. ZHANG Yong (as a beneficiary (other than a discretionary interest)) are taken to be interested in the Shares held by SP NP LTD under the SFO.
- (1) SP NP LTD為一家於英屬處女群島註冊成立的投資控股公司。SP NP LTD的全部股本由UBS Trustees (B.V.I.) Limited (作為Rose Trust的受託人)通過UBS Nominees Limited (以Rose Trust受託人的代名人身份)全資擁有。Rose Trust為舒萍女士以財產授予人及保護人的身份為其本身、張勇先生及其家族的利益於2018年8月22日成立的全權信託。根據證券及期貨條例，舒萍女士(作為創立人)、UBS Trustees (B.V.I.) Limited (作為受託人)及張勇先生(作為受益人(酌情權益除外))被視為於SP NP LTD所持的股份中擁有權益。
- (2) ZY NP LTD is an investment holding company incorporated in the BVI. The entire share capital of ZY NP LTD is wholly-owned by UBS Trustees (B.V.I.) Limited as the trustee of Apple Trust via UBS Nominees Limited in its capacity as nominee for the trustee of Apple Trust. Apple Trust is a discretionary trust set up by Mr. ZHANG Yong as the settlor and protector on August 22, 2018 for the benefit of himself, Ms. SHU Ping (his spouse) and their family. Therefore, Mr. ZHANG Yong (as the founder), UBS Trustees (B.V.I.) Limited (as the trustee) and Ms. SHU Ping (as a beneficiary (other than a discretionary interest)) are taken to be interested in the Shares held by ZY NP LTD under the SFO.
- (2) ZY NP LTD為一家於英屬處女群島註冊成立的投資控股公司。ZY NP LTD的全部股本由UBS Trustees (B.V.I.) Limited (作為Apple Trust的受託人)通過UBS Nominees Limited (以Apple Trust受託人的代名人身份)全資擁有。Apple Trust為張勇先生以財產授予人及保護人的身份為其本身、舒萍女士(其配偶)及其家族的利益於2018年8月22日成立的全權信託。因此，根據證券及期貨條例，張勇先生(作為創立人)、UBS Trustees (B.V.I.) Limited (作為受託人)及舒萍女士(作為受益人(酌情權益除外))被視為於ZY NP LTD所持的股份中擁有權益。

- (3) Ms. Hailey LEE directly holds 3,750,000 Shares in the Company and she is the spouse of Mr. Sean SHI. Therefore, Mr. Sean SHI is deemed to be interested in the Shares in which Ms. Hailey LEE is interested under the SFO.
- (4) SYH NP LTD is an investment holding company incorporated in the BVI. The entire share capital of SYH NP LTD is wholly-owned by UBS Trustees (B.V.I.) Limited as the trustee of Cheerful Trust via UBS Nominees Limited in its capacity as nominee for the trustee of Cheerful Trust. Cheerful Trust is a discretionary trust set up by Mr. Sean SHI and Ms. Hailey LEE as the settlors and protectors on August 22, 2018 for the benefit of themselves and their family. Mr. Sean SHI and Ms. Hailey LEE (as the founders) and UBS Trustees (B.V.I.) Limited (as the trustee) are taken to be interested in the Shares held by SYH NP LTD under the SFO.
- (5) LHY NP LTD is an investment holding company incorporated in the BVI. The entire share capital of LHY NP LTD is wholly-owned by UBS Trustees (B.V.I.) Limited as the trustee of Cheerful Trust via UBS Nominees Limited in its capacity as nominee for the trustee of Cheerful Trust. Cheerful Trust is a discretionary trust set up by Mr. Sean SHI and Ms. Hailey LEE as the settlors and protectors on August 22, 2018 for the benefit of themselves and their family. Mr. Sean SHI and Ms. Hailey LEE (as the founders) and UBS Trustees (B.V.I.) Limited (as the trustee) are taken to be interested in the Shares held by LHY NP LTD under the SFO.
- (6) Futu Trustee Limited was appointed by the Company as the trustee to manage and administer the Share Award Scheme and to hold Shares to be granted to eligible persons under the Share Award Scheme through its wholly-owned subsidiaries, the ESOP Platform I and the ESOP Platform II.
- (7) As of December 31, 2025, the Company had 650,299,000 issued Shares in total.
- (3) 李海燕女士直接持有本公司的3,750,000股股份且其為施永宏先生的配偶。因此，根據證券及期貨條例，施永宏先生被視為於李海燕女士擁有權益的股份中擁有權益。
- (4) SYH NP LTD為一家於英屬處女群島註冊成立的投資控股公司。SYH NP LTD的全部股本由UBS Trustees (B.V.I.) Limited (作為Cheerful Trust的受託人) 通過UBS Nominees Limited (以Cheerful Trust受託人的代名人身份) 全資擁有。Cheerful Trust為施永宏先生及李海燕女士以財產授予人及保護人的身份為彼等及家族利益於2018年8月22日成立的全權信託。根據證券及期貨條例，施永宏先生及李海燕女士 (作為創立人) 及UBS Trustees (B.V.I.) Limited (作為受託人) 被視為於SYH NP LTD所持的股份中擁有權益。
- (5) LHY NP LTD為一家於英屬處女群島註冊成立的投資控股公司。LHY NP LTD的全部股本由UBS Trustees (B.V.I.) Limited (作為Cheerful Trust的受託人) 通過UBS Nominees Limited (作為Cheerful Trust受託人的代名人身份) 全資擁有。Cheerful Trust為施永宏先生及李海燕女士以財產授予人及保護人的身份為彼等及家族利益於2018年8月22日成立的全權信託。根據證券及期貨條例，施永宏先生及李海燕女士 (作為創立人) 及UBS Trustees (B.V.I.) Limited (作為受託人) 被視為於LHY NP LTD所持的股份中擁有權益。
- (6) 富途信託有限公司獲本公司委任為受託人，以管理及執行股份獎勵計劃，並透過其全資附屬公司、ESOP平台I及ESOP平台II持有根據股份獎勵計劃將授予合資格人士的股份。
- (7) 截至2025年12月31日，本公司已發行股份共計650,299,000股。

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Save as disclosed above, as of December 31, 2025, the Directors and the chief executives of the Company are not aware of any other person (other than the Directors or chief executives of the Company) who had an interest or short position in the Shares or underlying Shares of the Company which would be required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO; or as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO.

DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed in “—Directors and Chief Executives' Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures” in this section, at no time during the Reporting Period was the Company or any of its subsidiaries, a party to any arrangement that would enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of acquisition of the Shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate, and none of the Directors or any of their spouses or children under the age of 18 were granted any right to subscribe for the equity or debt securities of the Company or any other body corporate or had exercised any such right.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the Reporting Period.

DIRECTORS' INTEREST IN COMPETING BUSINESS

During the Reporting Period, none of the Directors or their respective associates (as defined under the Hong Kong Listing Rules) had engaged in or had any interest in any business which competes or may compete, either directly or indirectly, with the business of the Group which would require disclosure under Rule 8.10 of the Hong Kong Listing Rules.

除上文所披露者外，截至2025年12月31日，本公司董事及最高行政人員並不知悉任何其他人士（本公司董事或最高行政人員除外）於本公司股份或相關股份中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及第3分部的條文須知會本公司及聯交所的權益或淡倉；或根據證券及期貨條例第336條本公司須存置的登記冊所記錄的權益或淡倉。

董事收購股份或債權證的權利

除本節「—董事及最高行政人員於股份、相關股份及債權證中的權益及淡倉」所披露者外，於報告期內，本公司或其任何附屬公司均非任何安排的其中一方以讓董事通過收購本公司或任何其他法人團體的股份或債權證的方式收取利益，亦概無董事或任何彼等的配偶或18歲以下的子女獲授任何權利以認購本公司或任何其他法人團體的股本或債務證券或已行使任何該等權利。

管理合約

於報告期內，概無訂立或存在有關本公司全部或任何重大部分業務之管理及行政的合約。

董事於競爭性業務的權益

於報告期內，概無董事或彼等各自的聯繫人（定義見香港上市規則）直接或間接從事與本集團須根據香港上市規則第8.10條披露的業務產生競爭或可能產生競爭之業務，或於該業務中擁有任何權益。

LOAN AGREEMENT WITH COVENANTS RELATING TO SPECIFIC PERFORMANCE OF THE CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS

As of December 31, 2025, the Company has not entered into any loan agreement which contains covenants requiring specific performance of the Controlling Shareholders.

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

Among the related party transactions disclosed in note 35 to the Financial Statements, the following transactions constitute connected transactions for the Company under the Hong Kong Listing Rules and are required to be disclosed in this annual report in accordance with Rule 14A.71 of the Hong Kong Listing Rules. The Company confirmed that the other related party transactions do not fall under the definition of "connected transaction" or "continuing connected transaction" (as the case may be) in Chapter 14A of the Hong Kong Listing Rules and complied with the disclosure requirements in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Hong Kong Listing Rules.

Continuing Connected Transactions

YIZHIHUA Agreements

New Master Decoration Project Management Service Agreement

The Company and YIZHIHUA, each for itself and on behalf of its subsidiaries, entered into a New Master Decoration Project Management Service Agreement on October 17, 2023 for a term of three years commencing from January 1, 2024 to December 31, 2026 (both days inclusive). Pursuant to the New Master Decoration Project Management Service Agreement, YIZHIHUA agreed to provide decoration project management and related services, including but not limited to, selecting and supervising the design and construction subcontractors, and provision of procurement services to the Group in connection with the interior decoration and renovation of its restaurants. Details of the New Master Decoration Project Management Service Agreement are provided in the announcement of the Company dated October 17, 2023.

YIZHIHUA was wholly owned by Mr. ZHANG Shuoyi, the brother of Mr. ZHANG Yong, and thus is a connected person of the Company. The transactions under the New Master Decoration Project Management Service Agreement constituted continuing connected transactions under Chapter 14A of the Hong Kong Listing Rules.

有關控股股東履行特定責任之契諾的貸款協議

截至2025年12月31日，本公司並無訂立任何載有要求控股股東履行特定責任之契諾的貸款協議。

關連交易

於財務報表附註35披露的關聯方交易中，下列交易根據香港上市規則構成本公司的關連交易，且根據香港上市規則第14A.71條須於本年報中披露。本公司確認其他關聯方交易不歸入香港上市規則第十四A章有關「關連交易」或「持續關連交易」(視情況而定)的定義及符合香港上市規則第十四A章的披露規定。

持續關連交易

YIZHIHUA協議

新總裝修工程管理服務協議

本公司及YIZHIHUA(各自為其本身及代表其附屬公司)於2023年10月17日訂立新總裝修工程管理服務協議，期限自2024年1月1日起至2026年12月31日(包括首尾兩日)止三年。根據新總裝修工程管理服務協議，YIZHIHUA同意就餐廳的室內裝修及翻新向本集團提供裝修工程管理及相關服務，包括但不限於選擇並監督設計及施工分包商以及提供採購服務。有關新總裝修工程管理服務協議的詳情載於本公司日期為2023年10月17日的公告。

YIZHIHUA由張碩軼先生(張勇先生的胞弟)全資擁有，因此為本公司的關連人士。而新總裝修工程管理服務協議項下交易構成香港上市規則第十四A章項下的持續關連交易。

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The annual cap for the transaction amounts under the New Master Decoration Project Management Service Agreement for the years ended December 31, 2025 is US\$5.8 million, while the actual transaction amount incurred for the year ended December 31, 2025 was US\$0.1 million.

Master Decoration Project General Contract Service Agreement

The Company and YIZHIHUA, each for itself and on behalf of its subsidiaries, entered into the Master Decoration Project General Contract Service Agreement on October 17, 2023, for a term of three years commencing from January 1, 2024 to December 31, 2026 (both days inclusive). Pursuant to the Master Decoration Project General Contract Service Agreement, YIZHIHUA agreed to provide decoration project general contract services to the Group in connection with the interior decoration and renovation of its restaurants, including but not limited to, selecting and engaging subcontractors to carry out the decoration work and purchasing plants and equipment for the projects. Details of the Master Decoration Project General Contract Service Agreement are provided in the announcement of the Company dated October 17, 2023.

YIZHIHUA was wholly owned by Mr. ZHANG Shuoyi, the brother of Mr. ZHANG Yong, and thus is a connected person of the Company. The transactions under the Master Decoration Project General Contract Service Agreement constituted continuing connected transactions under Chapter 14A of the Hong Kong Listing Rules.

The annual cap for the transaction amounts under the Master Decoration Project General Contract Service Agreement for the years ended December 31, 2025 is US\$6.0 million, while the actual transaction amount incurred for the year ended December 31, 2025 was US\$1.9 million.

Yihai Master Purchase Agreement

The Company and Yihai, each for itself and on behalf of its subsidiaries, entered into the Renewed Yihai Master Purchase Agreement on October 17, 2023, for a term commencing from January 1, 2024 to December 31, 2026 (both days inclusive). Pursuant to the Renewed Yihai Master Purchase Agreement, the Group agreed to purchase Super Hi Customized Products, Yihai Retail Products and instant self-serving products from Yihai Group. Details of the Renewed Yihai Master Purchase Agreement are provided in the announcement of the Company dated October 17, 2023.

截至2025年12月31日止年度，新總裝修工程管理服務協議項下交易金額的年度上限為5.8百萬美元，而截至2025年12月31日止年度產生的實際交易金額為0.1百萬美元。

總裝修工程總承包服務協議

本公司與YIZHIHUA（各自為其本身及代表其附屬公司）於2023年10月17日訂立的總裝修工程總承包服務協議，期限為自2024年1月1日起至2026年12月31日（包括首尾兩日）止三年。根據總裝修工程總承包服務協議，YIZHIHUA同意就餐廳的室內裝修及翻新向本集團提供裝修工程總承包服務，包括但不限於挑選、委聘分包商開展裝修工作，以及為工程購買材料及設備。有關總裝修工程總承包服務協議的詳情載於本公司日期為2023年10月17日的公告。

YIZHIHUA由張碩軼先生（張勇先生的胞弟）全資擁有，因此為本公司的關連人士，而總裝修工程總承包服務協議項下交易構成香港上市規則第十四A章項下的持續關連交易。

截至2025年12月31日止年度，總裝修工程總承包服務協議項下交易金額的年度上限為6.0百萬美元，而截至2025年12月31日止年度產生的實際交易金額為1.9百萬美元。

頤海總購買協議

於2023年10月17日，本公司及頤海（各自為其本身及代表其附屬公司）訂立重續頤海總購買協議，期限為自2024年1月1日起至2026年12月31日（包括首尾兩日）止。根據重續頤海總購買協議，本集團同意向頤海集團購買特海專用產品、頤海零售產品及即食自助產品。有關重續頤海總購買協議的詳情載於本公司日期為2023年10月17日的公告。

Yihai is controlled by Mr. ZHANG Yong and Ms. SHU Ping, and thus is a connected person of the Company. The transactions under the Renewed Yihai Master Purchase Agreement constitute continuing connected transactions under Chapter 14A of the Hong Kong Listing Rules.

The annual cap for the transaction amount under the Renewed Yihai Master Purchase Agreement for the years ended December 31, 2025 is US\$43.4 million, while the actual transaction amount incurred for the year ended December 31, 2025 was US\$19.1 million.

Confirmation from the Independent Non-Executive Directors

The independent non-executive Directors have confirmed that the above continuing connected transactions were entered into by the Group: (i) in the ordinary and usual course of its business; (ii) on normal commercial terms or better; and (iii) in accordance with the relevant agreement (including the pricing principle and guidelines set out therein) governing them and on terms that were fair and reasonable and in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole.

Confirmation from the Company's Auditors

The auditor of the Group has reviewed the continuing connected transactions referred to above and confirmed to the Board that nothing had come to their attention that caused them to believe the continuing connected transactions: (i) had not been approved by the Board; (ii) were not entered into, in all material respects, in accordance with the pricing policies of the Group (iii) were not entered into, in all material respects, in accordance with the relevant agreement governing such transactions; and (iv) had exceeded the annual cap.

DIRECTORS' MATERIAL INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

Save as disclosed in “— Connected Transactions” in this section, there were no transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director or its connected entity (within the meaning of Section 486 of the Companies Ordinance) had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, and subsisting during the Reporting Period.

頤海由張勇先生及舒萍女士控制，因此為本公司的關連人士。重續頤海總購買協議項下交易構成香港上市規則第十四A章項下的持續關連交易。

截至2025年12月31日止年度，重續頤海總購買協議項下交易金額的年度上限為43.4百萬美元，而截至2025年12月31日止年度產生的實際交易金額為19.1百萬美元。

獨立非執行董事確認

獨立非執行董事確認，本集團乃(i)於其日常及一般業務過程中；(ii)根據正常或更佳商業條款；及(iii)根據規管交易的相關協議（包括其中規定的定價原則及指引）並按公平、合理及符合本公司及股東整體利益之條款訂立上述持續關連交易。

本公司核數師確認

本集團核數師已審閱上述持續關連交易，並向董事會確認彼等並無注意到任何事項致使彼等認為該等持續關連交易：(i)未經董事會批准；(ii)在所有重大方面均未根據本集團的定價政策訂立；(iii)在所有重大方面均未根據規管該等交易的相關協議訂立；及(iv)已超出年度上限。

董事於重要交易、安排或合約中的重大權益

除本節「— 關連交易」所披露者外，並無本公司或其任何附屬公司屬其中一名訂約方且董事或其關連實體（定義見公司條例第486條）於其中直接或間接擁有重大權益以及於報告期內仍然存續之重要交易、安排或合約。

The Group offers competitive remuneration packages to the Directors. Other emoluments are determined by the Board with reference to the Directors' duties, responsibilities and performance and the results of the Group. During the Reporting Period, none of the Directors waived or agreed to waive any remuneration and there were no emoluments paid by the Group to any of the Directors or five highest individuals as an inducement to join, or upon joining the Group, or as compensation for the loss of office. Details of the remuneration of the Directors and five highest individuals during the Reporting Period are provided in notes 12 and 13 to the Financial Statements, respectively.

SHARE AWARD SCHEME

The Company adopted the Share Award Scheme on June 24, 2022 (the "**Adoption Date**"), which was required to be disclosed as below under the requirements of Chapter 17 of the Hong Kong Listing Rules. Details of the principal terms of the Share Award Scheme are provided in "Appendix IV — General Information — D. Share Award Scheme" of the prospectus of the Company on December 19, 2022.

A summary of the principal terms of the Share Award Scheme are described below.

Purpose

The purpose of the Share Award Scheme is to recognize the contributions of the Eligible Persons (as defined below) in order to incentivize them to remain with the Group or to provide consulting services to the Group, and to motivate them to strive for the future development and expansion of the Group.

Participants

The eligible person (the "**Eligible Person**") who may be selected to become a participant (the "**Selected Participant**") of the Share Award Scheme is any individual, being

- an employee (whether full-time or part-time employee) or a director of any member of the Group;
- an employee (whether full-time or part-time employee) or a director of the holding companies, fellow subsidiaries or associated companies of the Company (the "**Related Entity Participant**"); or

本集團為董事提供具競爭力的薪酬待遇。其他酬金由董事會經參照董事職務、職責及表現以及本集團的業績而釐定。於報告期內，並無董事放棄或同意放棄任何薪酬，且本集團亦無向任何董事或五名最高薪人士支付任何酬金作為加入或加入本集團時的獎勵或離職補償。於報告期內，董事及五名最高薪人士薪酬的詳情分別載於財務報表附註12及13。

股份獎勵計劃

本公司已於2022年6月24日（「採納日期」）採納股份獎勵計劃，根據香港上市規則第十七章的規定須予作出的披露如下。股份獎勵計劃的主要條款詳情載列於本公司於2022年12月19日發佈的招股章程「附錄四 — 一般資料 — D. 股份獎勵計劃」。

股份獎勵計劃的主要條款的概要載於下文。

目的

股份獎勵計劃旨在認可合資格人士（定義見下文）的貢獻，以激勵其留任本集團或為本集團提供諮詢服務，以及鼓勵其致力於本集團的未來發展及擴張。

參與者

可能獲選成為股份獎勵計劃參與者（「選定獎勵對象」）的合資格人士（「合資格人士」）為屬於下述的任何個人：

- 本集團任何成員公司的僱員（不論是全職或兼職僱員）或董事；
- 本公司控股公司、同系附屬公司或聯營公司的僱員（不論是全職或兼職僱員）或董事（「關聯實體參與者」）；或

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- service provider, who the Board or its delegate(s) considers, in their sole discretion, to have contributed or will contribute to the Group (the “Service Provider”).

Maximum Number of Shares Available for Grant

The Company shall not make any further grant of awards which will result in the aggregate number of Shares underlying all grants made pursuant to the Share Award Scheme and any other share schemes (excluding award Shares that have been forfeited in accordance with the Share Award Scheme) to exceed 10% of the Company's issued share capital as of December 30, 2022, being 61,933,000 Shares, representing 9.52% of the total issued shares (excluding treasury shares) of the Company as of the date of this annual report.

Maximum Entitlement of Each Participant

Where any grant of awards to a Selected Participant would result in the Shares issued and to be issued in respect of all awards granted to such person (excluding any awards lapsed in accordance with the terms of the Share Award Scheme) in the 12-month period up to and including the date of such grant representing in aggregate over 1% of the Shares of the Company in issue, such grant must be separately approved by Shareholders in general meeting with such Selected Participant and their close associates (or associates if the Selected Participant is a connected person) abstaining from voting.

The Company shall not make any further grant of awards to Service Providers which will result in the aggregate number of Shares underlying all grants made pursuant to the Share Award Scheme and any other share schemes (excluding award Shares that have been forfeited in accordance with the Share Award Scheme) to exceed 1% of the Company's issued shares as of December 30, 2022.

Vesting Period

The Board or the committee of the Board or person(s) to which the Board delegated its authority may from time to time while the Share Award Scheme is in force and subject to all applicable laws, determine such vesting criteria and conditions or periods for the award Shares to be vested hereunder, provided however that the vesting period for awards shall not be less than 12 months.

- 董事會或其代表全權酌情認為已對或將會對本集團作出貢獻的服務供應商（「服務供應商」）。

可供授予的最高股份數目

本公司不得進一步授出任何獎勵致使所有根據股份獎勵計劃及任何其他股份計劃授出的獎勵相關股份總數（不包括根據股份獎勵計劃已沒收的獎勵股份）超過截至2022年12月30日本公司已發行股本的10%（即61,933,000股股份，佔截至本年報日期本公司已發行股份（不包括庫存股份）總數的9.52%）。

各參與者的最高配額

倘向選定獎勵對象授出獎勵會導致就於直至有關授出日期（包括該日）止12個月期間內授予該等人士的所有獎勵（不包括根據股份獎勵計劃條款已失效的任何獎勵）而已發行及將予發行的股份合共佔本公司已發行股份超過1%，則有關授出須經股東於股東大會上另行批准，同時有關選定獎勵對象及其緊密聯繫人（或倘若選定獎勵對象為關連人士，則其聯繫人）須放棄投票。

本公司不得向服務供應商進一步授出獎勵致使所有根據股份獎勵計劃及任何其他股份計劃授予的股份總數（不包括根據股份獎勵計劃已沒收的獎勵股份）超過截至2022年12月30日本公司已發行股份的1%。

歸屬期

董事會或董事會委員會或董事會授權的人士可在股份獎勵計劃有效期內，在遵守所有適用法律的情況下，不時地決定須根據本計劃歸屬的獎勵股份的歸屬標準、條件或期限，前提是獎勵的歸屬期不得少於12個月。

Acceptance of Offers of Awards

The Company shall issue a letter (the “**Award Letter**”) to each Selected Participant in such form as the Board or its delegate(s) may from time to time determine, specifying (as appropriate) the grant date, the period within which the award must be accepted before lapsing, the number of award Shares underlying the award, the purchase price (if any) for the award Shares, the vesting criteria and conditions and such other details as they may consider necessary.

Basis of Determining the Purchase Price

The purchase price (if any) shall be such price determined by the Board or its delegate(s) in their absolute discretion, based on considerations such as the prevailing closing price of the Shares, the purpose of the Share Award Scheme and the characteristics and profile of the Selected Participant, and notified to the Selected Participant in the Award Letter.

Remaining Life

The Share Award Scheme shall be valid and effective for the award period commencing on the Adoption Date and ending on the business day immediately prior to the 10th anniversary of the Adoption Date. The remaining life of the Share Award Scheme was approximately six years and two months.

Before Listing, a total of 61,933,000 awards were granted by the Company on December 12, 2022, among which, (i) 58,836,350 awards were granted to employee participants; (ii) 3,096,650 awards were granted to Related Entity Participants; and (iii) no awards were granted to Service Providers. Upon Listing, there is no awards available for grant and no new Shares may be issued in respect of awards granted under the Share Award Scheme.

No awards were granted under the Share Award Scheme during the year ended December 31, 2025. Accordingly, the number of Shares that may be issued in respect of awards granted under the Share Award Scheme during the year ended 31 December 2025, divided by the weighted average number of Shares in issue (excluding treasury Shares) for the year ended December 31, 2025, was nil.

接納獎勵要約

本公司須按董事會或其代表不時釐定的形式向各選定獎勵對象發出函件（「獎勵函」），列明（如適用）授出日期、獎勵失效前須獲接納的期間、與獎勵相關的獎勵股份數目、獎勵股份購買價（如有）、歸屬標準及條件以及彼等可能認為必要的其他細節。

釐定購買價格基準

購買價（如有）須由董事會或其代表根據股份當下收市價、股份獎勵計劃目的以及選定獎勵對象的特點及概況等因素全權酌情釐定，並在獎勵函中通知選定獎勵對象。

剩餘年期

股份獎勵計劃在自採納日期起至緊接採納日期十週年前的營業日止的獎勵期內有效。股份獎勵計劃的剩餘年期約為六年零兩個月。

上市前，本公司於2022年12月12日授出合共61,933,000份股份獎勵，其中(i)僱員參與者獲授予58,836,350份股份獎勵；(ii)關聯實體參與者獲授予3,096,650份股份獎勵；及(iii)服務供應商概無獲授予股份獎勵。上市後，概無獎勵可供授予，亦無就股份獎勵計劃項下已授出的獎勵發行新股份。

截至2025年12月31日止年度，概無依股份獎勵計劃授出任何獎勵。因此，截至2025年12月31日止年度內可就股份獎勵計劃授出的獎勵而發行的股份數目除以截至2025年12月31日止年度已發行股份（不包括庫存股份）加權平均數的比率為零。

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As of December 31, 2025, the total number of Shares in respect of which awards had been granted and remaining outstanding under the Share Award Scheme was 61,933,000 (representing 9.52% of the Company's Shares in issue as of the same date). The following table discloses movements in the outstanding awards granted under the Share Award Scheme during the Reporting Period.

截至2025年12月31日，根據股份獎勵計劃已授出及尚未行使的獎勵的股份總數為61,933,000股（佔截至同日本公司已發行股份的9.52%）。下表披露於報告期內根據股份獎勵計劃授出的尚未行使獎勵的變動情況。

Category and name of grantee	Date of grant	Vesting period	Purchase price	Performance target	Number of Shares underlying awards					Weighted average closing price per Share before the date of vest	
					相關獎勵的股份數目						
					Outstanding as of January 1, 2025	Granted between January 1, 2025 to December 31, 2025	Vested between January 1, 2025 to December 31, 2025	Cancelled between January 1, 2025 to December 31, 2025	Lapsed between January 1, 2025 to December 31, 2025		Outstanding as of December 31, 2025
截至2025年1月1日尚未行使	於2025年1月1日至2025年12月31日期間已授出	於2025年1月1日至2025年12月31日期間已歸屬	於2025年1月1日至2025年12月31日期間已註銷	於2025年1月1日至2025年12月31日期間已失效	截至2025年12月31日尚未行使	歸屬日期前每股股份的平均收市價					
Director											
董事											
Mr. Li Yu	December 12, 2022	Note (1)	-	Note (2)	39,750	-	-	-	-	39,750	-
李瑜先生	2022年12月12日	附註(1)		附註(2)							
Ms. LIU Li	December 12, 2022	Note (1)	-	Note (2)	3,096,650	-	-	-	-	3,096,650	-
劉麗女士	2022年12月12日	附註(1)		附註(2)							
Other connected persons											
其他關連人士											
Mr. WANG Jinping (resigned as a Director on July 1, 2024)	December 12, 2022	Note (1)	-	Note (2)	3,096,650	-	-	-	-	3,096,650	-
王金平先生 (於2024年7月1日辭任董事)	2022年12月12日	附註(1)		附註(2)							
Ms. Li Qingyun	December 12, 2022	Note (1)	-	Note (2)	3,096,650	-	-	-	-	3,096,650	-
李青雲女士	2022年12月12日	附註(1)		附註(2)							

Number of Shares underlying awards
相關獎勵的股份數目

Category and name of grantee	Date of grant	Vesting period	Purchase price	Performance target	Number of Shares underlying awards					Weighted average closing price per Share before the date of vest	
					Outstanding as of January 1, 2025	Granted between January 1, 2025 to December 31, 2025	Vested between January 1, 2025 to December 31, 2025	Cancelled between January 1, 2025 to December 31, 2025	Lapsed between January 1, 2025 to December 31, 2025		Outstanding as of December 31, 2025
承授人類別及名稱	授出日期	歸屬期	購買價	績效目標	尚未行使	已授出	已歸屬	已註銷	已失效	尚未行使	歸屬日期前每股股份的加權平均收市價
Ms. JIANG Bingyu 蔣冰遇女士	December 12, 2022 2022年12月12日	Note (1) 附註(1)	-	Note (2) 附註(2)	3,096,650	-	-	-	-	3,096,650	-
Other employee participants 其他僱員參與者	December 12, 2022 2022年12月12日	Note (1) 附註(1)	-	Note (2) 附註(2)	46,410,000	-	-	-	-	46,410,000	-
Related Entity Participants 關聯實體參與者	December 12, 2022 2022年12月12日	Note (1) 附註(1)	-	Note (2) 附註(2)	3,096,650	-	-	-	-	3,096,650	-
Total 總計					61,933,000	-	-	-	-	61,933,000	

Notes:

- (1) The maximum vesting period of the unvested awards is ten years from the date of agreement of the vesting conditions by the Company and the grantees.
- (2) The Board has established an incentive evaluation committee and performance targets guidelines (mainly including future performance indicators and contributions to the Group). Whether the awards are vested will be determined based on when the performance targets will be set by the Board or the incentive evaluation committee and whether the performance targets will be met by the relevant grantees according to performance targets guidelines from time to time. The above awards were granted before the Listing and the fair value of the above awards is not applicable as of the date of this annual report.

附註：

- (1) 未歸屬獎勵的最長歸屬期為自本公司及承授人同意歸屬條件之日起十年。
- (2) 董事會已設立激勵評估委員會及績效目標指引（主要包括未來績效指標及對本集團的貢獻）。獎勵是否歸屬將根據董事會或激勵評估委員會制定績效目標的時間及相關承授人是否根據績效目標指引不時達成績效目標而定。上述獎勵乃於上市前授出，且上述獎勵的公允值於截至本年報日期並不適用。

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CONVERTIBLE BONDS

As of December 31, 2025, the Company has not issued any convertible bonds (December 31, 2024: nil).

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENT

Other than the Share Award Scheme, no equity-linked agreements that will or may result in the Company issuing shares, or that require the Company to enter into any agreements that will or may result in the Company issuing shares, were entered into by the Company for the year ended December 31, 2025.

INVESTMENT POLICY

The Company's investment policy aims to preserve and grow its assets while exploring strategic opportunities that align with its corporate strategy and principal business operations. The purpose of the investments is to generate long-term value, maintain sufficient liquidity for operational needs, and foster potential synergies with other enterprises to support future growth. The investment strategy is closely aligned with the Company's corporate strategy, focusing on assets that complement its principal businesses and strategic priorities.

Investments of the Company may include equity investments, acquisitions of assets, establishment of subsidiaries or joint ventures, securities and fund investments, entrusted wealth management, and other permitted investment activities. The Company does not engage in speculative investment activities and generally avoids high-risk or highly leveraged financial products.

Investment decisions are subject to its internal control mechanism, including pre-investment evaluation and due diligence procedures, concentration monitoring and periodic review of performance and risks, as well as a tiered approval mechanism based on transaction size. Significant investments are subject to audit or valuation requirements where applicable. The Board shall oversee the investment strategy and risk management. The Company shall also ensure compliance with applicable disclosure obligations under the Hong Kong Listing Rules in respect of the investment activities.

COMPLIANCE WITH THE CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE

The Company has adopted the code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") as set out in Appendix C1 to the Listing Rules.

In response to the amendments to the CG Code effective on July 1, 2025, the Board has approved changes to the terms of reference for the nomination committee. For details, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated June 30, 2025.

The Company regularly reviews its compliance with CG Code and to the best knowledge of the Directors, the Company has complied with all the applicable principles and code provisions as set out in the CG Code throughout the Reporting Period and up to the date of this annual report.

可轉換債券

截至2025年12月31日，本公司並無發行任何可轉換債券（2024年12月31日：無）。

權益掛鈎協議

除股份獎勵計劃外，截至2025年12月31日止年度，本公司概無訂立任何將會或可能導致本公司發行股份或規定本公司訂立將會或可能導致本公司發行股份的任何協議的權益掛鈎協議。

投資政策

本公司的投資政策旨在保存及增長其資產，同時探索符合其企業策略及主要業務營運的戰略機遇。投資的目的是產生長期價值，維持足夠的流動性以滿足營運需求，並促進與其他企業的潛在協同效應以支持未來增長。投資策略與本公司的企業策略緊密一致，專注於補充其主要業務及戰略重點的資產。

本公司的投資可能包括股權投資、收購資產、成立附屬公司或合資企業、證券及基金投資、委託理財以及其他允許的投資活動。本公司不從事投機性投資活動，並通常避免高風險或高槓桿的金融產品。

投資決策受其內部控制機制約束，包括投資前評估及盡職調查程序、集中度監控及定期審查表現與風險，以及基於交易規模的分級審批機制。重大投資在適用情況下須符合審計或估值要求。董事會應監督投資策略及風險管理。本公司亦應確保遵守香港上市規則下有關投資活動的適用披露義務。

遵守《企業管治守則》

本公司已採納上市規則附錄C1所載《企業管治守則》（「《企業管治守則》」）的守則條文。

為配合於2025年7月1日生效的《企業管治守則》修訂，董事會已批准對提名委員會職權範圍之變動。詳情請參閱本公司日期為2025年6月30日的公告。

本公司定期審查其遵守《企業管治守則》的情況，據董事所深知，本公司於報告期內及直至本年報日期一直遵守《企業管治守則》所載的所有適用原則及守則條文。

MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the “**Model Code**”) as set out in Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules as its own code of conduct regarding Directors’ dealings in securities of the Company. Specific inquiries have been made by the Company to all Directors and the Directors have confirmed that they have complied with the Model Code throughout the Reporting Period and up to the date of this annual report.

The Company’s employees, who are likely to be in possession of inside information about the Company, have also been subject to the Model Code for securities transactions. No incident of non-compliance with the Model Code by the employees was noted by the Company throughout the Reporting Period and up to the date of this annual report.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY’S LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company’s securities (including sale or transfer of treasury shares of the Company) listed on the Stock Exchange or other stock exchanges during the Reporting Period and up to the date of this annual report. As of December 31, 2025, the Company did not hold any treasury Shares.

OFFERING OF ADS IN THE UNITED STATES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

In May 2024, the Company completed the Offering and issued 3,096,600 ADSs (representing 30,966,000 ordinary shares of the Company with total nominal value of US\$154.83) at a price of US\$19.56 per ADS (with a net price of US\$16.76 per ADS) to not fewer than six placees (being professional or other investors whom the underwriter selected pursuant to the underwriting agreement). The 30,966,000 Shares were issued at approximately HK\$15.28 per Share, representing a discount of approximately 9.80% to the closing price of HK\$16.94 per Share as quoted on the Stock Exchange on May 16, 2024 (Hong Kong time), being the last trading day immediately prior to the pricing date of the Offering. Upon closing of the Offering, the Company received a total of net proceeds of US\$51.91 million (after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions and other offering expenses) (the “**Net Proceeds**”).

The Directors consider that the Offering represents an opportunity to gain access to an untapped pool of investors and develop a presence in the securities market in the United States.

證券交易標準守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄C3所載上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則（「標準守則」）作為其本身有關董事買賣本公司證券的行為守則。本公司已向所有董事作出具體問詢，而董事均已確認其於報告期內及直至本年報日期一直遵守標準守則。

可能擁有本公司內幕消息的本公司僱員進行證券交易亦受標準守則的約束。於報告期內及直至本年報日期，本公司並未發現僱員違反標準守則的任何事件。

本公司上市證券的購買、出售或贖回

於報告期內及直至本年報日期，本公司及其任何附屬公司並無購買、出售或贖回本公司於聯交所或其他證券交易所上市的任何證券（包括出售或轉讓本公司庫存股份）。截至2025年12月31日，本公司並無持有任何庫存股份。

於美國發售美國存託股份及所得款項用途

於2024年5月，本公司完成發售並以每股美國存託股份19.56美元的價格（每股美國存託股份淨價16.76美元）向不少於六名承配人（即承銷商根據承銷協議選擇的專業或其他投資者）發行3,096,600股美國存託股份（代表合計總面值為154.83美元的30,966,000股本公司普通股）。該30,966,000股股份以每股股份約15.28港元的價格發行，較2024年5月16日（香港時間，即發售定價日期前最後一個交易日）在聯交所所報收市價每股股份16.94港元折讓約9.80%。此次發售結束後，經扣除承銷折扣及佣金以及其他發售開支後，本公司獲得所得款項淨額合計51.91百萬美元（「所得款項淨額」）。

董事認為，此次發售是本公司接觸尚未開發的投資者群體並爭取在美國證券市場佔據一席之地的一個機會。

Directors' Report

董事會報告

As of the date of this annual report, there was no change in the intended use of Net Proceeds in the announcements of the Company dated May 21, 2024 and May 28, 2024. The Group will utilize the Net Proceeds in accordance with the intended purposes as set out in the above-mentioned announcements of the Company.

As of December 31, 2025, the Net Proceeds were utilized in accordance with the intended uses as follows:

Description	Percentage to the Net Proceeds	Allocation of the Net Proceeds	Unutilized amount as of the beginning of the Reporting Period	Utilized amount during the Reporting Period	Unutilized amount as of the end of the Reporting Period	Expected timeline for utilizing the unutilized Net Proceeds
描述	所得款項淨額百分比	所得款項淨額的分配	截至報告期初未動用金額	報告期間已動用金額	截至報告期末未動用金額	未動用所得款項淨額的預期動用時間表
		(US\$ in million) (百萬美元)	(US\$ in million) (百萬美元)	(US\$ in million) (百萬美元)	(US\$ in million) (百萬美元)	
Strengthening brand and expanding restaurant network globally	70%	36.34	19.29	19.29	-	-
加強品牌及擴展全球門店網絡						
Investing in supply chain management capabilities, such as building more central kitchens	10%	5.19	4.44	2.73	1.71	by the end of 2026
投資供應鏈管理能力，例如建立更多中央廚房						2026年年底前
Research and development to enhance digitalization and other technologies used in restaurant management	10%	5.19	3.87	2.62	1.25	by the end of 2026
研究及開發，以提升門店管理所使用的數字化及其他技術						2026年年底前
Working capital and other general corporate purposes	10%	5.19	3.09	3.09	-	-
營運資金及其他一般企業用途						
Total	100%	51.91	30.69	27.73	2.96	
總計						

截至本年報日期，本公司日期為2024年5月21日及2024年5月28日的公告中所得款項淨額擬定用途概無發生變動。本集團將根據本公司上述公告所載擬定用途動用所得款項淨額。

截至2025年12月31日，所得款項淨額根據擬定用途的動用情況如下：

Note: The sum of the data may not add up to the total due to rounding. Certain amounts presented in US\$ million may not precisely reconcile to the corresponding amounts presented in US\$ due to rounding.

附註：由於約整，數據的總和可能不等於總數。由於約整，以百萬美元列示的若干金額與以美元列示的相應金額未必完全一致。

AUDITOR AND AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2025 have been audited by Deloitte & Touche LLP, being an “overseas auditor” under the Accounting and Financial Reporting Council Ordinance (Cap. 588 of Laws of Hong Kong) in accordance with IFRS. Deloitte & Touche LLP will retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment. A resolution for their re-appointment as auditor of the Company will be proposed at the AGM.

The Audit Committee has, together with the management and auditor of the Company, considered and reviewed the Group’s annual results for the year ended December 31, 2025, the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Company and the Group and discussed matters in relation to internal control and financial reporting with the management. The Audit Committee considers that the annual financial results for the year ended December 31, 2025 are in compliance with the relevant accounting standards, rules and regulations and appropriate disclosures have been duly made. There is no disagreement between the Board and the Audit Committee regarding the accounting treatment adopted by the Company.

There was no change in auditor of the Company in any of the preceding three years.

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

The Directors are not aware of any significant event requiring disclosure that has taken place subsequent to December 31, 2025 and up to the date of this annual report.

AGM AND RECORD DATE

The AGM is expected to be held by way of online meeting on Friday, June 12, 2026 at 11:00 a.m., Hong Kong Time (Thursday, June 11, 2026, at 11:00 p.m., U.S. Eastern Time) or any adjournment thereof. A notice convening the AGM will be published and dispatched (if requested) to the Shareholders in the manner required by the Hong Kong Listing Rules and the Articles of Association in due course. The Company will separately announce the record date for the AGM in accordance with the Hong Kong Listing Rules and the Articles of Association in due course.

核數師及審計委員會

截至2025年12月31日止年度的財務報表已由Deloitte & Touche LLP (為香港法例第588章《會計及財務匯報局條例》下的「境外核數師」) 根據國際財務報告準則審核。Deloitte & Touche LLP將會退任並合資格應聘續任。有關續聘彼等為本公司核數師的決議案將於股東週年大會上提呈。

審計委員會連同本公司管理層及核數師已考慮及審閱本集團截至2025年12月31日止年度的年度業績以及本公司及本集團採納的會計原則和慣例，並已與管理層討論有關內部控制和財務報告事宜。審計委員會認為截至2025年12月31日止年度的年度財務業績符合相關的會計標準、規則和條例，並已正式作出適當披露。董事會和審計委員會對本公司採納的會計處理並無分歧。

過去三年本公司核數師並無任何變動。

報告期後事項

董事並不知悉任何於2025年12月31日之後及直至本年報日期發生的須予披露的重大事件。

股東週年大會及記錄日期

預計將於香港時間2026年6月12日(星期五)上午十一時正(美國東部時間2026年6月11日(星期四)下午十一時正)以線上會議的方式舉行股東週年大會或其任何續會。一份載有召開股東週年大會的通告將以香港上市規則及組織章程細則規定的方式適時刊發及寄發(如有要求)予股東。本公司將根據香港上市規則及組織章程細則適時另行公佈股東週年大會的記錄日期。

Directors' Report

董事會報告

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OBLIGATION PURSUANT TO THE HONG KONG LISTING RULES

As of December 31, 2025, the Directors were not aware of any circumstances giving rise to the disclosure obligations under Rules 13.20, 13.21 and 13.22 of the Hong Kong Listing Rules.

By order of the Board
SHU Ping
Chairperson of the Board

Hong Kong, March 31, 2026

根據香港上市規則的持續披露責任

截至2025年12月31日，董事概不知悉任何導致香港上市規則第13.20條、第13.21條及第13.22條項下披露責任的情況。

承董事會命
舒萍
董事會主席

香港，2026年3月31日

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

環境、社會及管治報告

INTRODUCTION OF THE REPORT

Super Hi regards the robust environmental, social, and governance (“ESG”) framework as key to creating sustainable value. To achieve this goal, we are committed to internalizing our commitment to sustainable development into our long-term corporate strategy and externalizing it through our global business expansion and our assumption of social responsibility, with a view to collaborating with partners to jointly drive multi-dimensional high-quality development of the economy, society, and environment.

Organizational Scope of the Report

This report covers SUPER HI INTERNATIONAL HOLDING LTD. (referred to as “Super Hi”, “the Company”, or “we/us”), and unless otherwise stated, the report covers the same scope as the annual report.

Release Cycle of the Report

The report covers the period from January 1, 2025 to December 31, 2025 (referred to as the “Reporting Period” or “this Year” or “This Year”), and certain content may be beyond the aforesaid period for the purpose of explanation.

Basis for Preparation of the Report

This report was prepared in accordance with the Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Code (the “Code”) as set out in Appendix C2 to the Hong Kong Listing Rules issued by The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “Stock Exchange”). The Board of Directors (the “Board”) of the Company has considered, approved, and confirmed the content of this report and assumes full responsibility for the information reported therein.

報告說明

特海將完善的環境、社會及管治(「ESG」)視作創造可持續價值的關鍵。為達成此目標，我們致力於將可持續發展的承諾，內化於長遠的企業戰略，外化於全球業務的開拓與社會責任的擔當，以期與夥伴攜手，共創經濟、社會與環境的多維高質量發展。

報告組織範圍

本報告覆蓋特海国际控股有限公司(簡稱「特海」、「本公司」或「我們」)，除非另有說明，報告覆蓋範圍與年報一致。

報告發佈週期

本報告涵蓋的時間範圍為2025年1月1日至2025年12月31日(後稱「報告期」或「本年度」)，部分內容或因闡述需要超出上述時間範圍。

報告編製依據

本報告依據香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)發佈的《香港上市規則》附錄C2《環境、社會及管治報告守則》(「《守則》」)編製。本公司的董事會(「董事會」)，已審議並確認本報告的內容，並對本報告所匯報的內容承擔全部責任。

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

環境、社會及管治報告

Reporting Principles

This report was prepared in compliance with the specifications in the Code, including “mandatory disclosure requirements” and “comply or explain” provisions. The report was prepared on the principles of materiality, quantitative, balance, and consistency.

Materiality: We have identified the material environmental, social and governance factors and have disclosed in this report the processes of identification and the criteria for selecting these factors, as well as the processes of engaging with important stakeholders and identifying material topics.

Quantitative: The statistical standards, methods, assumptions, and/or calculation tools used to report emissions/energy consumption (if applicable) in this report, as well as the sources of conversion factors, are explained in the report.

Balance: This report provides a fair and balanced overview, presenting the Company’s performance during the Reporting Period in an unbiased manner, avoiding the potential for inappropriate influence on reader decisions or judgments in terms of selection, omission, or reporting format.

Consistency: The statistical methods used in disclosing the data in this report are consistent with the previous year. Any changes will be clearly stated in the report.

Description of Data

Certain financial data in the report are derived from the financial statements of FY2025. In case of discrepancies between this report and the annual report, the latter shall prevail. Other data are mainly associated with FY2025, while certain data beyond the aforesaid period are mainly from the statistics of the internal system of the Company and its subsidiaries and branches. Unless otherwise stated, the amounts in this report are denominated in USD.

報告匯報原則

本報告已遵守《守則》中「強制披露規定」及「不遵守就解釋」的條文作出匯報，以重要性、量化、平衡及一致性四個匯報原則作為編製基礎。

重要性： 我們已識別重要的環境、社會及管治因素，並於報告中披露識別的過程及選擇這些因素的準則，並已披露與重要利益相關方的溝通及識別實質性議題的過程。

量化： 本報告中有關匯報排放量／能源耗用（如適用）所用的統計標準、方法、假設及／或計算工具，以及轉換因素的來源，均在報告中進行說明。

平衡： 本報告提供無偏頗的表現概況，不偏不倚地呈報本公司報告期內的表現，避免可能會不恰當地影響讀者決策或判斷的選擇、遺漏或呈報格式。

一致性： 本報告披露數據所使用的統計方法均與去年保持一致。如有變更，將於報告中清楚說明。

報告數據說明

報告中的部分財務數據來自2025財年財務報表，如本報告與年報不一致，請以年報為準。其他數據以2025財年為主，部分內容超出上述範圍，主要來源於本公司內部系統及各子分公司統計數據。本報告所涉及貨幣金額以美元作為計量幣種，特別說明除外。

Language of the Report

This report is published in both traditional Chinese and English. In case of any discrepancy, the traditional Chinese version shall prevail.

SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT AND GOVERNANCE

Board Statement

Super Hi recognizes that robust sustainable governance is the cornerstone for long-term development. Therefore, the Board incorporates ESG issues into its core responsibilities and is responsible for formulating, approving, and reviewing the Company's ESG vision, policies, and goals. It conducts at least an annual assessment and determination of ESG-related risks and oversees and guides the Company's ESG risk mitigation plans and management practices. The Board is also responsible for reviewing existing strategies, targets, and internal controls, continuously monitoring the implementation and effectiveness of our ESG policies. In accordance with applicable laws, regulations, and policies, the Board oversees and controls ESG-related issues and sets annual ESG work targets to drive continuous improvement.

To implement the Board's decisions, the Company has established a dedicated ESG Working Group. The group is responsible for the specific implementation of ESG policies, targets, and strategies, conducting materiality assessments on environmental, climate, and social issues, evaluating how to adjust our business in response to climate change, and collecting ESG data from relevant stakeholders. To continuously monitor our ESG performance, we review the results of materiality issues annually to confirm the suitability of the identified issues and ensure our strategies effectively respond to the expectations of a wide range of stakeholders regarding our sustainable development. In the future, we will also regularly evaluate and optimize ESG targets to ensure that they will remain appropriate and forward-looking.

報告語言

本報告以繁體中文和英文兩個語言版本發佈，如有歧義，請以繁體中文版本為準。

可持續發展管治

董事會聲明

特海深知，健全的可持續管治是長期發展的基石。為此，董事會將ESG事宜納入核心職責，負責制定、審批和審查本公司的ESG願景、政策和目標，至少每年一次評估及確定ESG相關風險，並監督和指導本公司的ESG風險緩解計劃和管理辦法。董事會亦負責審查現有的策略、目標和內部控制，持續監控我們ESG政策的實施及其有效性。根據適用的法律、法規和政策，監督及控制ESG相關事宜的工作，並設定年度ESG工作目標以推動持續改進。

為落實董事會決策，公司設立了專門的ESG工作小組。該小組負責ESG政策、目標及策略的具體執行，對環境、氣候、社會相關議題進行重要性評估，評估如何根據氣候變化調整我們的業務並從相關利益相關方收集ESG數據。為持續監控我們的ESG表現，我們每年都會審視重要性議題結果，以確認議題適用性，並確保我們的策略能夠有效回應廣泛利益相關方對本公司可持續發展的期望。未來，我們還將定期評估並優化ESG目標，以保持其適用性與前瞻性。

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

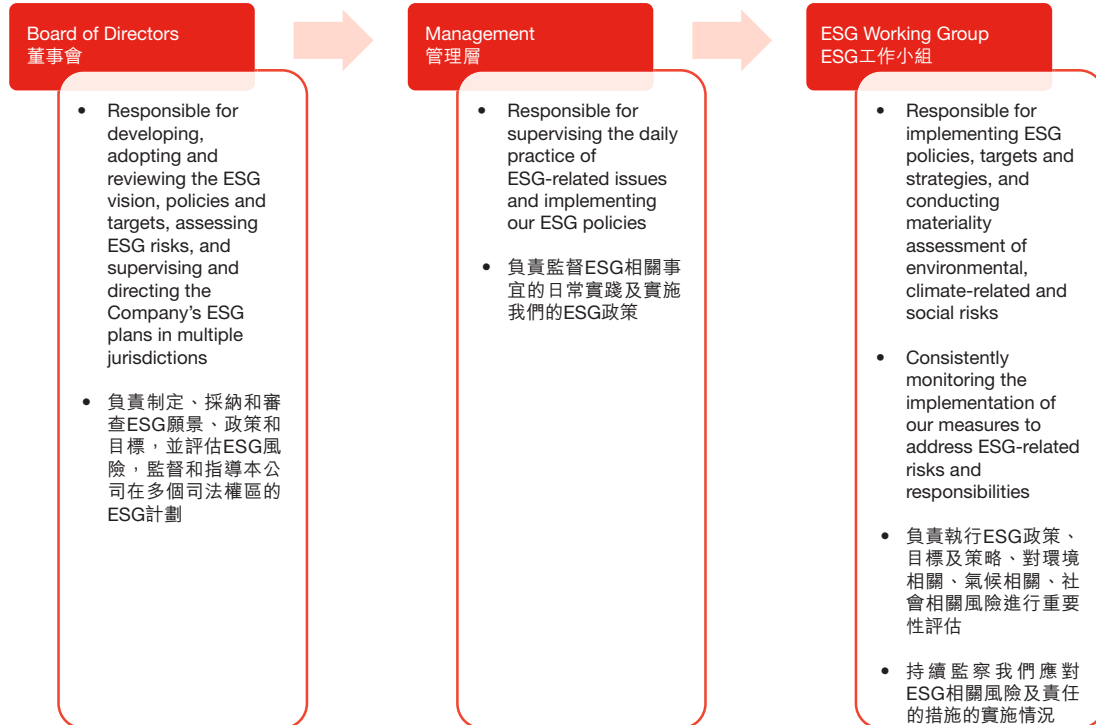
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Sustainability Management System

To continuously enhance Super Hi's ESG management effectiveness, we are committed to optimizing internal collaboration mechanisms, improving communication channels with stakeholders, and deeply integrating sustainable development concepts into daily operations. The Board assumes leadership and supervision responsibilities for ESG work, and is responsible for formulating and reviewing annual ESG work targets, reviewing and evaluating the progress and results of ESG work, and controlling the overall strategic direction. The management team is responsible for promoting and overseeing the execution of ESG-related work. The ESG working group, consisting of employees from the Financial Department, Office of the Board, and Quality Control Center, is responsible for implementing and monitoring the progress of ESG policies, assessing risks, holding regular meetings, reporting on the Company's ESG performance and the effectiveness of ESG systems to the Board and management team, and providing recommendations. Furthermore, the group is responsible for compiling ESG reports and continuously monitoring the implementation of measures to address ESG-related risks and responsibilities.

可持續發展管理體系

為持續提升特海的ESG管理效能，我們致力於優化內部協同機制，健全利益相關方溝通渠道，將可持續發展理念深度融入日常運營。董事會承擔ESG工作的領導與監督職責，負責制定並審視年度ESG工作目標，檢討和評估ESG工作的進度及成效，並把控整體策略方向；管理層則負責推進並監督ESG相關工作的執行；ESG工作小組由財務部、董事會辦公室及質量控制中心的員工組成，負責執行並監察ESG政策的實施進度、評估風險，並定期舉行會議，向董事會與管理層匯報ESG績效及制度有效性，提出改進建議。此外，該小組還負責編製ESG報告，並持續跟蹤ESG相關風險與責任的應對措施執行情況。



Communication with Stakeholders

Super Hi recognizes that the trust and support of stakeholders are fundamental to its continuous prosperity. Accordingly, we have established diverse communication channels to stay informed of the opinions and perspectives of various stakeholders and continuously improve based on their priorities of expectations. This Year, the summary of our communication with major stakeholders is as follows:

利益相關方溝通

特海深知，利益相關方的信任與支持是企業持續繁榮的根本。我們據此建立了多元化溝通渠道，以持續傾聽各方反饋，並針對其關注重點進行優化與改進。本年度，我們與主要利益相關方溝通的概況總結如下：

Major Stakeholders 主要利益相關方	Expectations and Requirements 期望與要求	Main Means of Participation 主要參與方式	Frequency of Communication 溝通頻率
Shareholders/investors 股東／投資者	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Long-term and stable development of the Company 企業長期穩定發展 Operation with integrity and transparency 廉潔透明運營 Timely and accurate disclosure of information 及時準確的信息披露 Zero risk of food safety 食品安全零風險 	<p>Annual shareholders' general meeting and other shareholders' general meetings 股東週年大會與其他股東大會</p> <p>Interim reports and annual reports 中期報告與年報</p> <p>Announcements 公司公告</p> <p>Corporate communications, such as letters/communications to shareholders and meeting notices 企業通訊，如致股東信件／通函及會議通知</p> <p>Shareholder/investor conferences, roadshows, and other activities 股東／投資者會議、路演及其他活動</p> <p>Performance announcement/performance press conference 業績公佈／業績發佈會</p> <p>Dedicated email for investor relations and hotline 投資者關係專用郵箱及熱線電話</p> <p>Feedback on the Company's official website 公司官網反饋</p> <p>Websites of Stock Exchange/United States Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC)/the Company 聯交所／美國證券交易委員會／公司網站</p> <p>Regular information disclosure 定期信息披露</p>	<p>Regular 定期</p> <p>Annually 一年一次</p> <p>According to the Hong Kong Listing Rules, as the case may be 根據香港上市規則實際發生為主</p> <p>As the case may be 實際發生</p> <p>As the case may be 實際發生</p> <p>Regular 定期</p> <p>Open anytime 隨時開放</p> <p>Open anytime 隨時開放</p> <p>Irregular information disclosure 不定期公佈信息</p> <p>Regular 定期</p>

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Major Stakeholders 主要利益相關方	Expectations and Requirements 期望與要求	Main Means of Participation 主要參與方式	Frequency of Communication 溝通頻率
Government/regulators 政府／監管機構	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Operation with compliance • 合規運營 • Strict internal control and risk management • 嚴格的內部控制和風險管理 • Timely and accurate disclosure of information • 及時準確的信息披露 • Responsible public company image • 負責任的公眾公司形象 • Fostering economic development • 促進經濟發展 • Exemplary contribution to the society • 突出社會貢獻 • Safe operation • 安全運營 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Regular information reporting 定期信息報送 Conferences/symposiums 會議／研討會 Daily communication 日常溝通 Special check/inspection 特別查詢／檢查 File issuance and submission/on-site guidance 文件下發與遞交／現場指導 Compliance Reports 合規報告 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Regular 定期 Irregular 不定期 Irregular 不定期 Regular 定期 Irregular 不定期 Regular delivery 定期發送
Consumers 消費者	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Food safety • 食品安全 • Quality service experience • 優質服務體驗 • Nutritious and healthy food • 營養健康的食品 • Diversified high-quality products • 多元高質產品 • Personal privacy protection • 個人隱私保護 • Value-added services • 增值服務 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Customer satisfaction survey and feedback form 客戶滿意度調查和意見表 Customer service center and hotline 客戶服務中心和熱線 Service complaints and responses 服務投訴與回應 Communication regarding service of restaurants 餐廳服務溝通 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Irregular 不定期 Open anytime 隨時開放 Respond within 24 hours 24小時內回應 Regular 定期

Major Stakeholders 主要利益相關方	Expectations and Requirements 期望與要求	Main Means of Participation 主要參與方式	Frequency of Communication 溝通頻率
Employees 員工	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Rights and interests protection of employees • 保障員工權益 • Occupational health and safety • 職業健康及安全 • Improving the remuneration and benefits of employees • 改善員工薪酬福利 • Equal employment opportunity • 平等就業機會 • Training and development • 培訓與發展 	<p>Employee opinion surveys/channels for employees to express opinions (forms, suggestion boxes, etc.) 員工意見調查／員工表達意見的渠道（表格，意見箱等）</p> <p>Labor contracts 勞動合同</p> <p>Employee service center 員工服務中心</p> <p>Employee communication meetings 員工溝通會議</p> <p>Workflow and system formulation method 流程制度制定辦法</p>	<p>Irregular/channels: employee service center and email or hotline 不定期／渠道：員工服務中心以及郵箱或者電話</p> <p>Regular 定期</p> <p>Always open 持續開放</p> <p>Regular, weekly 定期、一週一次</p> <p>Regular update and revision 定期更新以及修改</p>
Suppliers/partners 供應商／合作夥伴	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Building long-term business relationships • 建立長期業務關係 • Fair procurement policy • 公平採購 • Fulfilment of promises • 誠信履約 • Collaborating to achieve a win-win situation • 合作共贏 	<p>Regular supplier meetings 定期供應商會議</p> <p>Supplier/contractor assessment system 供應商／承辦商評估制度</p> <p>On-site inspection 實地視察</p>	<p>Regular 定期</p> <p>Regular update 定期更新</p> <p>Irregular 不定期</p>

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Major Stakeholders 主要利益相關方	Expectations and Requirements 期望與要求	Main Means of Participation 主要參與方式	Frequency of Communication 溝通頻率
Environmental groups 環保團體	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Adhering to green operation 堅持綠色運營 Advocacy of environmental protection ideas 倡導環保理念 	Environmental information disclosure 環境信息披露	Regular, ESG report disclosure 定期，ESG報告披露
Communities/the public 社區／公眾	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Organizing activities for community charity 開展社會公益 Promoting community harmony 促進和諧發展 	Information disclosure 信息披露 Participation in charitable activities 參與公益活動	Regular 定期 Irregular 不定期
Media 傳媒	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Environmental and social responsibility 環境社會責任 	Senior management interview 高級管理人員訪問 Performance announcement 業績公佈	Irregular 不定期 Regular 定期

Analysis of Material Issues

To define the key scope of our ESG practices and information disclosures, we conducted a materiality assessment, aiming to accurately identify core issues closely related to our business, and deeply understand stakeholder expectations. The specific process of identifying materiality issues is as follows:

重要性議題分析

為界定ESG實踐與信息披露的關鍵範疇，我們開展了重要性評估，旨在精準識別與業務緊密相關的核心議題，並深入理解利益相關方的期望。具體的重要性議題識別過程如下：

1. Identifying the material issues database 1. 識別重要性議題庫

With reference to the disclosure obligations covered in the Code and the Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB), as well as the Morgan Stanley Capital International (MSCI) Materiality Map, we have identified a series of material issues, which cover five areas: product responsibility, operation and governance, employment and labor practices, environment, and communities. In the form of online questionnaire, we invited stakeholders to rate the materiality of each issue to themselves and the Company's business. We conducted evaluation and analysis on the results collected, and formed an ESG materiality matrix after screening and ranking.

我們參考《守則》所涵蓋的披露責任，並參考永續會計準則委員會（Sustainability Accounting Standards Board, SASB），以及摩根士丹利資本國際（Morgan Stanley Capital International, MSCI）重要性議題庫，釐定一系列重要議題，涵蓋產品責任、營運及管治、僱傭及勞動常規、環境、社區5個範疇。以線上問卷的形式，我們邀請利益相關方就各議題對他們及本公司業務的重要性作出評分，收集意見後進行評估分析，排序形成ESG重要性議題矩陣。

2. Questionnaire survey 2. 問卷調查

We invited internal and external stakeholders to participate in an online questionnaire. Internal stakeholders include directors and senior management, while external stakeholders include suppliers and partners, experts, players in the same industry, employees, government and regulators, consumers, community and the public, shareholders/investors, and other groups.

我們邀請了內部及外部利益相關方參與在線問卷調查。內部利益相關方包括董事、高級管理層，外部利益相關方包括供應商及合作夥伴、專家、同業、員工、政府及監管機構、消費者、社區及公眾、股東／投資者、及其他團體。

3. Analysis of material issues 3. 重要性議題分析

We analyzed the materiality of each issue based on its “materiality to Super Hi” and “materiality to stakeholders”, and formulated a materiality matrix, to summarize the analysis results.

我們根據「對特海的重要性」及「對利益相關方的重要性」分析各議題的重要性，並繪製重要性議題矩陣，歸納分析結果。

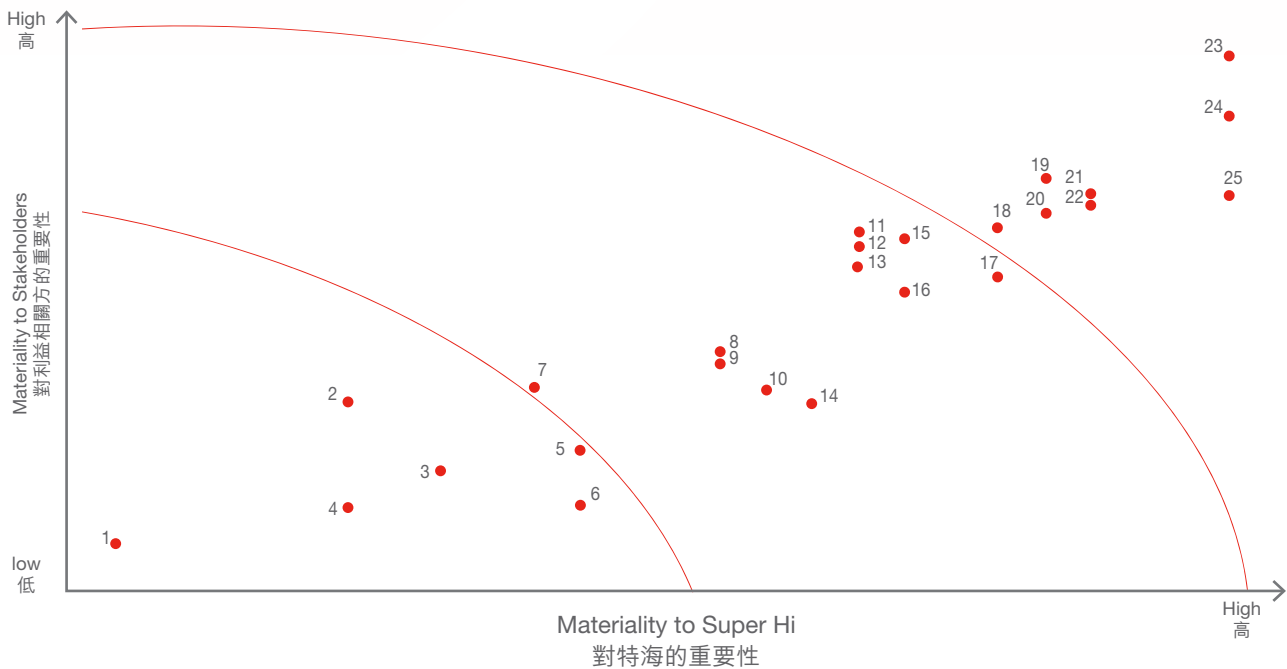
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Through the materiality assessment, we identified 25 ESG material issues, including 8 highly material issues, 11 moderately material issues, and 6 generally material issues. As there have been no significant changes to our scope of business this Year, we have maintained the materiality assessment results from the previous year. The Board has reviewed and confirmed the results of the materiality analysis and its suitability for this Year. The analysis results of material issues are as follows:

透過重要性評估，我們識別了25個ESG重要性議題，包括8個高度重要議題，11個中度重要議題，6個一般重要議題。由於本年度業務範圍沒有重大變化，我們沿用去年度的重要性評估結果。董事會已審視並確認了重要性議題分析結果及本年度適用性。重要性議題分析結果如下：

Super Hi ESG Materiality Matrix for 2025
特海2025年ESG重要性議題矩陣



- | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|---|
| 1 Combat climate change
應對氣候變化 | 6 Environmental welfare practice
踐行環保公益 | 11 Dining environment
就餐環境 | 16 Nutrition and health
營養與健康 | 21 Occupational health and safety
職業健康和安 |
| 2 Smart operation
智慧化運營 | 7 Product diversification
產品多元化 | 12 Care for employees
員工關愛 | 17 Open and fair procurement
公開公平採購 | 22 Corporate governance
公司治理 |
| 3 Community construction
社區建設 | 8 Responsible marketing
負責任營銷 | 13 Employees' salaries and benefits
員工薪酬福利 | 18 Employee training and development
員工培訓和發展 | 23 Food safety
食品安全 |
| 4 Environment and natural resources
環境及天然資源 | 9 Food loss
食物損耗 | 14 Product development and innovation
產品研發與創新 | 19 Protection of employees' rights and interests
員工權益保護 | 24 Food quality
餐食品質 |
| 5 Procurement of environmentally friendly materials
環保物料採購 | 10 Waste management
廢棄物管理 | 15 Equal employment
平等僱傭 | 20 Management of supply chain risk
供應鏈風險管理 | 25 Anti-corruption training
反貪污培訓 |

We have responded to the highly material issues of stakeholders in the report, and the corresponding chapters are as follows:

我們已在報告內對利益相關方高度重要的議題做出了回應，報告對應章節如下：

Highly Material Issue 高度重要議題	Corresponding Chapter 對應章節
Food safety 食品安全	1.1 Building Food Safety Defenses 1.1 築牢食安防線
Food quality 餐品品質	1.1 Building Food Safety Defenses 1.1 築牢食安防線
Anti-corruption training 反貪污培訓	3.1 Clean and Compliant Operations 3.1 廉正合規經營
Occupational health and safety 職業健康和安全	4.3 Occupational Safety Protection 4.3 職業安全保障
Protection of employees' rights and interests 員工權益保護	4.1 Adhering to Compliant Employment 4.1 恪守僱傭合規
Corporate governance 公司治理	3.1 Clean and Compliant Operations 3.1 廉正合規經營
Management of supply chain risk 供應鏈風險管理	3.2 Sustainable Supply Chain 3.2 可持續供應鏈
Employee training and development 員工培訓和發展	4.2 Nurturing Career Growth 4.2 育才職涯成長

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1. QUALITY LEADERSHIP: COMPREHENSIVELY SAFEGUARDING FOOD SAFETY



1.1. Building Food Safety Defenses

Food safety is the cornerstone of our commitment to “upholding our commitment to providing high-quality meals”. In daily operations, we always give priority to food safety and establish strict management systems to ensure food safety. We strictly comply with local regulations on operations, including but not limited to the US’s Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, the Food and Drug Act and the Safe Food Act, the Safe Food for Canadians Act and the Canadian Food Safety Regulations in Canada, Malaysia’s Food Act and Food Regulations, Singapore’s Sale of Food Act, the Sale of Food (Food Safety) Act and Food Regulations, and Australia’s Food Regulations. In compliance with the requirements of local food safety regulations, we are committed to the development of systematic and standardized food safety management systems, continuously improve quality, and move from compliance to excellence.

1. 品質引領：全面守護食品安全



1.1. 築牢食安防線

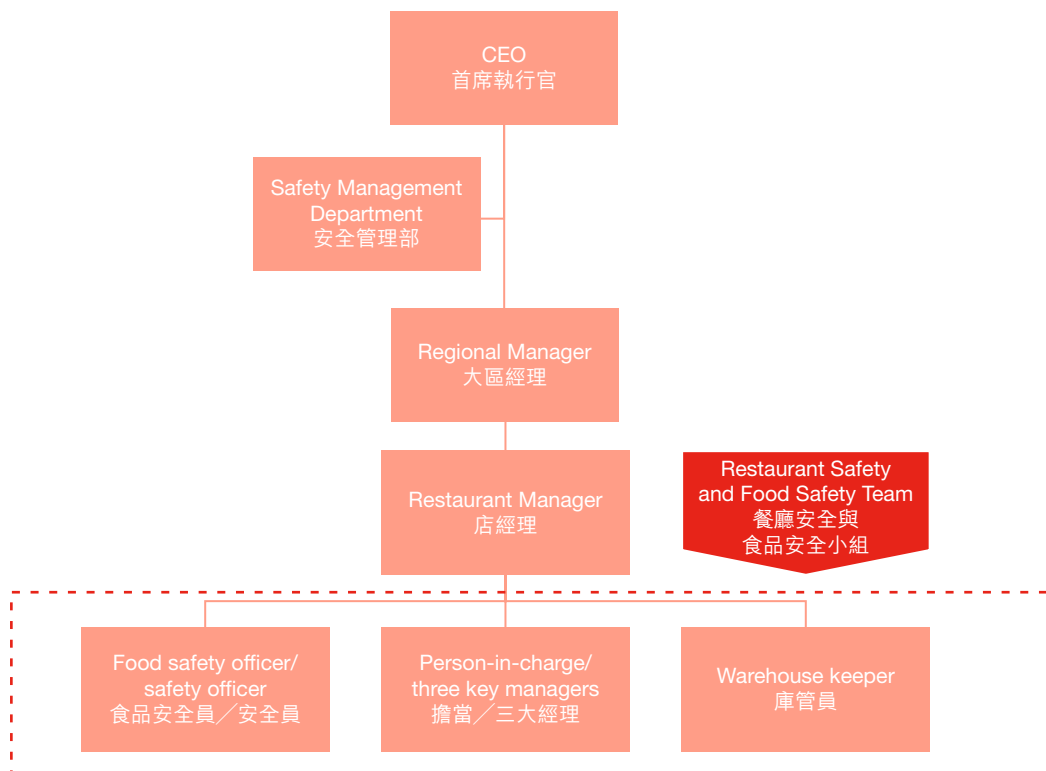
食品安全是我們「品質立身」承諾的基石。在日常運營中，我們始終將食品安全置於首要地位，並建立嚴格的管理體系予以保障。我們嚴格遵守各運營市場地的法規，包括但不限於美國的《聯邦食品、藥品和化妝品法》、《食品與藥品法》及《安全食品法》，加拿大的《食品安全法案》、《食品安全條例》，馬來西亞的《食品法》、《食品條例》，新加坡的《食品銷售法》、《食品安全保障法》及《食品條例》，澳大利亞的《食品條例》等。我們以各地食品安全法規為基準，致力於系統化、標準化食品安全管理體系的構建，持續提升品質，從合規邁向卓越。

Improving the food safety framework

We regard food safety as the core guarantee of our operations. By implementing standardized and detailed processes and clearly defining the responsibilities of each position, we integrate high-standard and high-quality catering safety targets into every aspect of our operations. Faced with the expanding restaurant scale and the extending supply chain, we always shoulder the leading responsibility to ensure that food safety standards are consistently and strictly implemented at source to the dining table. We have established a three-level control mechanism from the restaurant level to the regional level and up to the CEO. The specific food safety management framework is illustrated in the following diagram:

完善食安架構

我們將食品安全視為運營的核心保障。通過實施規範化、精細化的流程，並明確各崗位職責，我們將高標準高質量的餐飲安全目標貫穿於運營的每一環節。面對餐廳規模的擴張與供應鏈延伸，我們始終肩負起引領責任，確保從源頭到餐桌的食品安全標準得到一致且嚴格的執行。我們已建立由餐廳、區域至首席執行官的三級管控機制，具體食品安全管理架構如下圖所示：



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Management

In the food safety management system, the management team performs their respective duties, thereby forming a clear closed loop of responsibility. The CEO is responsible for approving and publishing core systems and assessing overall performance as the person with ultimate accountability, while the Safety Management Department, which undertakes the formulation, revision, and supervision of food safety systems as the professional functional hub, reports the actual situation of restaurants and non-compliance to the CEO and regional managers. In addition, the said department will undertake the training and certification of safety management personnel and new restaurant management. Regional managers are responsible for implementing the system in their respective regions, safeguarding resources, handling risks, continuing with improvement measures, supervising the effectiveness of the implementation of the system in restaurants. Furthermore, the regional managers shall regularly conduct random inspections, assessments, and feedback on restaurants to ensure that food safety management requirements are integrated into day-to-day operations, and actively encourage restaurants to obtain external certification, as part of the joint efforts to build and maintain a solid food safety defense line.

Restaurant level

As the individual primarily responsible for restaurant and food safety, the restaurant manager must lead the establishment of the restaurant safety and food safety management team, and is responsible for formulating specific compliance standards and assessment methods for each position based on corporate policies, and implementing rewards and penalties for violations through irregular on-site inspections.

管理層

在食品安全管理體系中，管理層各司其職，形成了清晰的責任閉環。首席執行官作為最終責任人，負責核心制度的簽發與整體績效的考核。安全管理部作為專業職能中樞，承擔食品安全制度的制定、修訂與監督考評，向首席執行官及大區經理反饋門店實情、通報不達標情況，並承擔安全管理人員及新門店管理層的培訓認證工作。各大區經理則負責制度在所轄區域的落地執行、資源保障、風險處理與持續改進，監督門店執行制度的效果，定期對門店進行抽查、考評與反饋，確保食品安全管理要求貫穿於日常運營之中，並積極推動門店獲得外部認證，共同構建並維護堅實的食品安全防線。

餐廳層面

店經理作為餐廳安全與食品安全的第一責任人，須牽頭組建餐廳安全與食品安全管理小組，並負責依據公司制度制定各崗位的具體遵守標準與考評辦法，通過不定期現場抽查落實違規獎懲。

We have a designated position for a food safety officer in each restaurant to ensure the implementation of food safety management practices at the operational front line. As the on-site supervisor for restaurant safety, the food safety officer is responsible for monitoring and evaluating the compliance of restaurant staff with safety and food safety protocols. His or her core responsibilities include completing daily, weekly, and monthly safety inspection items, guiding employees in implementing the Company's food safety systems, and advancing the continuous improvement of the level of food safety in the restaurants. The person in charge and three key managers are responsible for supervising and managing food safety and rectifying any food safety hazards. The warehouse keepers are specifically responsible for carrying out self-inspections of ingredients and supplies stored in the warehouse and monitoring and managing measures to prevent mold and spoilage.

To ensure that certified personnel possess comprehensive capabilities, the Company implements a rigorous audit mechanism for food safety-related positions, as follows:

- **Theoretical certification:** Relevant employees are required to complete training on food safety knowledge, systematically keep abreast of food safety-related laws, regulations, and the Company's food safety standards, and receive the relevant certification to lay the necessary theoretical foundation.
- **Professional assessment:** Employees who have completed the training and certification must further complete a professional assessment covering 10 courses, including work processes, emergency response plans for restaurant food safety incidents, and warehouse management skills. Only those who pass all the courses can obtain the position certificate and become reserve food safety officers.
- **Practical verification:** Reserve personnel must undergo a minimum of 1 month of on-site food safety work assessment under the supervision of the restaurant manager. Only employees who pass this assessment can be officially appointed as food safety officers.

我們在各餐廳均設置食品安全員崗位，旨在將食品安全管理工作深入落實到運營一線。作為餐廳安全的現場監督主體，食品安全員負責監督、考評餐廳員工安全與食品安全工作遵守情況。其核心職責包括完成每日、每週及每月的安全檢查項目，指導員工落實公司食品安全制度，並推動餐廳食品安全水平的持續提升。而擔當及三大經理則負責食品安全監督管理工作，並對食品安全隱患問題進行整改；庫管員專職負責庫房食材與用品的存儲自查及防霉變質的監督管理工作。

為確保持證人員具備全面能力，本公司對食品安全相關崗位執行嚴格的審核機制，具體如下：

- **理論認證：**相關員工需完成食品安全應知應會內容培訓，系統掌握食品安全相關法律法規和公司食品安全標準，並通過認證，奠定必要的理論基礎。
- **專業考核：**通過培訓及認證的員工，須進一步完成涵蓋工作流程、餐廳食品安全突發應急預案、庫管工作技巧等10個課程的專業考核，全部通過後方可取得崗位證書，成為後備食品安全員。
- **實踐驗證：**後備人員須在店經理監督下，進行為期不少於1個月的現場食品安全工作考核，只有通過該考核後的員工才能獲正式任命為食品安全員。

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This audit mechanism aims to ensure that food safety officers possess solid theoretical knowledge and practical skills, enabling them to firmly guard the final checkpoint of food production and ensure the stable operation of restaurant food safety work.

To deeply infuse the food safety culture into the operational value chain, we have carried out systematic construction and established systems in multiple key areas to ensure that every stage at source to the terminal is effectively regulated and controlled, including food processing, food additive management, online food ordering and delivery services, food sampling, hygiene management, pest control, and emergency response plans for food safety incidents. During the Reporting Period, our three restaurants in UAE and Singapore, and Malaysia central kitchen obtained Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Points (HACCP) system certification. A total of 7 restaurants and 1 central kitchen (Malaysia) have obtained HACCP certification, and 1 central kitchen (Singapore) has obtained ISO22000 certification. This represents not only a recognition of our daily food safety work but also a strong manifestation of the internationalization and standardization of our management system.

We extend the food safety management to the front end of the supply chain. By establishing stringent supplier management processes, we ensure that their products are in strict compliance with overseas stringent laws, regulations, and standards. We require suppliers to provide HACCP plans, process flow charts, certificates confirming compliance with overseas legal requirements, product specifications, reports on pesticide and veterinary medicine management for agricultural products, and other relevant documents. We have established Supplier Food Safety Audit Standards, which clearly outline the evaluation criteria for assessing suppliers' food safety and quality. Through a combination of document review and on-site audits, we integrate stringent food safety and quality management into every stage of the supply chain.

這套審核機制旨在確保食品安全員具備紮實的理論知識與實操技能，使其能牢牢守住餐品出品的最後一道關卡，保障餐廳食品安全工作穩健運行。

為將食品安全文化深植於營運價值鏈，我們進行了體系化建設，於多個關鍵範疇建立制度，確保從源頭到終端的每一個環節均得到有效規範與控制，包括食品加工、食品添加劑管理、網絡訂餐配送服務、食品留樣、衛生管理、蟲鼠害控制管理、食品安全事故應急處置方案等。報告期內，我們位於阿聯酋、新加坡的3家門店以及馬來西亞央廚獲得了危害分析和關鍵控制點 (Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Points, 「HACCP」) 體系認證，累積共有7家餐廳及1家中央廚房 (馬來西亞) 獲得 HACCP 體系認證，1家央廚 (新加坡) 獲得 ISO22000 體系認證。這不僅是對我們日常食品安全工作的肯定，更是我們管理體系國際化、規範化水準的有力體現。

我們將食品安全管理延伸至供應鏈前端，通過建立嚴格的供應商管理流程，確保其產品恪守海外嚴苛的法律法規與標準。我們要求供應商提供產品的 HACCP 計劃、工藝流程圖、產品符合海外法規標準要求的確認書及產品規格說明書、農副產品農藥、獸藥管理報告等。我們已制定《供應商食品安全審核規範》，為供應商在食品安全與質量方面的評估確立了明確的要求。我們通過文件審查與現場審核相結合的方式，將嚴格的食品安全與質量管理貫穿於供應鏈的每一環節。

Food safety inspection

To ensure that customers can enjoy safe and delicious meals in a worry-free, trustworthy, and hassle-free manner, the Group regards rigorous food safety management as its cornerstone. We have introduced a systematic assessment mechanism, integrating our commitment into day-to-day management details through regular and random inspections of all restaurants. Restaurants must carry out food safety self-inspections and day-to-day maintenance based on daily, weekly, and monthly restaurant food safety checklists. In 2025, a total of 1,200 on-site inspections were conducted. The Company conducts quarterly on-site ratings based on standardized assessment forms (divided into Grade A, B, and C), and the rating results are linked to restaurant self-inspections, third-party inspections, and annual performance. Through normal and standard supervision and evaluation, we actively advance the continuous improvement of the food safety management and risk prevention. During the Reporting Period, we did not have any products that required recall due to safety and health concerns.

The Company has established a rewards and penalties system closely linked to assessment results. Restaurants with excellent annual performance and multiple Grade A ratings are given “Star of Super Hi” star certification and corresponding cash incentives, forming a long-term incentive mechanism. In terms of incentives, we rewarded a total of 15 restaurants in 2025, including “Star of Super Hi” honor rewards and cash incentives, of which 3 received the “Star of Super Hi” Silver Star award. For restaurants with major violations or consistently poor ratings, graded penalties including notice of censure, demotions, and restaurant manager accountability are implemented, forming a management closed loop of “equal emphasis on incentives and constraints” to systematically safeguard operational safety and food safety.

食品安全檢查

為確保顧客在安心、放心、省心的體驗中享用安全美食，本集團將嚴謹的食品安全管理視為基石。我們建立了系統化的考核機制，通過對所有門店實施定期與不定期的檢查，將承諾融入日常管理細節。門店須依據每日、每週、每月餐廳食品安全排查表開展食品安全自查與日常維護。2025年累計進行現場檢查1,200次。公司每季度依據標準化考核表進行現場評級（分為A、B、C三級），評級結果與門店自查、第三方檢查及年度表現掛鉤。通過常態化、標準化的監督評估，我們積極推動食品安全管理的持續改進與風險預防。報告期內，我們沒有因為安全與健康理由而需要回收的產品。

公司設立了與考核結果緊密聯動的獎懲體系。對年度表現優異、多次獲評A級的門店給予「海之星」星級認證及相應現金獎勵，形成長效激勵機制。在激勵方面，2025年度我們共獎勵了15家餐廳，既包括「海之星」榮譽獎勵同時也給予現金激勵，其中有3家獲得「海之星」銀星的獎勵。而對發生重大違規或評級持續不佳的門店，則實施包括通報、降級、店經理追責等分級處罰，形成「激勵與約束並重」的管理閉環，系統化保障運營安全與食品安全。

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We implement full-process security control over personal information. We have established a comprehensive data request application process that requires applicants to submit an application stating the background, purpose, and specific privacy information involved before obtaining sensitive data. If the application involves the personal information of customers or employees, additional annexes such as confidentiality clauses in contracts are required. We conduct a rigorous review process based on the complexity and legitimacy of the request to ensure the legality and security of data usage. At the same time, we clearly stipulate that restaurants have no right to directly process member information for use in commercial promotion, always upholding respect for customer privacy and providing solid protection for personal information through standardized processes and strict supervision.

我們對個人信息實行全流程的安全管控。我們建立了完善的數據需求申請流程，要求申請人在獲取敏感數據前提交申請書，明確說明需求背景、使用目的及涉及的隱私信息內容。若申請涉及顧客或員工的個人信息，還需額外提交合同中相關的保密條款作為附件。我們將根據需求的複雜性和合理性進行嚴格審批，確保數據使用的合法性與安全性。同時，我們明確規定門店無權直接處理會員信息以用於商業推廣，始終秉持對顧客隱私的尊重，通過規範化的流程和嚴格的監管，為個人信息提供堅實的保障。

We are committed to systematically avoiding the risk of information leakage and protecting the legal rights and interests of the Company, partner organizations, and data subjects by enhancing data management and data storage mechanisms. Adhering to the principles of “secure storage, classification and grading, and clear responsibilities”, we have formulated the Data Storage System to regulate the security assessment process for data transfers, define data storage periods, and outline security measures and backup requirements. If we receive requests for information from third parties, our Data Provision Rules stipulate that a prior risk assessment must be conducted and the consent of the data subject must be obtained before providing the data. We also conduct continuous supervision of third-party data processing to ensure that all operations comply with relevant laws and regulations and protect the legal rights and interests of personal information subjects. Additionally, through the Information Data Classification and Grading Protection Management System, data is classified into four levels: “public”, “internal restricted”, “confidential”, and “highly confidential” based on value, sensitivity, impact and other aspects, with data protection measures increased accordingly with each level to prevent economic loss, brand reputation damage, and policy penalties resulting from the leakage of sensitive data. To continuously improve the security guarantee system, the Group organizes network security assessments every quarter to check the security status of the Company’s network and systems through vulnerability scanning and other methods, and promptly advances the rectification and repair of identified risks by responsible departments to continuously enhance the security protection level.

我們致力於通過強化數據管理與數據存儲機制，系統性規避信息洩露風險，並維護公司、合作機構及信息主體的合法權益。我們遵循「安全存儲、分類分級、職責明確」的基本原則制定了《數據存儲制度》，旨在規範數據出境評估流程、界定存儲期限，並明確安全措施與備份要求。面對第三方信息請求，我們的《數據對外提供規範》規定，必須在提供前完成風險評估並獲得數據主體同意。我們亦會對第三方數據處理持續監督，確保一切操作合法合規，並保障個人信息主體的合法權益。此外，通過《信息數據分類分級保護管理制度》，將數據按照價值、敏感程度、影響等維度，分為「公開」、「內部受限」、「保密」、「機密」四個級別，並隨級別提升相應加強數據保護措施，以防範因敏感數據洩露導致的經濟損失、品牌聲譽損害及政策處罰風險。為持續完善安全保障體系，本集團每季度組織網絡安全評估，通過漏洞掃描等方式檢查公司網絡與系統安全狀況，發現風險及時推動責任部門整改修復，持續提升安全防護水平。

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2.2. High-quality Dining Experience

Super Hi takes an excellent dining environment and a pleasant dining experience as its core operating principles. We require all employees to serve customers with an enthusiastic, professional, and sincere attitude, committing themselves to providing a home-away-from-home experience and a clean and comfortable dining environment, while continuously improving services through active listening to customer opinions and timely responses.

Customer experience upgrade

To continue to improve service quality and customer experience in restaurants across all global regions, we have established systematic supervision and optimization mechanisms. For instance, our Canadian restaurants identify common service issues and follow up on improvements through monthly “mystery guest” experiences and “four-color card” inspections. In addition, our Thailand restaurants undergo multi-dimensional evaluations by product visitors and auditors, supplemented by regular training to support service standardization. Furthermore, our Australian restaurants systematically optimize their service processes through dynamic staffing arrangement, cross-store inspections, and online member service expansion. Moreover, our U.S. restaurants perform quarterly service self-inspections and third-party anonymous evaluations, driving closed-loop improvement based on external feedback. Permeating our day-to-day operations, these mechanisms reflect our customer-centric commitment and continuous pursuit of service excellence.

2.2. 優質用餐體驗

特海以提供卓越的用餐環境並營造愜意的用餐體驗為核心經營準則。我們要求所有員工須秉持熱情、專業、真誠的態度服務顧客，致力於提供賓至如歸的體驗與潔淨舒適的就餐環境，同時通過積極傾聽顧客意見與及時響應，持續完善服務。

客戶體驗升級

為持續提升全球各區域餐廳的服務品質與顧客體驗，我們建立了系統化的監督與優化機制。我們的加拿大餐廳每月通過「神秘嘉賓」體驗與「四色卡」檢查識別服務共性問題並跟進改善；泰國餐廳由產品訪客與稽核人員進行多維度評估，輔以定期培訓支持服務標準化；澳大利亞餐廳通過動態崗位配置、門店交叉互檢及線上會員服務拓展，系統性優化服務流程；美國餐廳則每季執行服務自檢與第三方匿名評價，結合外部反饋推動閉環改善。這些貫穿日常運營的機制，體現了我們以顧客為中心、持續追求服務卓越的承諾。

We also continue to optimize the customer experience across different stages of the dining experience. During the ordering stage, we add prompts regarding allergen information on the interface of the tablets, preventing food safety risks at source. In markets where hot pot culture is not yet popular, we proactively provide professional advice on the cooking time for ingredients and dipping sauce combinations. Furthermore, we continuously upgrade our online queueing system and manicure queueing system while providing value-added takeaway services for customers. To enhance member experience, we have launched reminders for member rank promotions or demotions as well as notifications for expiring points, enabling more thoughtful and convenient services.

We respect and embrace the unique culture of each operating location and encourage employees to provide personalized services that incorporate local characteristics. During important traditional festivals, we foster a festive atmosphere with the community and customers by organizing themed activities and characteristic decorations. Meanwhile, placing high importance on the cultural customs and religious beliefs of each operating region, we are committed to precisely adapting to local dietary habits and religious dietary preferences. To allow customers from different cultural and religious backgrounds to enjoy food with peace of mind, we continue to deeply study the dietary habits of diverse groups and optimize menu designs and product combinations accordingly to ensure that services effectively meet the diverse needs of different customer groups.

我們亦持續在就餐體驗不同環節優化客戶體驗。在點餐環節，我們於平板界面新增過敏原提示，從源頭防範食品安全風險；在火鍋文化尚不普及的市場，我們主動提供食材烹煮時長與蘸料搭配的專業建議。此外，我們持續升級線上排號系統及美甲排號系統，並為客戶提供外賣特色化增值服務。為提升會員體驗，我們已上線會員等級升降級提醒及積分到期提醒功能，讓服務更貼心、更便捷。

我們尊重並擁抱各運營地的獨特文化，鼓勵員工提供融入本地特色的個性化服務。在重要傳統節日期間，我們通過籌辦主題活動和特色裝飾，與社區及顧客共同營造歡慶氛圍。同時，我們高度重視各運營地區的文化習俗與宗教信仰，致力於精準適配本地飲食習慣與宗教飲食偏好。為讓來自不同文化及信仰背景的顧客均能安心享用美食，我們持續深入研究多元化群體的飲食習慣，並據此優化菜單設計與餐品組合，確保服務切實契合不同客群的多元需求。

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Case
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2025 Thailand Dual-Festival Integrated Marketing 2025年度泰國雙節整合營銷

We firmly believe that respecting and integrating into local culture is an important cornerstone for the international development of an enterprise. In Thailand, we planned dual-festival activities for Father's Day and the Christmas season at the end of 2025. During Thailand's Father's Day (December 5), we launched various new products closely following the festival's representative color "yellow". Through the "Father's Day New Pot Giveaway" event, the product was launched as a sincere response to local family values. During the Christmas season, we actively cultivated a strong festive atmosphere, with employees dressed in Christmas costumes interacting with customers, and designed activities such as "Tanghulu DIY" blending Thai flavors, Christmas-themed noodle dance performances, and engaging "blind bag lucky draws", allowing international festivals to naturally integrate into the localized celebration experience. We express respect for local culture through action by participating in important local festivals. From store experiences to community interaction, we are committed to integrating into community festivals and creating wonderful memories with customers.

我們深信，尊重並融入當地文化是企業國際化發展的重要基石。在泰國，我們於2025年底策劃了父親節及聖誕季的雙節系列活動。在泰國父親節（12月5日）期間，我們緊扣節日代表色「黃色」推出各類新產品，並透過「父親節贈新鍋」活動，將產品上市轉化為對當地家庭價值觀的真誠呼應。在聖誕季，我們積極營造濃厚節日氛圍，員工身着聖誕服飾與顧客互動，並設計融合泰式風味的「糖葫蘆DIY」、聖誕主題撈面舞和充滿互動樂趣的「抽盲袋」活動，讓國際節日自然融入本地化的歡慶體驗。我們透過參與在地重要節慶，以行動表達對當地文化的尊重。從門店體驗到社群互動，我們致力融入社區節慶，與顧客共創美好回憶。



We continue to promote the digitalization and service upgrade of overseas businesses to optimize the customer experience. We introduced service robots in markets such as Singapore to handle the towel delivery process, which are interfaced with the ordering system to improve service efficiency and intelligence levels. The payment process continues to be localized, such as connecting to common payment methods like PayMe in Vietnam restaurants to improve payment convenience. Malaysian restaurants achieved electronic invoice automation, and the member login process for the mobile application has also been simplified. These initiatives collectively improved the overall efficiency and service quality of overseas operations.

Comfortable dining space

In restaurant space planning, Super Hi takes the trinity design concept of “original aspiration,” “human touch,” and “elegance” as its core, ingeniously blending elements of luxury, elegance, refinement, and diversity, and is committed to creating a dining environment for every customer that possesses both beauty and comfort. We have developed the Restaurant Design Standard Guidelines internally, which outline the design principles, scale standards, material applications, lighting applications, and soft furnishing configurations of stores, and include material, hardware, lighting, and other standard sample specifications to ensure the precise realization of design intent and consistency of quality across global stores. At the same time, we have developed the Electrical Design Standards and HVAC Design Manual in accordance with relevant national and local design regulations and standards, providing clear technical guidance and parameter standards for mechanical and electrical design and ventilation and air conditioning systems, ensuring the safety and physical comfort of the dining space from hardware.

我們持續推進海外業務的數字化與服務升級，以優化顧客體驗。我們於新加坡等市場引入服務機器人對接送毛巾流程，並與點餐系統對接，提升服務效率與智能化水平。支付環節持續本地化，例如在越南餐廳接入PayMe等常用支付方式，提高支付便捷性。馬來西亞餐廳實現電子發票自動化，手機應用程式的會員登錄流程也得到簡化。這些舉措共同提升了海外運營的整體效能與服務品質。

愜意用餐空間

在餐廳空間規劃中，特海以「初心」、「人情味」、「雅致」三位一體的設計理念為核心，匠心融匯華麗、優雅、精緻、多元等元素，致力於為每一位顧客打造兼具美感與舒適度的用餐環境。我們內部已制定《餐廳設計標準指導手冊》，說明餐廳的設計原則、尺度規範、材料應用、燈光應用及軟裝配置，並附有材料、五金、燈具等標準樣板規範匯總，確保設計意圖的精準實現與全球門店品質的一致性。同時，我們依照國家及地方的有關設計規範和標準，制定《電氣設計標準》及《暖通設計手冊》，為機電設計及通風空調系統提供明確的技術指引與參數標準，從硬件基礎上確保用餐空間的安全與物理舒適性。

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Case
案例

Nightclub-style themed restaurant renovation 夜店風格主題門店改造

In line with the increasingly diversified catering consumption patterns, we continue to explore the possibilities of space experience and brand innovation. This Year, we completed the “nightclub-style” themed renovation of 8 of our restaurants. By incorporating elements such as stages, professional lighting, sound effects, and DJ performances, we upgraded the hotpot dining scene into a composite space with both food and entertainment functions, attracting customers from diverse cultural backgrounds with a more interactive and atmospheric environment, further expanding the brand visibility and attractiveness in the international market.

隨着餐飲消費形態的多元化，我們持續探索空間體驗與品牌創新的可能性。本年度，我們完成對旗下8家門店的「夜店風」主題改造。通過融入舞台、專業燈光、音效及DJ表演等元素，我們將火鍋用餐場景升級為兼具美食與娛樂功能的複合空間，以更具互動性與氛圍感的環境吸引多元文化背景的顧客，進一步拓展品牌在國際市場的知名度與吸引力。



In the wave of digital transformation in the catering industry, we systematically introduce various cutting-edge technologies to drive operation and service upgrades. Our new technology experience restaurant in Osaka, Japan, introduced audio, visual, and lighting technologies with the theme of an “immersive” new dining experience, which breaks away from traditional decor styles, decorates signboards with lighting technology, and projects light technology onto walls to build a dining space with both fashionable texture and technological charm. The application of technology further extends to core service links.

在餐飲行業數字化變革的浪潮中，我們正系統性引入各類前沿科技以驅動運營與服務升級。位於日本大阪店的新技術體驗店就引進聲光電科技，以「沉浸式」就餐新體驗為主題，擺脫以往傳統的裝修風格，以燈光科技裝修招牌，更將光科技投影至牆上，構建出一個兼具時尚質感與科技魅力的就餐空間。科技的應用更延伸至服務核心環節。



New “immersive” dining experience at Osaka restaurant, Japan
日本大阪店「沉浸式」就餐新體驗

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Case 案例

Intelligent systems help reduce consumption and enhance efficiency 智能化系統助力降耗提效

This Year, we focused on the sustainable transformation of back-of-house operations and pilot-deployed two intelligent systems in a number of stores. While safeguarding service quality, we advanced the upgrade of kitchen operations to a “less waste, low energy consumption, high efficiency” model:

First, under the “pot first, then serving” intelligent dispatch system, real-time synchronization of order status and precise production scheduling are achieved due to the system integration. This model reduces the energy consumption of temporary ingredient storage and heat preservation caused by the traditional “dishes waiting for the pot”, minimizes ingredient loss, and optimizes employee operation routes, thereby improving the labor efficiency to energy consumption ratio.

Second, traditional multi-device intercom systems are replaced by low-power smartwatches. While supporting functions such as order reminders and member reach, it significantly reduces power consumption and electronic waste generation. This system works in coordination with the back-of-house dispatch center to build an efficient and low-carbon communication closed loop.

The two pilot systems are gradually verifying their quantifiable and replicable green operation paths, accumulating practical experience for subsequent large-scale promotion.

本年度，我們聚焦後廚運營的可持續轉型，在部分門店試點部署兩項智能化系統，在保障服務品質的同時，推動廚房作業向「少浪費、低能耗、高效率」模式升級：

一是「先出鍋、後上菜」智能調度系統，通過系統集成實現訂單狀態實時同步與精準排產。該模式減少了傳統「菜等鍋」帶來的食材暫存與保溫能耗，降低食材損耗，同時優化員工作業動線，提升人效能耗比。

二是以低功耗智能手錶替代傳統多設備對講系統，在支持訂單提醒、會員觸達等功能的同時，顯著降低電力消耗與電子廢棄物產生。該系統與後廚調度協同運作，構建高效低碳的溝通閉環。

兩項試點系統正逐步驗證其可量化、可複製的綠色運營路徑，為後續規模化推廣積累實踐經驗。

3. INTEGRITY IN BUSINESS: ADHERING TO CLEAN AND COMPLIANT OPERATIONS



3.1. Clean and Compliant Operations

Super Hi always regards compliant operations as the cornerstone of sustainable development. In strict compliance with the corporate and criminal laws in each operating location, including but not limited to Japan's Commercial Law, *General Incorporated Associations and General Incorporated Foundations Law*, and *Criminal Law*, we continue to improve our internal audit governance system. We resolutely oppose illegal and unethical conduct such as business collusion and override, fraud, bribery, corruption, or money laundering in various business processes of day-to-day operations. By taking methods such as clarifying the division of governance responsibilities of the Group and promoting a clean and honest corporate culture, we effectively safeguard customer interests and social trust.

3. 誠信經營：恪守廉潔合規運營



3.1. 廉潔合規經營

特海始終將合規經營視作可持續發展的基石，我們嚴格遵守各運營地的公司法及刑法，包括但不限於日本的《商法》、《一般社團法人及一般財團法人相關法》、《刑法》等，不斷完善我們的內部審計治理體系。我們在日常運營各業務流程堅決抵制商業勾結與越權、欺詐、賄賂、腐敗、或洗錢等違法、違反商業道德的行為，通過明確本集團的治理職責分工、推進清正廉潔的企業文化等手段，切實維護客戶利益與社會信任。

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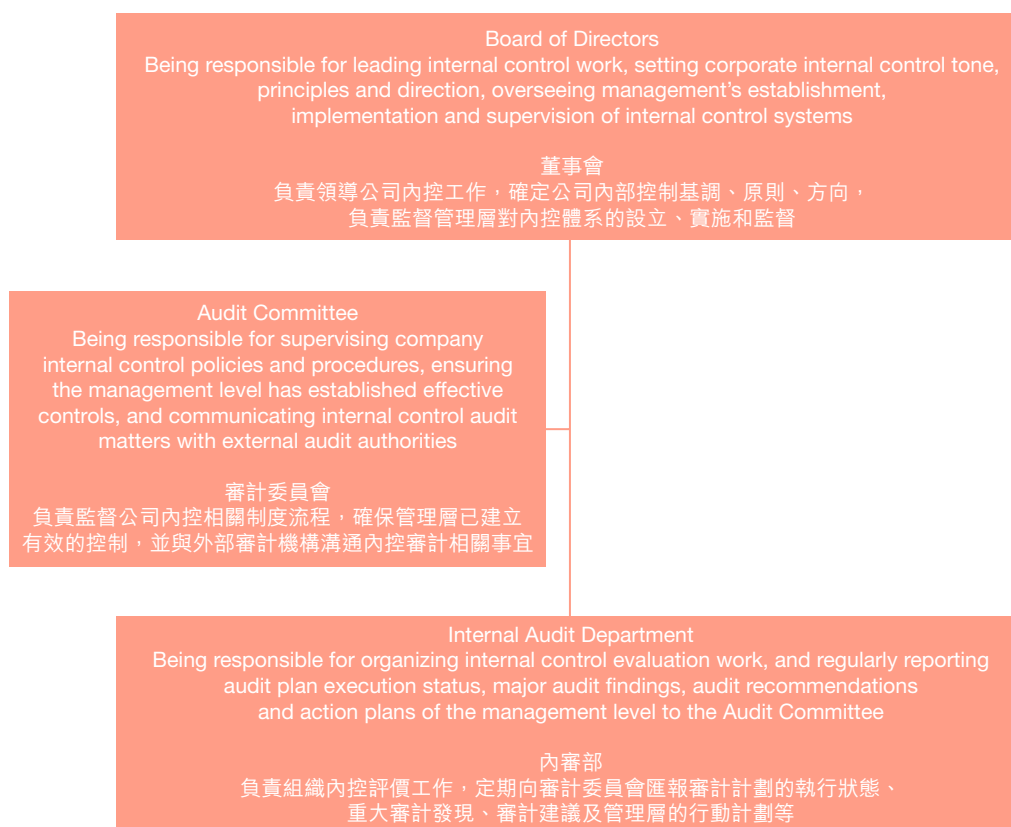
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Comprehensive internal control system

Established to cover all business areas and operational processes, the internal control management system represents an important safeguard to help the Company prevent, identify, manage, and respond to risks, providing key support for the Company's long-term stability. We have formulated and implemented management policies such as the Super Hi Internal Control Management System and the Super Hi Internal Audit Charter, adopting a "combination of centralized and specialized management" approach to strengthen and standardize the Company's internal control system, covering a variety of work such as management processes, internal control evaluations, and reporting disclosures. Our system framework and responsibilities at each level are as follows:

全面內控體系

建立覆蓋全業務領域和運營流程的內控管理體系是幫助公司預防、識別、管理、應對風險的重要保證，能為公司長期穩健提供關鍵支撐。我們制定並執行《Super Hi內部控制管理制度》和《Super Hi內部審計章程》等管理政策，以「歸口管理與專業管理相結合」的方式加強和規範本公司的內部控制體系，涵蓋管理流程、內控評價、報告披露等多項工作內容。我們的體系架構與各層級職責如下：



Every year, the Company organizes a systematic evaluation of the internal control system at the Group level. In accordance with the internal control evaluation plan, the Internal Audit Department comprehensively applies various professional methods, including individual interviews, surveys, focus group discussions, walk-through testing, on-site inspections, sampling, and comparative analysis. These methods will allow the Internal Audit Department to systematically collect relevant evidence on the design and operational effectiveness of internal controls in each business unit, and identify and analyze weak links and deficiencies impeding the Company's important business processes, so as to continuously verify and optimize the existing internal control system. In response to the identified internal control deficiencies, the relevant units must develop and implement corrective action plans in a timely manner to effectively enhance the sufficiency and operational effectiveness of the internal control system. On this basis, we will also conduct extended investigations on specific external units or individuals related to the businesses of the audited entities in light of the actual needs of the audit engagement, and external professional institutions or technical experts are introduced to assist in the audit, so as to enhance the independence and professionalism of the audit engagement. By continuously improving business processes and management mechanisms, the Company continues to enhance operational efficiency and management level, thereby laying a solid foundation for sustainable high-quality development.

本公司每年組織一次實施覆蓋全集團的內部控制系統性評估，由內審部按照內控評價方案綜合運用個別訪談、問卷調查、專題討論、穿行測試、現場核查、抽樣檢查及比較分析等多種專業方法，系統收集各業務單元內控設計與執行有效性的相關證據，識別和剖析公司重要的業務流程中存在的薄弱環節與缺陷，以持續驗證並優化現有內控體系。針對所發現的內控缺陷，相關單位必須及時制定並落實整改計劃，以切實提升內部控制體系的完備性與運行有效性。在此基礎上，我們還將根據審計工作的實際需要，對與被審計單位存在業務關聯的特定外部單位或個人實施延伸調查，並引入外部專業機構或技術專家協助審計，以增強審計工作的獨立性與專業性。通過持續改進業務流程與管理機制，本公司不斷提升運營效率與管理水平，為可持續高質量發展奠定堅實根基。

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Rigorous risk management and control

A comprehensive and efficient risk management and control system represents an important safeguard for the Company to achieve sustainable development. To this end, the Group deeply integrates comprehensive risk management into its various business processes, and continues to improve the risk identification, assessment, and response mechanisms to effectively safeguard the rights and interests of all stakeholders. In terms of risk identification and strategy formulation, we leverage systematic internal control mechanisms to promptly identify and comprehensively analyze risk factors that may affect the achievement of internal control objectives in various operational activities. Through regular risk assessments, we clarify the types of risks that require focused management and control, and formulate targeted annual internal control work plans based on the assessment results and management's key areas of concern.

The Company's risk management framework follows "three lines of defense":

First line of defense: as the entities involving risk responsibility, operational management personnel from each business unit are responsible for identifying, reporting, and preliminarily controlling relevant risks in daily operations;

Second line of defense: the Group Audit Committee is responsible for supervising the management's fulfillment of duties in risk management, considering major risk matters, and providing support for the Board's risk management decisions;

Third line of defense: The Internal Audit Department, who is responsible for leading the formulation of risk management work plans, supervising the implementation of plans, and coordinating the preparation of the Group's overall risk management report, will report directly to the Audit Committee and the Board.

嚴密風險管控

全面高效的風險管控體系是企業實現可持續發展的重要保障。為此，本集團將全面風險管理深度嵌入各項業務流程，持續完善風險識別、評估與應對機制，切實保障各利益相關方的權益。在風險識別與策略制定方面，我們依托系統化的內部控制機制，及時識別並綜合分析各類運營活動中可能影響內控目標實現的風險因素，通過定期風險評估，明確需重點管控的風險類型，並依據評估結果及管理層重點關注領域，制定針對性的年度內控工作計劃。

本公司的風險管理框架遵循「三道防線」：

第一道防線：由各業務單位運營管理人員構成，作為風險責任主體，負責在日常經營中識別、上報並初步管控相關風險；

第二道防線：集團審計委員會負責監督管理層在風險管理方面的履職情況，審議重大風險事項，並為董事會風險管理決策提供支持；

第三道防線：內審部負責牽頭制定風險管理工作計劃，監督方案落實，並統籌編製集團整體風險管理報告，直接向審計委員會與董事會匯報。

Strengthening corporate governance

Super Hi has established a diverse and stable governance structure, and continues to improve our corporate governance level by optimizing our governance framework. During the Reporting Period, the Board of the Company consisted of 7 members, of whom 3 were women, accounting for 42.9%, demonstrating the Group's continuing promotion efforts in gender diversity. The Board consists of 3 independent non-executive directors, also accounting for over 40%, effectively enhancing the independence and objectivity of corporate governance. To improve the governance framework, the Board has three specialized committees: the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee, and the Nomination Committee. In strict compliance with the Articles of Association, each committee holds at least two formal meetings each year, actively performs supervision and deliberation duties, and provides professional advice for Board decisions, as part of our continuing commitments to advancing the corporate governance system to a higher level. The specific division of labor for each committee is as follows:

完善公司治理

特海已搭建起多元且穩定的治理結構，不斷通過優化我們的管治架構提升我們的公司治理水平。在報告期內，本公司董事會由7名成員構成，其中女性董事3人，佔比42.9%，展現了集團對性別多元化的持續推動。董事會中包含3名獨立非執行董事，佔比同樣超過四成，有效增強了公司治理的獨立性與客觀性。為完善治理架構，董事會下設審計委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會三個專門委員會。各委員會嚴格遵循公司章程，每年至少召開兩次正式會議，積極履行監督及審議職責，並為董事會決策提供專業建議，持續推動公司治理體系向更高水平發展。各委員會具體分工如下：

Audit Committee:	Be responsible for reviewing the Company's financial information and overseeing the financial reporting system, risk management, and internal control systems.
審計委員會	負責審閱本公司的財務數據及監督財務報告制度、風險管理及內部監控制度。
Nomination Committee:	Be responsible for reviewing the board composition, identifying, screening, and recommending suitable candidates for director positions, and evaluating the independence of the Board and the procedures for appointing and removing directors.
提名委員會	負責審閱董事會組成，物色、篩選及推薦合適人選出任董事，評估董事會獨立性及任免董事的程序。
Remuneration Committee:	Be responsible for assisting the Board in developing and implementing formal and transparent procedures for formulating remuneration policies for directors and senior management, and evaluating the performance of directors and senior management.
薪酬委員會	負責協助董事會制定及執行正規而具透明度的程序以制訂有關董事及高級管理層的薪酬政策，並評估董事及高級管理層的表現。

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In order to gather diverse perspectives, discuss and construct our Company's development strategies from different aspects, we actively advocate for inclusiveness and value the absorption of diversified viewpoints and opinions. Our Nomination Committee strictly adheres to the relevant provisions of the Corporate Governance Code as outlined in the Listing Rules and adheres to the principle of selecting and appointing talented and capable persons, and conduct comprehensive assessment of the Board's structure, size, and composition at least annually. In selecting directors, the Nomination Committee takes a number of factors into consideration to ensure the diversity of Board members, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills, professional knowledge and length of service, and recommends the candidate to the Board for final appointment, taking into account his core strengths and the potential contribution they can make to the Board. To ensure the timeliness and effectiveness of our diversity policy, the Nomination Committee will also continue to monitor the implementation of the said policy, and review and revise it as appropriate, so as to continuously enhance the inclusiveness of corporate governance and the quality of decision-making.

為廣泛凝聚智慧，從多維度探討並制定本公司的發展戰略，我們積極倡導兼收並蓄，重視吸納多元觀點與建議。提名委員會嚴格遵循《上市規則》中《企業管治守則》的規定，秉持選賢任能的原則，每年至少對董事會的架構、規模及構成進行全面評估。在遴選董事過程中，提名委員會綜合考慮多項多元化因素，包括性別、年齡、文化及教育背景、專業經驗、技能、專業知識以及服務年限等，並基於候選人核心能力及其對董事會的潛在貢獻，向董事會提出最終任命建議。為確保董事多元化政策的適用性與有效性，提名委員會將持續監督該政策的實施情況，並適時進行檢視與修訂，以不斷提升公司治理的包容性與決策質量。

Adhering to the anti-corruption red line

We are committed to maintaining a clean, honest, and open workplace, by adopting a “zero tolerance” attitude toward violations such as money laundering, malpractice, and fraud, and severely cracking down on various forms of improper conduct such as corruption, embezzlement of public funds, acceptance of cash or gifts from external business units, and the abuse of power for personal gain. The Company has formulated and implemented the *Anti-fraud and Anti-corruption Management System*, in which the definitions, forms, and attribution of responsibility for fraud and corruption have been determined. The Board is responsible for guiding the anti-fraud efforts, the management assumes responsibility for developing and implementing systems, and the Inspecting Department coordinates cross-departmental anti-corruption efforts as a permanent institution. Such arrangement forms a three-tier governance structure from decision-making to execution. According to the *Super Hi Prohibition Management Measures*, we have clearly set out nine prohibited acts to require employees to regulate their conduct. Depending on the circumstances, violators will be subject to disciplinary measures such as public censure, disciplinary probation while retaining their positions, dismissal, or permanent ineligibility for re-employment. Our Inspecting Department will establish a task force to conduct investigations, collect evidence and issue a “Handling Notice” to the parties involved and relevant departments. If there is a dispute regarding the handling results, it will be referred to the Adjudication Committee for resolution, and law enforcement authorities will be requested to intervene if necessary.

堅守反腐紅線

我們致力於打造廉潔、誠信、公開的職場環境，對洗錢、舞弊、欺詐等違規行為採取「零容忍」態度，嚴厲打擊貪污、挪用公款、收受外部業務單位禮金或禮物、以權謀私等各種形式的不正當行為。公司制定並實施《反舞弊、反貪污管理制度》，明確舞弊與貪污的定義、形式及責任歸屬。董事會負責指導反舞弊工作，管理層承擔制度建設與執行責任，稽查部作為常設機構統籌跨部門反貪腐工作，形成從決策到執行的三層治理架構。通過《Super Hi禁令管理辦法》，我們明確公佈九條禁令以要求員工規範自身行為，違者將按該政策視具體情況處以通報批評、留職察看、開除／永不錄用等多種處罰措施。我們的稽查部將會成立專案組進行調查取證，並向當事人和相關部門出具《處理通知書》，若對處理結果有爭議，將交由裁決委員會進行裁決，並在必要時將請求執法機關介入。

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- Whistleblowing mechanism

According to the *Procedures for Handling Gifts Received Due to Work*, we clarify the standards and reporting processes for personnel at all levels receiving gifts and cash. Where an employee identifies any bribery, compensation issues, performance assessment issues, individual character issues, or other violations or unfair behaviors, they can actively report and disclose various types of misconduct identified at work in a safe and effective manner according to the reporting channels and handling mechanisms of the *Super Hi Internal Complaint Management Regulations*. Employees can report through various channels, including directly reflecting to the management at all levels, the reporting hotline and email established by the Inspecting Department, contacting the employee service center, or the Inspecting Department's service desk in the office software, either under their real names or anonymously. To ensure the safety of whistleblowers and compliant corporate operations, the Company allows and maintains open anonymous reporting channels, and the receiving department has a strict obligation to maintain the confidentiality of the whistleblower's identity and the reported content. In the event of information leakage, the persons involved will be subject to corresponding disciplinary actions based on the severity of the circumstances, including but not limited to disciplinary probation while retaining their positions or even termination of the labor contract. Furthermore, the Company has established supporting incentive policies. If the reported issues are true, the whistleblower will receive a bonus. This is designed to encourage employees to actively report various violations and misconduct to jointly maintain our clean atmosphere and compliance culture.

- 舉報機制

通過《因工作收禮的處理辦法》，我們明確各級人員收受禮品、禮金的標準與報備流程。一旦員工發現有任何貪污受賄、薪酬待遇、績效評估、人品問題及其他違規或不公正行為，可按照《Super Hi內部投訴管理辦法》的舉報渠道與處理機制，以安全、有效的方式，積極舉報和披露工作中發現的各類違紀行為。員工可通過直接向各級管理層反映、稽查部設立的舉報電話與郵箱、聯繫員工服務中心，或辦公軟件中的稽查部服務台等多種渠道進行實名或匿名舉報。為確保舉報人安全及企業合規運營，本公司允許並保障匿名舉報渠道暢通，受理部門對舉報人身份及舉報內容負有嚴格保密義務。如發生信息洩露，涉事人員將視情節嚴重程度接受相應處分，包括但不限於留職察看乃至解除勞動合同。此外，公司還建立了配套激勵政策，若反映的問題屬實，舉報人將會獲得獎金，鼓勵員工積極舉報各類違規及不當行為，共同維護我們的廉潔氛圍與合規文化。

To ensure that each employee clearly knows and can use the reporting channels, the Inspecting Department monthly delivers internal complaint guidance posters presented in local languages to employees in each country through the office software service desk, thereby effectively safeguarding employees' rights to expression and information and creating an open, transparent, and trustworthy reporting environment. This Year, the Inspecting Department conducted inspections of key and high-risk positions in each operating country. This was done through open channels for receiving letters, calls, and visits, as well as conducting interviews with key employees. These efforts aim to promote integrity and crack down on violations, ultimately protecting the interests of employees. During the Reporting Period, the number of concluded bribery or corruption lawsuits brought against the Company or its employees was 0.

- Anti-corruption culture

We actively create an atmosphere of anti-corruption and integrity within the Company, clearly define the boundaries for identifying violations such as corruption in the *Super Hi Employee Code of Conduct*, and sign the *Integrity Practice Commitment* with employees, requiring them to strictly abide by relevant laws and regulations in the operating location and the Company's rules and regulations. To ensure independence and fairness in business dealings, the Company has excluded employees holding core positions and their relatives from the supplier list, including holding positions, holding shares, obtaining business commissions, or accepting referral fees in suppliers. The Company will terminate suppliers that violate this regulation or dismiss the parties involved and reserve the right to further trace related losses, drawing a red line for all employees and suppliers.

為確保每位員工清晰知悉並可使用舉報渠道，稽查部每月會通過辦公軟件服務台，向各國員工推送以當地語言呈現的內部投訴指引海報，切實保障員工的表達權與知情權，營造開放、透明、可信賴的舉報環境。本年度，稽查部對各營業國家的關鍵性崗位、風險性崗位進行巡查，通過公開接收來信、來電、來訪，和關鍵員工開展談話，推進各區域廉潔建設，懲處違紀違法行為，保護員工利益。於匯報期內對公司或僱員提出並已審結的貪污件訴訟案件數目為0。

- 反腐文化

我們積極在公司內部營造反腐清正的風氣，在《Super Hi員工守則》中明確劃定貪腐等違規行為的認定邊界，並與員工簽訂《廉潔從業承諾書》，要求員工嚴格遵守運營所在地的相關法律法規及公司的規章制度。為確保商業往來中的獨立性與公正性，公司已將核心崗位員工及其親屬排除在供應商名單外，包括在供應商單位擔任職務、持有股份、獲取業務提成或收受介紹費等，公司將清退違反該條例的供應商或辭退當事人，並保留進一步追溯相關損失的權利，為所有員工和供應商劃定紅線。

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We always give priority to the development of a honesty and integrity culture in corporate governance, and are committed to creating a clean, honest, incorruptible and practical corporate atmosphere. We regularly conduct anti-corruption training and themed education to continuously strengthen the integrity awareness and compliance concepts among all employees, extensively integrating the concept of clean practice into the full-cycle management of employees' careers, covering key stages such as induction training, on-the-job awareness reinforcement, and promotion assessment. The Company leverages diverse publicity channels and normalized education mechanisms to continuously transmit clear signals of adhering to professional ethics and rejecting corrupt act, thereby ensuring that clean concepts are internalized in the heart and externalized in action. Our training sessions cover, including but not limited to:

- We introduce Prohibition learning and Internal Complaint Management Regulations training as part of our new employee induction program to help them learn more about our regulations and processes related to anti-corruption;
 - We organize regular training sessions that incorporate case studies to explain the Company's prohibition policies;
 - We emphasize the importance of anti-corruption in daily work and include anti-corruption requirements in the Employee Code of Conduct;
 - We utilize online training platforms and office software to disseminate various materials, including the Employee Code of Conduct, the Inspecting Department's Micro-Corruption Awareness Campaign, and other policies, case studies, and anti-corruption training materials;
- 我們始終將廉潔文化建設置於公司治理的重要位置，致力於營造風清氣正、崇廉尚實的企業氛圍。我們定期開展反貪腐培訓與主題教育，不斷強化全員誠信意識與合規觀念，使廉潔從業理念深度融入員工職業全週期管理，覆蓋入職培訓、在崗宣導及晉升考核等關鍵環節。公司借助多元宣傳渠道及常態化教育機制，持續傳遞堅守職業道德、拒絕貪腐行為的明確信號，確保廉潔理念內化於心、外化於行。我們的培訓內容包括但不限於：
- 將培訓禁令及內部投訴管理辦法列入新員工入職培訓內容，讓員工更多的了解公司有關反貪腐的制度流程；
 - 組織定期培訓，結合案例解釋公司禁令制度；
 - 於日常工作中反覆強調反貪污的重要性，將反貪污要求列於《員工行為準則》中；
 - 在線上培訓平台及辦公軟件推送《員工行為準則》、《稽查部微腐敗宣傳》等各種制度、涉貪案例及反貪培訓材料；

- We conduct legal knowledge lectures and provide training on recent case studies as warnings during offline meetings. Departments also conduct self-inspections of employees;
- The Inspecting Department publicly posts all reviewed cases and their outcomes on the collaborative office platform after de-identifying sensitive information. This aims to educate and raise awareness among all employees.

Furthermore, our Company actively organizes anti-corruption training for directors and employees. During the Reporting Period, the anti-corruption training covered a total of 584,875 person-times.

• Supervision and audit mechanism

We have established an audit mechanism for managers at the manager level and above in back-office functional departments, covering key nodes such as resignation and before job reassignment. The scope of audit covers any conduct that may involve fraud, such as business dealings and expense expenditures, and verification is conducted through data verification and partner interviews. To confirm appointments to key positions, we have established preliminary procedures such as asset declarations and relationship disclosures, while also incorporating internal disclosure and public opinion assessment, thereby creating a multi-dimensional supervision mechanism. This mechanism covers key stages of managers' performance of duties and is designed to prevent and discover conflicts of interest and fraud risks at the process level, thereby strengthening the substantive effectiveness of integrity governance.

- 在線下會議中，對法律知識宣講，提供近期案例培訓警示，部門亦會對員工進行自查；
- 稽查部會對所有核查到的案件脫敏後在協同辦公平台公示，公示所有核查的案件及處理結果，對所有員工進行警示教育宣傳。

此外，本公司持續積極地為董事及員工組織反貪污培訓。報告期內，公司反貪污培訓共涉及584,875人次。

• 監督與審計機制

我們針對後勤職能部門經理級及以上管理人員建立審計機制，覆蓋離職離任及轉任前等關鍵節點，審計範圍涵蓋業務往來、費用支出等可能涉及舞弊的行為，並通過資料核驗、合作方訪談等方式進行核查。針對重要崗位的轉正任命，設置財產申報、關係披露等前置程序，結合內部公示與民意測評，形成多維度監督。該機制貫穿管理人員履職關鍵環節，致力於從流程層面預防與發現利益衝突及舞弊風險，強化廉潔治理的實質效力。

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3.2. Sustainable Supply Chain

Super Hi is committed to developing an open, transparent, fair, and highly resilient sustainable supply chain system, by always upholding the concept of sustainable development and managing the supply chain to high standards and with high quality. Based on the fundamental principle of cooperation and mutual benefit, we implement unified and standardized admission and management constraints on suppliers by introducing systems such as the *Super Hi Supplier Management System*, the *Super Hi Regional Procurement Management System*, and the *Super Hi Product Selection Process*. We have established a systematic supplier management and elimination mechanism to ensure a controllable, reliable, and sustainable process of the supply chain. During the Reporting Period, the Company collaborated with a total of 2,382 suppliers. The regional distribution of suppliers is as follows:

Number and percentage of suppliers by region

Region 區域	Number of Suppliers 供應商數量	Percentage 供應商佔比
Southeast Asia 東南亞	1,570	65.9%
East Asia 東亞	165	6.9%
North America 北美	375	15.7%
Others 其他	272	11.5%

During the Reporting Period, the Company's cooperative relationships with all suppliers remained stable, and there were no cases of termination of cooperation due to environmental or social-related risks.

3.2. 可持續供應鏈

特海致力於構建公開透明、公平公正且具備高度韌性的可持續供應鏈體系，始終遵循可持續發展理念，用高標準、高質量管理供應鏈。我們以合作共贏為根本原則，通過實施《Super Hi供應商管理制度》、《Super Hi區域採購管理制度》及《Super Hi選品流程》等制度，對供應商實行統一規範的准入與管理約束，建立了系統化的供應商管理與淘汰機制，以實現供應鏈全程的可控、可靠與可持續。報告期內，公司合作供應商總數為2,382家，供應商地區分佈如下：

按地區劃分的供應商數目及比例

在報告期內，本公司與所有供應商的合作關係保持穩定，未出現因環境或社會相關風險而終止合作的情況。

Supplier admission

When we need to introduce new suppliers, we will, in accordance with the Company's supplier introduction principles, prioritize selecting brand suppliers with high local reputation or ranked within the top 3-10 in the global industry. At the same time, we will also select partners from larger wholesale markets in the operational locations. Super Hi has established a standardized supplier admission process, implementing comprehensive qualification assessments and reviews for potential suppliers, covering stages such as factory environment random inspections, qualification document verification, and management system reviews. Each regional area can formulate specific admission requirements based on local conditions and file them with the headquarters on an annual basis. For the introduction of suppliers, the Supplier Admission Review Form must be filled out and approval must be completed through the systematic process to ensure that the partners meet the Company's quality and compliance standards. We will only establish cooperative relationships with suppliers on the premise that their qualification audit is qualified, the on-site assessment is passed, and they can provide third-party independent inspection reports with qualified credentials. Furthermore, we have formulated differentiated quality control standards for different categories such as bulk food, non-food, and fruits and vegetables to ensure the freshness and quality stability of various ingredients and comprehensively safeguard the safety and reliability of the supply chain.

The Product Management Department conducts regular special inspections to systematically monitor key procurement stages such as supplier admission, pricing approval, contract management, and price maintenance. The evaluation results are linked to the performance indicators of the relevant teams. If serious violations are identified during inspections, they will be reported to the highest management level for accountability.

供應商准入

當我們需要引入新的供應商時，我們將根據本公司的供應商引入原則，優先選擇在當地具有較高知名度或位列全球行業排名前三至前十的品牌供應商，同時也會在運營所在地規模較大的批發市場遴選合作對象。特海已建立標準化的供應商准入流程，對潛在供應商實施全面資質評估與審查，內容涵蓋工廠環境抽查、資質文件核驗及管理體系審查等環節。各國區域可根據本地情況制定具體准入要求，並每年向總部備案。供應商引入須填寫《供應商准入評審表》，並通過系統流程完成審批，確保合作方符合公司質量與合規標準。僅在供應商資質審核合格、現場評估通過，並能提供具備資質的第三方外檢報告的前提下，我們才會與其建立合作關係。此外，針對大宗食品、非食品及蔬果等不同品類，我們制定了差異化的質量管控標準，以確保各類食材的新鮮度與品質穩定性，全面保障供應鏈的安全與可靠。

產品管理部會定期開展專項檢查，系統化監控供應商准入、定價審批、合同管理及價格維護等關鍵採購環節，評價結果與相關團隊績效指標掛鉤。如檢查發現嚴重違規，會上報至最高管理層並進行問責。

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High-quality procurement

The Group always places supplier quality and product material control as a priority to ensure that the procured raw materials fully meet high-standard quality requirements. We have established internal policies such as the *Super Hi Product Selection Process* and the *Super Hi Supplier Management Measures*, and established a systematic procurement process and execution guidelines. In specific execution, the regional procurement department is responsible for organizing the procurement process after each restaurant submits a procurement request. For food raw materials and products that come into contact with food, as well as their suppliers, they must undergo a professional review by the Safety Management Department and meet the qualified standards before procurement. We divide product selection into three types of processes: regional supplier recommendation, Super Hi vegetable basket selection, and benchmarking against peers and seasonal selection, and set procurement selection processes respectively to ensure that raw materials meet our high-quality requirements at source. After the purchased products arrive at the restaurant, they must undergo mandatory inspections or acceptance procedures, and can only be used or stored after being confirmed as qualified. Any products that do not meet the acceptance criteria will be rejected or returned to resolutely prevent unqualified materials from entering the use stage.

高質量採購

本集團始終將供應商質量與產品材料管控置於優先位置，確保所採購的原材料全面符合高標準質量要求。我們已制定《Super Hi選品流程》和《Super Hi供應商管理辦法》等內部政策，建立了系統化的採購流程與執行準則。在具體執行中，各餐廳提出採購需求後，由所在區域採購部門統一組織採購，針對食品原料及食品接觸類產品及其供應商，採購前必須通過安全管理部門的專業評審並達到合格標準。我們將選品分為區域供應商推薦、Super Hi菜籃子選品、市場對標及季節性選品三類流程，分別設定採購選品流程，從源頭保障原材料符合我們的高質量要求。採購產品送達餐廳後，須經必要的檢驗或驗收程序，確認合格後方可投入使用或入庫儲存；對未達到驗收標準的產品，一律作拒收或退貨處理，堅決杜絕不合格材料流入使用環節。

Supplier assessment

We classify suppliers into three categories: A, B, and C. Suppliers of high-risk products or those with large purchase amounts, high purchase volumes, and frequent delivery frequencies are classified as Category A suppliers. The list is assessed and updated monthly and synchronized to each region. To ensure our supply chain is reliable and sustainable, we conduct regular assessments of our suppliers, evaluating their capabilities from four dimensions: quality, delivery time, service, and additional items. Based on this, we conduct performance evaluations of suppliers. The evaluation results will affect the supplier's order distribution proportion and future cooperation directions. Suppliers rated as C or D for three consecutive evaluation cycles are recommended for elimination.

The Group conducts random qualification audits of regional suppliers on a quarterly basis. Furthermore, auditors from the Safety Management Department conduct non-scheduled on-site inspections of cooperating manufacturers. Moreover, we determine the annual unannounced inspection list based on factors such as product risk levels and procurement volume, and conduct an unannounced inspection on the production site of relevant suppliers at least once a year. For suppliers with excellent performance in the process of cooperation, strong potential for long-term cooperation, or conditions of receiving aid, the Company will provide key support through technical guidance and professional staff training at the factory, etc., to promote the collaborative development of the supply chain. When there are problems with suppliers in the process of cooperation, including but not limited to risks caused by changes in the external environment, substandard quality, lack of integrity, repeatedly higher quotations than the market level, or behaviors such as falsification, substandard products, or bribery of purchasers, the Company will blacklist, suspend cooperation with or eliminate any supplier depending on the circumstances, so as to maintain the compliance and stability of the supply chain.

供應商考核

我們將供應商分為A/B/C三個類別，對供應高風險產品或採購金額和採購量大、送貨頻次高的列為A類供應商，每月考核並更新名單同步給各區域。為確保我們的供應鏈可靠、可持續，我們定期對供應商進行考核，從質量、交期、服務及附加項四個維度評估供應商的能力，並以此為依據對供應商開展績效評價，評價結果將影響該供應商的訂單分配比例、後期合作方向等，連續三個評價週期被評為C或D的供應商建議淘汰。

本集團每季度對區域供應商資質實施抽樣審查，安全管理部稽核員亦會對已合作的生產商開展不定期現場審核。此外，我們依據產品風險等級、採購規模等維度，確定年度飛行檢查名單，並對相關供應商每年至少開展一次生產現場的飛行檢查。對於在合作中表現優異、具備長期合作潛力或符合扶持條件的供應商，公司將通過技術指導、專業人員駐廠培訓等方式予以重點支持，推動供應鏈協同發展。若供應商在合作中出現以下問題，包括但不限於外部環境變化引發的風險、質量不達標、誠信缺失、報價持續高於市場水平或存在弄虛作假、以次充好、賄賂採購人員等行為，公司將視情節將其列入黑名單、暫停合作或予以清退，以維護供應鏈的合規性與穩定性。

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Supply chain risk management

The Group is committed to integrating ESG concepts and sustainable development goals into our supply chain management process, by adopting multiple means to systematically identify and effectively control environmental and social risks in all stages of the supply chain, and fostering a comprehensive and effective supply chain sustainable development system. As for the supplier selection, we perform a comprehensive assessment of their operational strength and economic conditions, and suppliers are required to possess complete and compliant qualification licenses and strictly follow the regulations and certification requirements of their regions. At the same time, we take supplier reputation and fulfillment of social responsibility as one of the screening criteria, requiring all suppliers to sign a First Visit Letter and an Integrity Commitment before establishing a cooperative relationship. We explicitly prohibit any form of bribery, abuse of power for personal gain, and unfair competition in the process of the supply chain management. Through public information inquiries, industry research, and other methods, we prefer to select partners with stable operations and good reputations, and continue to monitor the business behavior of suppliers during the cooperation period to ensure they strictly abide by the laws and regulations of the countries and regions where they operate, as part of our continuing efforts to enhance the compliance and stability of the supply chain.

供應鏈風險管理

本集團致力於將ESG理念與可持續發展目標融入我們的供應鏈管理過程中，採取多項手段系統識別並有效管控供應鏈各環節的環境和社會風險，搭建起全面而有效的供應鏈可持續發展體系。在供應商遴選過程中，我們綜合評估其經營實力與經濟狀況，要求供應商必須具備齊全、合規的資質證照，並嚴格遵循所在地區的法規與索證要求。同時，我們將供應商信譽度和履行社會責任作為篩選標準之一，要求所有供應商在建立合作關係前簽署《首次拜訪函》與《廉潔承諾書》，明確禁止在供應鏈管理過程中出現任何形式的行賄受賄、以權謀私及不正當競爭行為；我們通過公開信息查詢、同業調研等多種方式，優先選擇經營穩定、信譽良好的合作夥伴，並在合作期間持續監督供應商的經營行為，確保其嚴格遵守運營所在國家及地區的法律法規，持續增強供應鏈的合規性與穩定性。

To ensure the authenticity of suppliers' various qualifications and understand their environmental and social performance, we conduct on-site inspections of supplier factories. With regard to environmental protection, we strictly verify whether the factory holds a valid emission permit and whether the discharged wastewater, exhaust gas, and waste residues meet relevant emission requirements. In addition, suppliers are required to provide corresponding water quality test reports and other supporting documents. As regards society, we will review whether the factory has violations such as the use of child labor or wage arrears, and require the factory to have no major government censure, adverse media exposure, or unqualified random inspection records in the past year, and not be listed in the abnormal operation list or the list of seriously illegal and dishonest enterprises. Adhering to the principle of prudent operation, the Company proactively implements a multi-source procurement strategy, aiming to systematically enhance supply chain resilience and strengthen the ability to control potential supply risks by reducing reliance on a single supplier.

為確保供應商各項資質的真實性，了解供應商環境和社會方面的表現，我們會對供應商工廠進行現場檢查。環境方面，我們嚴格核查工廠是否持有有效的排污許可，排放的廢水、廢氣、廢渣等排放物符合相關排放要求，並要求供應商提供相應的水質檢測報告等證明文件；社會方面，我們會審查工廠是否存在使用童工、拖欠工資等違規行為，同時要求工廠在過去一年內無重大政府通報、媒體曝光或抽檢不合格記錄，且未被列入經營異常名錄或嚴重違法失信企業名單。本公司秉持穩健經營原則，主動推行多源採購策略，旨在通過減少對單一供應商的依賴，系統性增強供應鏈韌性，並強化對潛在供應風險的管控能力。

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4. NURTURING TALENT: EMPOWERING CONTINUOUS DEVELOPMENT OF ELITES

4.1. Adhering to Compliant Employment

We regard employees as an important foundation for our corporate development, as well as key safeguard for maintaining the Company's core competitiveness. We select and cultivate talented staff endowed with stellar qualities such as integrity, innovation, humility, diligence, passion, kindness, and a sense of responsibility, who also recognise our value of "changing destiny with both hands". We adopt diverse means to safeguard the legitimate rights and interests of employees and continue to attract outstanding talent to make progress together with the Group.

We adhere to fair and compliant recruitment policies, strictly comply with labor laws in all operating regions, including but not limited to the Framework Act on Labor Welfare in Korea, the Labor Relations Adjustment Act and Labor Standards Law in Japan, the Labor Code and Labor Act in Vietnam, the Employment Relations Act in New Zealand, the Employment Act in Malaysia and Singapore; the Fair Work Act in Australia, and the Manpower Law in Indonesia, and eliminate any form of recruitment discrimination. In accordance with the relevant regulations of each operating region, we have established and implemented a series of human resource management systems such as the Employee Handbook, the Employee Onboarding, Unusual Changes and Resignation Procedures, the Resignation Handover Checklist and the Compensation Management Methods, which formulate detailed processes and provide institutional guarantees for various aspects such as unusual employee changes, resignation, job reassignment, handover, and salary and performance, while protecting the interests of both employees and the Company.

4. 植才育能：助力精英持續發展

4.1. 恪守僱傭合規

我們將員工視作企業發展的重要基礎和維護企業核心競爭力的關鍵保障，選拔並培養具有誠信、創新、謙虛、勤奮、激情、與人為善、責任感等優秀品質，認可我們「雙手改變命運」價值觀的人才，採取多樣化手段維護員工的合法權益，持續吸引卓越人才與集團共同進步。

我們秉持公正合規的招聘政策，嚴格遵守韓國的《勞動福利基本法》；日本的《勞動關係調整法》、《勞動基準法》；越南的《勞動法》、《勞動法令》；新西蘭的《就業關係法》；馬來西亞及新加坡的《僱傭法令》；澳大利亞的《公平工作法》及印度尼西亞的《人力法》等各運營地相關的法律法規，杜絕任何形式的招聘歧視行為。我們已根據各運營地的相關規定制定並執行《員工手冊》、《員工入職、異動、離職管理辦法》、《員工離職申請交接單》及《薪酬管理辦法》等一系列人力資源管理制度，為員工異動、離職、調崗、交接、薪資績效等多個方面制定詳細流程並提供制度保障，同時維護員工及公司的利益。

Adhering to compliant employment

To effectively safeguard the legitimate rights and interests of employees, Super Hi is committed to developing a standardized and regulated recruitment management system. Our *Internal Recruitment System* ensures the fairness and transparency of the entire recruitment process at an institutional level. This not only provides a clear basis for equal employment but also constitutes a management closed loop with clear boundaries of employee rights and responsibilities. When interviewing employees for our functional departments, we focus on the candidates' comprehensive quality, job-seeking intention, educational background, and job skills, and do not factor in such aspects as race, nationality, gender, or religious beliefs. At the restaurant level, we adopt independent recruitment to attract talents, also prioritizing the candidates' attitudes and skills, avoiding any form of unfairness and discrimination, and ensuring the entire recruitment process implements Super Hi's employment principle of "openness, fairness and justice".

In terms of labor relations management, we always follow the laws and regulations of the operating locations and properly handle relevant matters through internal consultation or statutory procedures. We continue to improve internal management systems and strengthen two-way communication, committing to cultivating harmonious and stable employment relationships.

Eliminating forced labor and child labor

Super Hi strictly adheres to international labor standards and maintains an absolute prohibition against all forms of forced labor and child employment. During recruitment, we implement strict background audits to ensure all applicants meet legal working age requirements, upholding a zero-tolerance stance toward such violations at source. Any violations discovered will be immediately addressed in accordance with local laws, with root causes investigated to develop corrective and preventive measures to resolutely prevent recurrence. We have signed employment contracts with employees in each operating region in accordance with local regulations, stipulating working hours to ensure employees' legal rights to rest periods are not infringed. This Year, the Group identified no cases of child labor or forced labor.

踐行合規僱傭

為切實保障員工合法權益，特海致力於構建標準化、規範化的招聘管理體系。我們的《內部招聘制度》從制度層面確保了招聘全過程的公正透明，不僅為平等僱傭提供了明確依據，也構成了員工權責清晰界面的管理閉環。我們在面試職能部門員工時，着重考慮應聘者的綜合素養、求職意願、教育背景和崗位技能，並不會將種族、國籍、性別、宗教信仰等因素考慮在內。在餐廳端，我們採用自主招聘的方式招攬人才，同樣優先考慮候選人的態度和技能，避免任何形式的不公和歧視，確保整個招聘流程貫徹特海「公開、公平、公正」的僱傭原則。

在勞動關係管理方面，我們始終遵循運營地法律法規，並通過內部協商或法定程序妥善處理相關事宜。我們持續完善內部管理制度，強化雙向溝通，致力於構建和諧穩定的僱傭關係。

杜絕強制勞工與童工

特海嚴格恪守國際勞工標準，絕不容忍任何形式的強制勞動與童工。我們在招聘環節即實施嚴格的背景審核，確保所有應聘者均符合法定工作年齡，從源頭杜絕違規風險。一經發現任何違法行為，將立即依據運營地法律嚴肅處理，並深入調查根源，制定糾正與預防措施，堅決防止再犯。我們已與各運營地員工按照當地規定簽訂勞動合同，約定工作時間，確保員工休息的合法權利不受侵害。本年度，本集團沒有發現誤聘童工或強制勞工的個案。

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Clear promotion path

Super Hi has established a complete career promotion mechanism to provide employees with fair and clear promotion channels and motivate them to make continuous progress. All departments of the Group have formulated the Seven Principles of Organizational Structure, setting detailed assessment indexes, as well as standards for honors, rewards and penalties according to the nature and functions of each department and position. Through quarterly or monthly periodic performance assessments and annual debriefings, we track and evaluate the completion of employees' performance targets and use the performance assessment results as the basis for promotion or dismissal.

We have formulated the *Selection Measures for Cadres* to provide a systematic basis for our screening and evaluation of core forces such as country managers and restaurant managers. We adopt the philosophy of "loving Haidilao, being proficient in business, and having insight into human nature" as the selection criteria for cadres, selecting employees whose comprehensive abilities, such as character, leadership, and personality, meet our requirements, and who have held no less than three post certifications to join the "Golden Eagle Pool" training program. In accordance with the training reference plans, courses, and reference materials provided by the headquarters' learning and development center, we provide training for employees in terms of values, corporate culture, activities, etc., implementing exit and incentive measures based on employee performance every month, and promoting outstanding employees. We have listed the selection criteria, process, and other contents for cadre talents in the *Management Measures for Restaurant Cadres*, creating a clear career development path for employees in various positions and encouraging employees to make progress together with the Company.

清晰晉升路徑

特海已搭建起完整的晉升機制，為員工提供公平、明確的晉升渠道，激勵員工持續進步。本集團各部門均已制定《組織架構七原則》，按照各部門和崗位性質和職能設定了詳細的考核指標和榮譽獎懲標準，通過每季度或月度的週期性考核及年度述職等方法，追蹤評價員工績效目標的完成情況，並將績效考核結果作為晉升與淘汰的重要依據。

我們已制定《各級幹部產生辦法》為我們篩選和評價國家經理、店經理等中堅力量提供制度基礎。我們以「愛海底撈、業務熟練、洞察人性」為幹部選拔標準，選拔人品、領導力、性格等綜合能力符合我們的要求，以及實踐崗位認證不少於3個的員工進入「金鷹池」培訓計劃，按照總部學習發展中心提供的培訓參考方案、課程及參考資料對員工開展價值觀、企業文化、活動等方面的培訓，每月根據員工表現實行淘汰和激勵措施，並對優秀員工予以升遷。我們已在《餐廳各級幹部管理辦法》列明我們對幹部人才的選拔標準、流程等內容，為各崗位員工搭建清晰的職業發展道路，激勵員工與公司共同進步。

Comprehensive welfare protection

Super Hi pays attention to employees' work experience and their physical and mental health, and is committed to providing them with a harmonious and comfortable working environment. By continuously improving our compensation and benefits system and providing employees with timely and heart-warming care measures, we stimulate employees' sense of initiative and drive and enhance the sense of belonging and team cohesion of the talent team. We strictly abide by the laws and regulations concerning labor and employment in the countries where we operate, systematically formulating policies concerning employees' salary structure, working hours, and benefits protection system to ensure every employee enjoys comprehensive and competitive welfare protection.

We have specifically listed various welfare subsidies provided to employees in the *Super Hi Welfare System*, covering multiple aspects such as employees' children, parents, housing, catering, and childbirth. Each operating location makes corresponding adjustments according to local regulations and cultural characteristics to fully meet the differentiated needs of our employees around the world and create a people-oriented working atmosphere. We provide employees with birthday bonuses, reward gold ingots based on their years of service in the Group, and provide benefits such as education subsidies, parent-child companionship subsidies, telecommunication subsidies, and meal subsidies based on indicators such as operating location regulations and employee conditions, safeguarding all aspects of employees' work and life. In addition to providing comprehensive compensation and benefits, we also keep abreast of employees' practical living needs and well-being. To this end, we have formulated the Restaurant Manager Livelihood Protection Scheme based on the socio-economic conditions of each operating country, clearly setting a livelihood protection threshold aligned with local realities. When a restaurant manager's salary payable for the month (excluding benefits) is lower than this standard, they can apply for a subsidy through the regional manager's evaluation to bring their income to a reasonable protection level.

全面福利保障

特海關注員工的工作體驗與身心健康，致力於為其提供和諧、舒適的工作環境，不斷通過完善我們的薪酬福利制度，為員工提供及時暖心的關懷措施等途徑，激發員工的主觀能动性，增強人才團隊的歸屬感和凝聚力。我們嚴格遵守各運營所在地關於勞動用工的法律法規，系統性地規範員工的薪酬結構、工作時間及福利保障體系，確保每位員工均能享有全面且富有競爭力的福利待遇。

我們在《Super Hi福利制度》中專門列明為員工提供的各類福利補貼，涵蓋員工子女、父母、住房、飲食、生育等多個方面，各運營地按照當地規定和文化特色對應調整，充分滿足我們全球各地員工的差異化需求，營造以人為本的工作氛圍。我們為員工發放生日禮金，按照員工在本集團工作的工齡發放金元寶，並綜合運營地規定、員工條件等指標發放子女教育補貼、親子陪伴補貼、話費補貼、餐費補貼等福利，為員工工作生活的各個方面保駕護航。在提供全面薪酬福利的基礎上，我們亦關注員工的實際生活保障。為此，我們依據各運營國的社會經濟狀況，制定《店經理生活保障方案》，明確設定符合當地實際的生活保障線。當店經理當月應發工資（不含福利）低於該標準時，可通過大區經理評估申請補貼，使其收入達到合理保障水平。

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In addition, we provide health checkup benefits to eligible employees and offer different standards of health checkup subsidies for employees in various operating locations to support employees in maintaining their physical and mental health. Furthermore, we adopt the family visit system for full-time employees who have been employed for one year, providing convenience for those employees who do not work in their place of origin and their families to reunite, and expressing our appreciation to them for supporting the Company's continuously expanding business. Super Hi firmly believes that the value of hard work should be fully recognized. We are committed to creating a working environment that respects contributions and stimulates potential, deeply empowering employee development through transparent incentive mechanisms and smooth promotion paths. We strive to work together with employees to share achievements and create a better tomorrow in an employee-centered management atmosphere.

Super Hi upholds the “people-foremost and kind” humanitarian spirit and has formulated and implemented the *Measures for Humanitarian Relief* to support employees facing serious life difficulties, extending care to all staff including part-time workers. If employees or their immediate family members suffer severe difficulties in life due to accidents, natural disasters, and other force majeure factors, they may apply for special relief funds for emergency use to alleviate their urgent needs. In addition, for employees who have been dismissed for personal reasons and face special difficulties such as children's education or basic living due to demotion, if their original position was at the manager level or they have a seniority of five years or more, the humanitarian relief procedure can also be initiated. Forms of relief include parental subsidies, temporary housing subsidies, and special education subsidies for children to help our employees and their families weather through the transition period, reflecting the Company's respect and care for long-term service providers. During the Reporting Period, the total amount invested by the Company in the humanitarian relief fund was approximately USD137,046.

此外，我們為符合條件的員工提供體檢福利，為各運營地員工提供不同標準的體檢補貼，支持員工保持身心健康；我們亦為入職滿一年的全職員工設置探親制度，為那些不在原籍地工作的員工及其家人團聚提供便利，感謝他們支持公司不斷拓展的事業。特海堅信，努力的價值應當被充分認可。我們致力於打造一個尊重貢獻、激發潛能的工作環境，通過透明的激勵機制與暢通的晉升路徑，為員工發展深度賦能。我們追求與員工攜手共進，在人性化的管理氛圍中，共享成就，共創美好明天。

特海秉持「以人為本，與人為善」的人道主義精神，制定並實施《人道主義救助辦法》，當員工本人或其直系親屬因意外事故、自然災害等不可抗力導致生活陷入嚴重困境時，可申請專項救助基金以緩解燃眉之急，為包括鐘點工在內的全體員工在遭遇重大困難時提供及時有效的支持。同時，對於因個人原因被撤職、且因降職而面臨子女教育或基本生活等特殊困難的員工，若其原職為經理級別或工齡滿五年及以上，亦可啟動人道主義救助程序。救助形式包括父母贍養補貼、臨時住房補貼及子女教育專項補貼等，以幫助員工及其家庭度過過渡時期，體現公司對長期服務者的尊重與關懷。報告期內，公司投放在人道主義救助基金的金額合計約137,046美元。

Diverse employee activities

To accurately gain insights into employees' needs and promptly respond to team concerns, Super Hi has established diversified and regular communication mechanisms. Through monthly employee meetings and irregular informal dialogs, we actively listen to the voices of employees at all levels, ensuring that communication channels are unimpeded and providing active and timely feedback for the reasonable requirements of employees.

多元員工活動

為精準洞察員工需求、及時回應團隊關切，特海建立了多元化的常態化溝通機制。我們通過定期召開月度員工大會，並結合不定期的非正式交流，主動傾聽各級員工心聲，確保溝通渠道暢通無阻，並為員工的合理訴求提供積極、及時的反饋。



Case 案例

Solidarity Work Meeting 抱團工作會議

To continuously enhance team cohesion and professional capabilities, we organized a global “Solidarity Work Meeting” in November 2025, involving a total of 228 management personnel and outstanding employee representatives from different countries and regions. The meeting focused on employee recognition and professional development, setting examples and motivating the team by commending outstanding cases such as “Star of the Post” and “Innovation Awards”. At the same time, dedicated training sessions were conducted on policy interpretation, management improvement, and regulatory compliance to strengthen the compliance awareness and management capabilities. The activity also focused on the development of our organizational culture, promoting cross-regional exchange and a sense of belonging through team rituals. Such diverse employee activities reflect our high regard for talent development and represent an important measure in promoting global sustainable human resource management.

為持續提升團隊凝聚力與專業能力，2025年11月我們組織了全球「抱團工作會議」，共228位來自不同國家與地區的管理人員及優秀員工代表參與。會議聚焦員工認可與專業發展，通過表彰「崗位之星」「創新獎勵」等優秀案例，樹立榜樣、激勵團隊。同時開展涵蓋制度解讀、管理提升與法規培訓等專題學習，強化合規意識與管理能力。活動亦注重組織文化建設，透過團隊儀式促進跨區域交流與歸屬感。此類多元員工活動，體現我們對人才發展的高度重視，是推動全球可持續人力資源管理的重要實踐。

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To enhance team cohesion and foster a harmonious, positive, and vibrant organizational atmosphere, the Company regularly organizes various employee care activities, such as birthday celebrations and special meals during traditional festivals, fully demonstrating the Company's humanistic care for employees. These activities help promote team collaboration, and boost their enthusiasm for work, thereby effectively enhancing employees' happiness, sense of belonging, and cohesion.

4.2. Nurturing Career Growth

Super Hi regards employees' professional growth and career development as the core driving force for the Company's sustainable development. We are committed to developing a diversified and systematic talent development system, under which all employees will be provided with a platform for continuous learning and capability enhancement, enabling them to fully tap into their potential and break through capability boundaries. The Company encourages innovative thinking and cross-disciplinary exposure, aiming to build a high-caliber and composite professional talent pipeline that will provide solid talent support for the Group's future strategic development.

為增強團隊凝聚力，構建和諧、積極且富有活力的組織氛圍，公司定期組織各類員工關懷活動，如生日慶祝會、傳統節日加餐等，充分展現公司對員工的人性化關懷，促進團隊協作、激發工作熱情，從而有效提升員工的幸福感、歸屬感與整體向心力。

4.2. 育才職涯成長

特海視員工的專業成長與職業發展為企業可持續發展的核心動力。我們致力於構建多元化、系統化的人才培養體系，為全體員工提供持續學習與能力提升的平台，助力他們充分挖掘潛能、突破能力邊界。公司鼓勵創新思維與跨界實踐，旨在鍛造一支高素質、複合型的專業人才梯隊，為集團未來戰略佈局提供堅實的人才支撐。

Super Hi Learning and Development Centre is committed to developing a systematic and professional talent cultivation mechanism. By continuing to optimize the training management system and training forms, we have drawn clear training development paths for positions at all levels of the restaurant, ensuring that training resources are closely aligned with our business requirements. We formulate clear annual training goals and implementation plans every year and tailor diversified courses for employees at different levels and positions. Training forms are composed of online and offline classes, live interaction, thematic meetings, required reading materials, and performance assessment and evaluation. The training content focuses on the improvement of special post business skills and the cultivation of operation and management capabilities, aiming to provide high-caliber and composite talent for each development stage of the Company. As an international chain catering enterprise serving customers across the world and operating across diverse food cultures, our employees are required to receive training on and adapt to local customs in all aspects. Therefore, we have specially set up special training on overseas corporate culture localization. By providing targeted employee skill training, we continue to improve the overall professional quality and operational capability of the team, helping employees develop a deeper understanding of overseas dietary culture and required service skills.

特海學習發展中心致力於構建系統化、專業化的人才培養機制，通過持續優化培訓管理體系與教學形式，針對餐廳各層級崗位繪製了清晰的學習發展路徑，確保學習資源與業務需求緊密對接。我們每年制定清晰的年度培訓目標與實施計劃，並為不同層級、不同崗位的員工量身定制多元化課程。培訓形式涵蓋線上線下開班授課、直播互動、專題會議、必讀材料及考核評估等多種方式，內容聚焦特崗業務技能提升與經營管理能力培養，旨在為公司各發展階段輸送高素質複合型人才。作為國際連鎖餐飲企業，面對世界各地的顧客和各異的餐飲文化，我們的員工需要全方面學習和融入當地的習慣，因此我們特設海外企業文化本土化專題培訓，通過針對性開展員工技能培訓，持續提升團隊整體專業素養與運營能力，幫助員工深入學習和理解海外的飲食文化和所需服務技能。

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Super Hi, given the development trends of the times and the constantly changing market needs, continues to update the theoretical learning mode, improve the traditional offline teacher-apprentice method, and innovatively develop the dual-insurance talent training mode focusing on theory and practice, so as to help employees fully master theoretical knowledge through practice by combining online and offline modes. This mode has the following characteristics:

特海結合時代發展趨勢和不斷變化的市場需求，不斷更新理論學習模式，改良傳統的線下師帶徒的方法，創新發展出理論和實踐並重的雙保險人才培養模式，以線上和線下結合的方式幫助員工通過實踐完全掌握理論知識，該模式具有以下特點：

Training Content 培訓內容	Features 特點	Form 形式
“Post-Learning” unit 「崗位學習」單元	Apart from the “career ladder”, it also includes descriptions for 57 posts, as well as supplementary courses to support business expansion and pre-job tests, to ensure that employees have basic business capabilities. 除崗位爬山圖外，亦涵蓋57個崗位說明書、配套業務延展課程及崗前測訓，確保員工可具備基礎業務能力。	Online training platform 在線培訓平台
Online courses related to the dimensions of cadre growth ability 幹部成長能力緯度相關的在線課程	The courses integrate the Golden Eagle Pool and related knowledge by focusing on system and on-site management. Employees can easily track their career progression through the “career ladder”, so as to ensure that employees who have the ability and are willing to get promoted can obtain corresponding knowledge and skills. 課程整合了金鷹池及相關知識，緊密貼合制度與現場管理。員工通過崗位爬山圖了解自己身處的晉升階段，保證有晉升能力和意願的員工能獲得相應的知識與技能。	
Skills related to posts 崗位相關課程技能	To enhance the initiative of employees, with the support of our course R&D team and the live-broadcast training jointly conducted by the restaurants and school, we have offered a variety of knowledge competitions and knowledge co-creation activities to enable employees to review and practice skills related to their posts and apply theory to practice, so as to obtain new knowledge through repetitive practice. 為提升員工積極性，我們通過專業課程研發小組支持、店校共建直播培訓，舉辦多元化的知識競賽及知識共創活動，讓員工時常複習並實踐各崗位相關課程技能，結合理論與實踐，溫故知新。	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Live-broadcast training jointly conducted by the restaurants and school - 店校共建直播培訓 - Knowledge competitions - 知識競賽 - Knowledge co-creation activities - 知識共創活動

This Year, we continued to improve the global training system. Centering on core areas such as food safety, operational specifications, basic legal affairs, and internal systems, the headquarters and various restaurants opened more than 300 training classes, covering 54,045 person-times, with an employee training rate of 100%. At the same time, we systematically carried out reserve restaurant manager certification, restaurant skill improvement, and new employee training, and continuously strengthened the capabilities of management talent pipeline and organizational cohesion through the “Restaurant Manager Career Ladder” training and tracking system, localized assessments, and cross-regional exchange activities. All training is equipped with clear evaluation mechanisms to ensure that training effectiveness can be transformed, providing sustainable talent support for global business.

4.3. Occupational Safety Protection

Work safety is the lifeline of corporate development and is also one of our long-term key focuses. As a catering chain enterprise, we are committed to providing a safe, stable, and healthy working environment for employees around the world and adopting multiple means to reduce safety and health risks in the workplace. We strictly abide by the laws, regulations, and norms of the places where overseas restaurants operate, including but not limited to the *Occupational Safety and Health Act*, and the *Act on Regulatory Science Innovation for Supporting Food and Drug Safety and Commercialization of South Korea*; *Labor Standards Law, Implementation Rules for Labor Standards Law*, and *Labor Contract Law* of Japan; and *Labor Code* of Vietnam. While ensuring the quality of employees’ production and service work, we strive to protect customers against hygiene and health risks in the dining environment.

本年度，我們持續完善全球培訓體系，圍繞食品安全、運營規範、基礎法務及內部制度等核心領域，總部與各餐廳共開設超過300個培訓班，覆蓋54,045人次，員工受訓率達100%。同時，我們系統開展後備店經理認證、門店技能提升及新員工培訓，並通過「店經理爬山圖」學習跟蹤體系、本土化考核及跨區域交流活動，持續強化管理梯隊能力與組織凝聚力。所有培訓均設有明確評估機制，確保學習成效可轉化，為全球業務提供可持續的人才支持。

4.3. 職業安全保障

安全生產是企業發展的生命線，亦是我們長期重點關注之一。作為一家餐飲連鎖企業，我們致力於為全球各地的員工提供安全、穩定、健康的工作環境，採取多種手段降低工作場所的安全健康風險隱患。我們嚴格遵守海外門市運營地的法例法規及規範，包括但不限於韓國的《產業安全保健法》、《食品、醫藥品等安全及產品化支援監管科學創新法》；日本的《勞動基準法》、《勞動基準法實行規則》、《勞動契約法》；越南的《勞動法》等法律法規，在保障員工生產服務工作質量的同時，避免顧客受到用餐環境的衛生健康威脅。

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This Year, the Company performed stably in occupational health and safety management. No major production liability accidents or serious casualty incidents caused by inadvertent safety inspections occurred, and operational activities complied with relevant occupational health and safety regulatory requirements. In each of the past three years including the reporting year, the number and percentage of work-related deaths were zero, and the rate¹ of work days lost due to work-related injuries was 18.58.

Health and safety framework

Super Hi strictly strengthens restaurant work safety management in accordance with the work safety principle of “safety first, prevention-focused, people-first, strengthening management, and implementing responsibility”. We have formulated and implemented internal systems such as the *Restaurant Safety Management System*, the *Restaurant Employee Health and Food Safety Training System*, the *Safety Standardization Manual*, the *Equipment Safety Operation Manual*, the *Fire Safety Management Manual*, the *Mechanical Equipment Safety Management Regulations*, and the *Labor Protection Articles Management Regulations*, thereby establishing a complete health and safety management system and striving to achieve institutionalized, regulated, standardized, and professional management of work safety.

本年度，公司在職業健康安全方面表現穩定，未發生重大生產責任事故及因安全檢查疏忽導致的嚴重傷亡事件，運營活動均符合相關職業健康安全法規要求。包括報告期在內，過去三年每年因工亡故的人數以及每年因工亡故的比率均為0，因工傷損失工作日數比率¹為18.58。

健康安全架構

特海嚴格按照「安全第一、預防為主、以人為本、強化管理、落實責任」的安全生產方針加強門店安全生產管理，制定並執行《門店安全管理制度》、《門店員工健康及食品安全培訓制度》、《安全標準化手冊》、《設備安全操作手冊》、《消防安全管理手冊》、《機械設備安全管理規定》、《勞動防護用品管理規定》等內部制度，搭建起完善的健康安全管理體系，致力實現安全生產制度化、規範化、標準化和專業化管理。

¹ The rate of work days lost due to work-related injuries = total working days lost ÷ total working hours x 200,000 working hours. This rate of work days lost due to work-related injuries is calculated based on 200,000 hours of work per 100 employees per year. The number of work days lost due to work-related injuries in 2025 was 1,975 days.

¹ 因工傷損失工作日數比率為：損失工時總天數÷總工作小時數x200,000工作小時。此工傷損失工作日數比率根據每年100名員工的200,000小時工作時間計算得出。2025年度因工傷損失工作日數為1,975天。

The Company currently continues to expand its restaurant scale. Due to differences in restaurant scale, business expansion, and global geographical distribution, current data remains dynamic. Therefore, after discussion at the Board meeting, we have suspended setting a fixed base year and quantitative targets, changing them to directional targets that better fit the Company's current conditions and lay the foundation for setting scientific and feasible targets in the future. The revised environmental targets for this Year are as follows:

- (i) all emissions (such as cooking fume exhaust) shall comply with national and local environmental protection department emission standards; the greenhouse gas emission intensity calculated per unit of operating revenue shall be gradually reduced.
- (ii) the electricity consumption intensity calculated per unit of operating revenue shall be gradually reduced.
- (iii) the water consumption intensity calculated per unit of operating revenue shall be gradually reduced; ongoing training shall be provided to strengthen employees' water-saving awareness.
- (iv) the non-hazardous waste generation intensity calculated per unit of operating revenue shall be gradually reduced; ongoing training shall be provided to strengthen employees' awareness of waste management and food waste reduction.

As global environmental practices and data management continue to optimize, environmental data is becoming more stable. We will continue to monitor data changes and set quantitative targets at the appropriate time.

公司目前正持續擴張門店規模，由於門店規模差異、業務擴張及全球地域分佈，當前數據仍具動態性，因此經董事會會議討論，我們暫緩設定固定基準年及量化目標，改為方向性目標，更貼合公司現況，並為未來設定科學可行的目標奠定基礎。本年度修訂的環境目標如下：

- (i) 所有排放物（如油煙廢氣）均符合國家及當地環保部門排放標準；逐步降低按單位營業收入計算的溫室氣體排放密度。
- (ii) 逐步降低按單位營業收入計算的耗電密度。
- (iii) 逐步降低按單位營業收入計算的耗水密度；持續進行培訓加強員工節水意識。
- (iv) 逐步降低按單位營業收入計算的無害廢棄物產生密度；持續進行培訓加強員工對廢棄物管理及減少食物浪費的意識。

隨着全球環保實踐和數據管理持續優化，環境數據正趨於穩定。我們將持續監測數據變化，適時設立量化目標。

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Waste management

We have developed a series of internal regulations, including the *Management System of Daily Waste Disposal in Restaurants*, to incorporate the daily waste management of each restaurant into standardized processes. All waste disposal operations must meet the regulatory requirements of the countries where we operate, so as to fulfill environmental responsibilities and avoid environmental pollution caused by improper disposal.

We are committed to implementing waste sorting and compliant treatment in our global restaurant operations. To this end, we have developed the *Guidance for Waste Classification in Restaurants* to provide clear instructions for restaurants on the classification of daily waste. We require that all waste must be handed over to certified property management companies or third-party institutions for specialized treatment to prevent any form of unauthorized disposal. This work is overseen by the dedicated Safety Management Department through full-process supervision, inspections, and assessments to ensure its implementation effectiveness. Our restaurants prioritize responsible waste disposal. For instance, our restaurants in Canada have signed corresponding contracts with local qualified waste recycling companies; our restaurants in Vietnam classify and store waste paper for regular sale; and many restaurants in Australia, the United States, and other places implement waste sorting in accordance with local government requirements.

廢棄物管理

我們通過制定《餐廳日常廢棄物處置管理制度》等一系列內部規定，將餐廳的日常廢棄物管理納入標準化流程。所有廢棄物的處置操作均須符合運營所在國的法規要求，以此履行環保責任，並避免因處置不當而造成環境污染。

我們致力於在全球餐廳運營中落實垃圾分類與合規處理。為此，我們制定了《餐廳垃圾分類操作指導》，為日常垃圾的分類向餐廳提供明確指引。我們要求所有垃圾必須交由經認證的物業或第三方機構進行專業化處理，以杜絕任何形式的違規操作。此項工作由專設的安全管理部門負責全程監督、檢查與評級，確保執行效力。我們的餐廳均嚴格看待廢棄物處理，例如，我們的加拿大餐廳會跟當地有資質的垃圾回收公司簽訂相應的合同；越南餐廳會將廢紙分類存儲並定期變賣；澳大利亞、美國等地多家餐廳則按照當地政府要求推行垃圾分類。

In respect of waste grease management, the wastewater is discharged through sewer pipes into grease traps designated by the property management company or the commercial real estate management organization and properly discharged if the local government has uniform management requirements. In absence of such requirements, the restaurants are equipped with oil-water separators to separate the waste grease before it is discharged properly. To implement the full-process supervision, we require all restaurants to entrust audited and qualified third-party processors and track the destination of kitchen waste and waste grease and conduct on-site audits. At present, our restaurants in Singapore, Malaysia, Thailand, and Japan are regularly tracking the destination of waste grease and waste, while restaurants in Indonesia register disposal of waste oil and kitchen waste and have signed waste treatment contracts with qualified service providers. In South Korea, our restaurants strictly comply with the *Wastes Control Act* of South Korea, thereby implementing waste segregation and disposal measures at designated recycling points to ensure proper disposal by licensed suppliers.

To address the environmental challenges brought by food waste, we implement systematic management measures inside and outside our restaurants:

- **Publicity and Guidance:** We promote anti-food-waste awareness through the employee training system and by displaying posters in restaurants to encourage customers to take food as needed and avoid waste.
- **Service Optimization:** We actively guide customers to order meals appropriately during service and provide takeaway packaging services, while advocating the “Clean Plate Campaign”.

在廢棄油脂管理上，若當地政府有統一管理要求，餐廳會將廢水經由下水管道排放至物業或商產管理方指定的隔油設備，並進行妥善排放；若無相關要求，則餐廳均配備油水分離器，對廢棄油脂進行分離後再行排放。為落實全程監管，我們要求所有餐廳必須委託經審核的合格第三方處理商，並對餐廚垃圾與廢棄油脂的去向進行追蹤及現場審核。現時新加坡、馬來西亞、泰國、日本餐廳均定期追蹤廢棄油脂及垃圾去向，印尼餐廳亦會進行廢油、餐廚垃圾的處理登記，並已與合資格服務商簽訂垃圾合同；而我們的韓國餐廳則嚴格遵守韓國的《廢棄物管理法》，實行分類投放與定點回收，確保由持證供應商處理。

為應對食物浪費帶來的環境挑戰，我們在餐廳內外推行系統化的管理措施：

- **宣傳引導：**通過員工培訓系統普及反浪費知識，並在餐廳張貼提示，鼓勵顧客按需取餐、避免浪費。
- **服務優化：**在服務環節主動引導顧客適量點餐，並提供打包服務，積極倡導「空盤行動」。

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Case
案例

Innovation and Promotion of Energy-saving Systems 節能系統創新與推廣

In 2025, we promoted two projects, the “Underfloor Exhaust and Fresh Air Energy-saving Intelligent Control Wireless System” and the “Underfloor Exhaust Air-source Heat Pump Heat Recovery System”, in our restaurants across multiple countries including Vietnam, Indonesia, Japan, and South Korea. The former achieves independent exhaust control for single tables, reducing the load on air conditioning and fresh air systems, and is expected to save approximately 196,000 kWh of electricity over three years. The latter recovers kitchen waste heat to prepare hot water, replacing traditional gas or electric water heaters, and is expected to save approximately 307,000 kWh of electricity over three years. Both projects have completed their acceptance procedures. This not only reduces restaurant operational energy consumption but also reflects our determination to promote low-carbon operations through technological innovation.

2025年，我們在越南、印尼、日本、韓國等多個國家的餐廳推行「地排風、新風節能智控無線系統」及「地排風空氣源熱泵熱回收系統」兩項項目。前者實現單桌獨立控制排風，減少空調與新風系統負荷，預計三年可節約用電約19.6萬千瓦時；後者回收廚房廢熱用於製備熱水，替代傳統燃氣或電熱水器，預計三年可節約用電約30.7萬千瓦時。兩項目均已完成驗收，不僅降低了門店運營能耗，也體現了我們通過技術革新推動低碳運營的決心。

Super Hi is also committed to strengthening water resource management. We have implemented the following specific measures:

- Putting up water conservation reminder stickers in washrooms
- Reducing water pressure to the lowest practicable level
- Turning off the faucets
- Using dual-flush toilets
- Repairing dripping faucets immediately
- Recycling washing sewage for cleaning and irrigation
- Carrying out regular concealed pipe leak tests and checking overflowing water tanks
- Using faucets and urinals with water-saving labels
- Using faucets and urinals with infrared sensing
- Checking meter readings regularly and for hidden leaks
- Washing dishes in a centralized manner and avoiding frequent switching on and off of dishwashers

To further enhance our water-saving effectiveness, we will further improve water efficiency by upgrading restaurant cleaning equipment and strengthening employee water-saving training. This Year, Super Hi did not encounter any issues related to water withdrawal in its operations.

特海亦致力於強化水資源管理，我們已推行以下具體措施：

- 在各洗手間內張貼節約用水提醒標貼
- 把水壓降低至可行的最低程度
- 關緊水龍頭
- 使用雙沖水式馬桶
- 立即維修滴水的水龍頭
- 循環再用洗盥污水進行清潔及灌溉
- 定期進行隱蔽水管滲漏測試及檢查滿瀉的水缸
- 使用具有節水標籤的水龍頭和小便器
- 使用具備紅外線感應的水龍頭及小便池
- 定期檢查水表讀數及有無隱蔽的漏水現象
- 對餐具集中統一清洗，避免頻繁開關洗碗機

為持續深化節水成效，我們將通過升級餐廳清洗設備與加強員工節水培訓，進一步提升用水效率。本年度特海在營運方面並無任何取水的問題。

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5.2. Addressing Climate Change Together

The Group attaches great importance to climate issues. In accordance with the climate-related disclosures in the *Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Code* of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, we are committed to enhancing our climate risk identification and management capabilities.

Governance

We systematically integrate climate factors into decision-making and supervision processes through a three-tier structure of "Board-Management-Execution". The Board is responsible for overall leadership and supervision of ESG work, including approving the formulation and implementation progress of the Group's overall ESG and climate strategies, and receiving regular reports from the ESG Working Group to stay informed of the progress of identifying and responding to climate risks and opportunities. The management is responsible for specifically promoting and supervising the implementation of ESG and climate-related work, while the ESG Working Group assists in overall planning and cross-departmental coordination to ensure climate actions are implemented in each business unit at the execution level. During the Reporting Period, we provided climate-related training for directors.

Strategy²

We have currently implemented a number of carbon reduction measures, including optimizing energy consumption to reduce operational emissions, establishing emergency response plans to enhance operational resilience, and systematically tracking policies and regulations to maintain our compliance.

5.2. 攜手應對氣候變化

本集團高度重視氣候議題，我們依據香港聯交所《環境、社會及管治報告守則》中與氣候相關披露，致力於提升氣候風險識別與管理能力。

管治

我們通過「董事會－管理層－執行層」三級架構，將氣候因素系統融入決策與監督流程。董事會負責全面領導與監督ESG工作，包括審批集團整體ESG及氣候策略的制定與實施進展、聽取ESG工作小組定期匯報以了解氣候風險與機遇的識別與應對進展。管理層負責具體推進並督導ESG及氣候相關工作的實施，ESG工作小組則協助開展整體規劃與跨部門協調，確保氣候行動在執行層面各業務單元落實。報告期內，我們已為董事提供氣候相關培訓。

策略²

我們當前已實施多項減碳措施，包括優化能源使用以降低運營排放、建立應急響應方案以提升運營韌性，並系統跟蹤政策法規以保持合規。

² At present, relevant information regarding climate-related opportunities is not yet suitable for public disclosure.

² 目前，有關氣候相關機遇的相關信息尚不適宜公開披露。

Risk Description 風險描述	Potential Business Impact 潛在業務影響	Potential Financial Impact* 潛在財務影響*	Measures 應對措施
Acute physical change risks 急性實體變化風險	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Loss of sales due to disrupted restaurant operations 餐廳運營中斷，銷售損失 Repair or replacement required due to damages to kitchen equipment, cold storage, air conditioning and other facilities 廚房設備、冷庫、空調等設施受損需修復或重置 Costs increase due to required emergency procurement as a result of disrupted food ingredient supply chain 食材供應鏈中斷，需應急採購，成本上升 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Revenue decrease: income reduction due to operational disruption 營收下降：運營中斷導致收入減少 Increase in repair/replacement costs: increased expenditure on maintenance or replacement of equipment and restaurant facilities 修復／重置成本增加：設備和門店設施維修或更換支出增加 Costs increase: emergency procurement of food ingredients pushes up unit costs, squeezing profit margins 成本上升：應急採購食材推高單位成本，壓縮利潤率 Cash flow deterioration: inventory backlog, extended receivables, and net cash flow decreases 現金流惡化：存貨積壓、應收延長，淨現金流減少 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Formulated the <i>Super Hi Comprehensive Emergency Plan</i> and special plans for extreme weather, covering common risk scenarios such as heavy rain, typhoons, power outages, and water cuts, specifying response processes and measures, and requiring restaurants to organize drills in a timely manner 已制定《Super Hi綜合應急預案》及極端天氣專項預案，內容覆蓋暴雨、颱風、停電、停水等常見風險場景，明確了響應流程及應對措施，並要求餐廳適時組織演練 Establish diversified supply channels and implement reasonable inventory planning for key food ingredients to continuously enhance the adaptability and stability of the supply chain 建立多元化的供應渠道，並對關鍵食材實施合理庫存規劃，持續提升供應鏈的適應性與穩定性 Save the electronic versions of relevant documents for backup, and set up the backup data storage center in another location 保存有關文件的電子版本以作備份，備用數據存儲中心應在異地

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Risk Description 風險描述	Potential Business Impact 潛在業務影響	Potential Financial Impact* 潛在財務影響*	Measures 應對措施
Chronic physical risks 慢性實體風險	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Increase in energy consumption due to higher cold chain and air-conditioning loads caused by high temperatures 高溫天氣增加冷鏈和空調負荷，能源消耗持續上升 Increase in food loss and decline in production efficiency due to greater difficulty in food preservation 食材保鮮難度加大，損耗率提高，生產效率下降 Long-term investment in energy-efficient equipment and cold chain systems required to maintain operations 長期需投資節能設備和冷鏈系統以維持運營 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Energy costs continuously increase: electricity and cold chain expenses as a percentage of revenue rise 能源成本持續增加：電力和冷鏈費用佔營收比例上升 Revenue decrease: food ingredient loss and efficiency decline lead to slower income growth 營收減少：食材損耗和效率下降導致收入增速放緩 Capital expenditure increase: energy-saving renovation and cold chain upgrades bring additional investment needs, squeezing free cash flow 資本支出增加：節能改造和冷鏈升級帶來額外投資需求，壓縮自由現金流 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Enhance employees' awareness of heat-related diseases; 加強員工對暑熱壓力相關疾病的意識； Adopt more low-cost emission reduction measures to benefit the climate and mitigate potential future energy price risks; 通過使用更多低成本的減排措施，有利氣候環境的同時，降低未來可能的能源價格上漲的風險； Conduct proper safety management on site, pay close attention to weather changes, stop relevant work in time in case of extreme weather, and transfer employees and equipment to a safe area. 做好現場安全管理，及時關注天氣變化，及時停止相應工作，將員工、設備轉移到安全地帶。
Policy and regulatory risks 政策及法規風險	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Carbon emission-related costs increase, especially in restaurant energy consumption and logistics segments 碳排放相關成本增加，尤其是門店能源消耗和物流環節 Compliance costs rise (disclosure, audit, regulatory requirements) 合規成本上升（披露、審計、監管要求） Restaurants need renovation to comply with energy-saving and environmental protection standards 門店需改造以符合節能和環保標準 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Carbon costs increase: rising carbon prices directly translate into annual expenses 碳成本增加：碳價上升直接轉化為年度費用 Compliance costs rise: audit, disclosure, and regulatory requirements increase management expenses 合規成本上升：審、披露、監管要求增加管理費用 Capital expenditure increase: restaurant renovation and environmental equipment updates push up capital expenditure 資本支出增加：門店改造與環保設備更新，推高資本支出 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Keep an eye on whether the relevant government departments have introduced new rules and ordinances, and integrate them into the management strategy. 密切關注政府相關部門是否有出台新的相關法規條例，並整合到管理策略中。

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Metrics and Targets

We continue to disclose Scope 1 and Scope 2 greenhouse gas emissions in our annual ESG reports. Currently, we have preliminarily started data collection with relevant departments to identify Scope 3 categories that are material to the Group's business for future disclosure.

指標及目標

我們持續於歷年ESG報告披露溫室氣體範圍1及2的排放量，目前更已與涉及的相關部門初步開展資料收集工作，以識別對本集團業務而言重大的範圍3範疇，以便日後披露。

Greenhouse Gas Emissions ^{3,4} 溫室氣體排放 ^{3,4}	Unit 單位	FY2025 2025財年
Scope 1 範圍1	tCO ₂ e 公噸二氧化碳當量	7,980.49
Scope 2 範圍2	tCO ₂ e 公噸二氧化碳當量	78,597.13
Total GHG emission (Scope 1 and 2) 溫室氣體排放總量(範圍1和2)	tCO ₂ e 公噸二氧化碳當量	86,577.63
GHG emission intensity per unit of operating revenue 按單位營業收入算的溫室氣體排放密度	tCO ₂ e/USD million 二氧化碳當量／ 百萬美元	102.98

³ Greenhouse gas emission calculation methods reference the Corporate Accounting and Reporting Standard under Greenhouse Gas Protocol published by the World Resources Institute (WRI) and the World Business Council for Sustainable Development (WBCSD).

⁴ We use the operational control approach to set the boundaries for accounting greenhouse gas emissions, and use the location-based method for calculations.

³ 溫室氣體排放量計算方法參考世界資源研究所(WRI)和世界可持續發展工商理事會(WBCSD)發佈的《溫室氣體核算體系企業核算與報告標準》。

⁴ 我們使用運營控制權法設定溫室氣體排放量的核算邊界，並採用地域為基準方法作計算。

Climate-related Targets

We are committed to minimizing the environmental impact of our operational activities. For more information on the initiatives we have taken to achieve our environmental targets, please refer to the “Low-carbon operational practices” section of this chapter.

The Group conducts climate-related disclosures based on the “comply or explain” basis in accordance with the requirements of Part D of Appendix C2. As certain projects are currently in the capability-building stage and the data foundation is still being strengthened, this report provides qualitative explanations based on currently available reasonable information for certain disclosure items where objective limitations in data acquisition exist or measurement methods are still under development, such as detailed Scope 3 emission data, quantitative analysis of climate-related financial impacts, and certain cross-industry metrics, in accordance with the principle of “Reasonable Information Relief” in Appendix C2. We are continuously promoting the development of a data management system, and expect to gradually improve the systematic collection and assessment mechanism for relevant data in the future to continuously enhance the completeness and accuracy of information disclosure.

氣候相關目標

我們致力於降低營運活動對環境的影響，更多關於我們為實現環境目標採取的舉措請參閱本章節「低碳運營實踐」部分。

本集團依據附錄C2 D部分要求，以「不遵守就解釋」原則進行氣候相關披露。當前部分項目尚處能力建設階段，數據基礎仍在完善，因此本報告依據附錄C2中「合理資料寬免」的原則，對部分因數據獲取存在客觀限制或計量方法尚在完善中的披露內容，如範圍三排放詳細數據、氣候相關財務影響的量化分析及部分跨行業指標等，以當前可獲得的合理信息為基礎進行定性說明。我們正在持續推進數據管理體系建設，預計在未來逐步完善相關數據的系統化收集與評估機制，以持續提升信息披露的完整性與精確性。

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6. COMMUNITY COLLABORATION: BUILDING BETTER LIVING COMMUNITIES TOGETHER

6.1. Sincere Contribution to the Society

As a practitioner of corporate social responsibility, Super Hi is committed to participating in social welfare activities, giving back to society through donations and material contributions, and spreading corporate compassion.

6. 協同社區：共築美好生活圈

6.1. 赤誠回饋社會

作為企業社會責任的踐行者，特海堅持投身於社會公益活動中，通過捐款及物資捐贈等方式回饋社會，傳遞企業大愛。



Case 案例

Canadian Restaurant Donation Supports Children's Hospital 加拿大餐廳捐贈支持兒童醫院

In 2025, Super Hi's restaurants in the Vancouver region actively participated in local community charity activities by donating Haidilao-themed toys to the BC Children's Hospital, bringing warmth and joy to hospitalized children. This donation was part of the local annual toy drive, aiming to provide emotional support for children staying in hospital during the holiday seasons, while helping to ease pressure on families during the peak winter illness period, enhancing the children's sense of connection with the outside world.

2025年，特海溫哥華區域餐廳積極參與本地社區公益，通過向BC省兒童醫院捐贈海底撈主題玩具，為住院患兒傳遞溫暖與歡樂。此次捐贈是當地年度玩具募集活動的組成部分，旨在為節假期間住院的兒童提供精神支持，也在冬季疾病高發期幫助緩解家庭壓力，增強患兒與外部世界的連接感。

In our corporate operations, we always integrate social responsibility into our day-to-day practices. In the Thailand region, restaurants actively recruit persons with intellectual disabilities, who are locally referred to as “heartwarming employees”. This not only alleviates the employment pressure on communities but also reflects the Company’s corporate commitment to inclusive development.

In terms of cultural outreach and social integration, we actively promote cross-cultural exchange and community integration by organizing traditional art performances such as “face-changing”. For example, our restaurants in the U.S. region have for multiple times visited local primary, secondary, and university campuses to conduct “face-changing” charity performances, vividly demonstrating the charm of Chinese culture. Such activities not only enrich the cultural experience of the local community but have also received widespread welcome and multiple invitations from the operating communities, becoming an important practice for us to promote cultural diversity and deepen community interaction. We continue to integrate cultural outreach into local operations, using art as a bridge to foster understanding and respect between different cultures.

在企業運營中，我們始終將社會責任融入日常實踐。在泰國區域，各餐廳積極招聘智力障礙人士，當地稱之為「愛心員工」，不但緩解社會就業壓力，也體現了公司踐行包容性發展的企業承諾。

在文化傳播與社會融合方面，我們積極通過舉辦「變臉」等傳統藝術表演活動，促進跨文化交流與社區共融。例如，美國區域餐廳多次走進當地中小學及大學校園開展「變臉」義演，生動展示中華文化魅力。此類活動不僅豐富了當地社區的文化體驗，也獲得了運營地社群的廣泛歡迎與多次邀請，成為我們推動文化多樣性、深化社區互動的重要實踐。我們持續將文化傳播融入本地運營，以藝術為橋樑，助力不同文化之間的理解與尊重。

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Case
案例

Our Australian Restaurant Face-changing Performance Receives Official Invitation

澳大利亞餐廳變臉表演獲官方邀請

During the 2025 Lunar New Year, a noodle face-changing master from our Australian restaurant was invited to perform Sichuan Opera face-changing at an official New Year event hosted by the Australia China Business Council. This event attracted widespread participation from local political and business representatives and community members.

The performance vividly demonstrated the charm of Chinese culture through an intangible cultural heritage art form, receiving high recognition and enthusiastic responses from the audience. This invitation to participate in mainstream festival activities not only demonstrates the influence of traditional Chinese culture overseas but also reflects our continuous efforts to integrate into local communities through cultural ties and promote multicultural understanding.

2025年農曆新年期間，澳大利亞餐廳的撈面變臉師獲邀在由澳中商業委員會主辦的官方新年活動中進行川劇變臉表演。此次活動吸引了當地政商界代表及社區民眾的廣泛參與。

表演以非遺藝術形式生動展現中華文化魅力，獲得現場觀眾的高度認可與熱烈反響。此次受邀參與主流節慶活動，既展現中華傳統文化在海外的影響力，也體現我們通過文化紐帶融入當地社區、推動多元文化理解的持續努力。



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KPIs 指標內容		Relevant Chapters 相關章節	
B4: Labour Standards B4 : 勞工準則	General Disclosures 一般披露	Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to preventing child and forced labour. 有關防止童工或強制勞工的：(a)政策；及(b)遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。	4.1 Adhering To Compliant Employment 4.1 恪守僱傭合規
	B4.1	Description of measures to review employment practices to avoid child and forced labour. 描述檢討招聘慣例的措施以避免童工及強制勞工。	4.1 Adhering To Compliant Employment 4.1 恪守僱傭合規
	B4.2	Description of steps taken to eliminate such practices when discovered. 描述在發現違規情況時消除有關情況所採取的步驟。	4.1 Adhering To Compliant Employment 4.1 恪守僱傭合規
B5: Supply Chain Management B5 : 供應鏈管理	General Disclosures 一般披露	Policies on managing environmental and social risks of the supply chain. 管理供應鏈的環境及社會風險政策。	3.2 Sustainable Supply Chain 3.2 可持續供應鏈
	B5.1	Number of suppliers by geographical region. 按地區劃分的供應商數目。	3.2 Sustainable Supply Chain 3.2 可持續供應鏈
	B5.2	Description of practices relating to engaging suppliers, number of suppliers where the practices are being implemented, and how they are implemented and monitored. 描述有關聘用供應商的慣例，向其執行有關慣例的供應商數目、以及有關慣例的執行及監察方法。	3.2 Sustainable Supply Chain 3.2 可持續供應鏈
	B5.3	Description of practices used to identify environmental and social risks along the supply chain, and how they are implemented and monitored. 描述有關識別供應鏈每個環節的環境及社會風險的慣例，以及相關執行及監察方法。	3.2 Sustainable Supply Chain 3.2 可持續供應鏈
	B5.4	Description of practices used to promote environmentally preferable products and services when selecting suppliers, and how they are implemented and monitored. 描述在揀選供應商時促使多用環保產品及服務的慣例，以及相關執行及監察方法。	3.2 Sustainable Supply Chain 3.2 可持續供應鏈

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KPIs 指標內容			Relevant Chapters 相關章節
B6: Product Responsibility B6：產品責任	General Disclosures 一般披露	Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to health and safety, advertising, labelling and privacy matters relating to products and services provided and methods of redress. 有關所提供產品和服務的健康與安全、廣告、標籤及私隱事宜以及補救方法的：(a)政策；及(b)遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。	1. Priority on Leadership: Comprehensively Safeguarding Food Safety 2. Customer Orientation: Creating Excellent Dining Experience 1. 品質引領：全面守護食品安全 2. 顧客導向：打造卓越用餐體驗
	B6.1	Percentage of total products sold or shipped subject to recalls for safety and health reasons. 已售或已運送產品總數中因安全與健康理由而須回收的百分比。	1.1 Building Food Safety Defenses 1.1 築牢食安防線
	B6.2	Number of products and services related complaints received and how they are dealt with. 接獲關於產品及服務的投訴數目以及應對方法。	2.1 Safeguarding Customer Rights and Interests 2.1 顧客權益護航
	B6.3	Description of practices relating to observing and protecting intellectual property rights. 描述與維護及保障知識產權有關的慣例。	1.2 Innovative and Diversified Menu Items 1.2 餐品多元創新
	B6.4	Description of quality assurance process and recall procedures. 描述質量檢定過程及產品回收程序。	1.1 Building Food Safety Defenses 1.1 築牢食安防線
	B6.5	Description of consumer data protection and privacy policies, and how they are implemented and monitored. 描述消費者數據保障及私隱政策，以及相關執行及監察方法。	2.1 Safeguarding Customer Rights and Interests 2.1 顧客權益護航

KPIs 指標內容			Relevant Chapters 相關章節
B7: Anti-corruption B7：反貪腐	General Disclosures 一般披露	Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering. 有關防止賄賂、勒索、欺詐及洗黑錢的：(a)政策；及(b)遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。	3.1 Clean and Compliant Operations 3.1 廉正合規經營
	B7.1	Number of concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices brought against the issuer or its employees during the Reporting Period and the outcomes of the cases. 於匯報期內對發行人或其僱員提出並已審結的貪污訴訟案件的數目及訴訟結果。	3.1 Clean and Compliant Operations 3.1 廉正合規經營
	B7.2	Description of preventive actions and reporting procedures and relevant implementation and supervision methods. 描述防範措施及舉報程序，以及相關執行及監察方法。	3.1 Clean and Compliant Operations 3.1 廉正合規經營
	B7.3	Description of anti-corruption training provided to directors and employees. 描述向董事及員工提供的反貪污培訓。	3.1 Clean and Compliant Operations 3.1 廉正合規經營
B8: Community Investment B8：社區投資	General Disclosures 一般披露	Policies on community engagement to understand the needs of the communities where the issuer operates and to ensure its activities take into consideration the communities' interests. 有關以社區參與來了解營運所在社區需要和確保其業務活動會考慮社區利益的政策。	6. Community Collaboration: Building Better Living Communities Together 6. 協同社區：共築美好生活圈
	B8.1	Focus areas of contribution (e.g. education, environmental concerns, labour needs, health, culture, sport). 專注貢獻範疇(如教育、環境事宜、勞工需求、健康、文化、體育)。	6. Community Collaboration: Building Better Living Communities Together 6. 協同社區：共築美好生活圈
	B8.2	Resources contributed to the focus area. 在專注範疇所動用資源。	6. Community Collaboration: Building Better Living Communities Together 6. 協同社區：共築美好生活圈

KPIs 指標內容		Relevant Chapters 相關章節
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (b) management’s role in the governance processes, controls and procedures used to monitor, manage and oversee climate-related risks and opportunities, including information about: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) whether the role is delegated to a specific management-level position or management-level committee and how oversight is exercised over that position or committee; and (ii) whether management uses controls and procedures to support the oversight of climate-related risks and opportunities and, if so, how these controls and procedures are integrated with other internal functions. <p>(b) 管理層在用以監察、管理及監督氣候相關風險和機遇的管治流程、監控措施及程序中的角色，包括以下資訊：</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) 該角色是否被委託給特定的管理層人員或管理層委員會以及如何對該人員或委員會進行監督；及 (ii) 管理層可有使用監控措施及程序協助監督氣候相關風險和機遇；如有，這些監控措施及程序如何與其他內部職能部門進行整合。

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KPIs 指標內容		Relevant Chapters 相關章節
(II) Strategy (II) 策略	20. Climate-related risks and opportunities An issuer shall disclose information to enable an understanding of climate-related risks and opportunities that could reasonably be expected to affect the issuer's cash flows, its access to finance or cost of capital over the short, medium or long term. Specifically, the issuer shall: (a) describe climate-related risks and opportunities that could reasonably be expected to affect the issuer's cash flows, its access to finance or cost of capital over the short, medium or long term; (b) explain, for each climate-related risk the issuer has identified, whether the issuer considers the risk to be a climate-related physical risk or climate-related transition risk; (c) specify, for each climate-related risk and opportunity the issuer has identified, over which time horizons – short, medium or long term – the effects of each climate-related risk and opportunity could reasonably be expected to occur; and (d) explain how the issuer defines 'short term', 'medium term' and 'long term' and how these definitions are linked to the planning horizons used by the issuer for strategic decision-making. 氣候相關風險和機遇 發行人須披露其資訊，以讓人理解其合理預期可能在短期、中期或長期影響其現金流量、融資渠道或資本成本的氣候相關風險和機遇。具體而言，發行人須： (a) 描述合理預期可能在短期、中期或長期影響發行人的現金流量、融資渠道或資本成本的氣候相關風險和機遇； (b) 就發行人已識別的每項氣候相關風險，解釋發行人是否認為該風險是與氣候相關物理風險或與氣候相關轉型風險； (c) 就發行人已識別的每項氣候相關風險和機遇，具體說明其合理預期可能影響發行人的時間範圍（短期、中期或長期）；及 (d) 解釋發行人如何定義短期、中期及長期，以及這些定義如何與其策略決定規劃範圍掛鉤。	5.2 Addressing Climate Change Together 5.2 攜手應對氣候變化

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KPIs 指標內容		Relevant Chapters 相關章節
(II) Strategy (II) 策略	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) current and anticipated changes to the issuer's business model, including its resource allocation, to address climate-related risks and opportunities; (ii) current and anticipated adaptation and mitigation efforts (whether direct or indirect); (iii) any climate-related transition plan the issuer has (including information about key assumptions used in developing its transition plan, and dependencies on which the issuer's transition plan relies), or an appropriate negative statement where the issuer does not have a climate-related transition plan; and (iv) how the issuer plans to achieve any climate-related targets (including any greenhouse gas emissions targets (if any)), described in accordance with paragraphs 37 to 40; and <p>(b) information about how the issuer is resourcing, and plans to resource, the activities disclosed in accordance with paragraph 22(a).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) 因應氣候相關風險和機遇而在當前及預期將來對發行人業務模式（包括資源配置）作出的變動； (ii) 已經或預期將進行的任何適應或減緩工作（直接或間接）； (iii) 發行人任何與氣候相關轉型計劃（包括制定轉型計劃時使用的主要假設的資訊，以及該計劃所依賴的因素），或若發行人並未有這樣的計劃，則作適當的否定聲明； (iv) 發行人計劃如何實現第37至40段所述的任何氣候相關目標（包括任何溫室氣體排放目標（如有））；及 <p>(b) 有關發行人當前及將來計劃如何為根據第22(a)段披露的行動提供資源。</p>	
23.	<p>An issuer shall disclose information about the progress of plans disclosed in previous reporting periods in accordance with paragraph 22(a).</p> <p>發行人須披露先前各匯報期內按照第22(a)段所披露計劃的進度。</p>	5.2 Addressing Climate Change Together 5.2 攜手應對氣候變化

KPIs 指標內容			Relevant Chapters 相關章節
(II) Strategy (II) 策略	24.	<p>Financial position, financial performance and cash flows</p> <p>Current financial effect</p> <p>An issuer shall disclose qualitative and quantitative information about:</p> <p>(a) how climate-related risks and opportunities have affected its financial position, financial performance and cash flows for the reporting period; and</p> <p>(b) the climate-related risks and opportunities identified in paragraph 24(a) for which there is a significant risk of a material adjustment within the next annual reporting period to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities reported in the related financial statements.</p> <p>財務狀況、財務表現及現金流量</p> <p>當前財務影響</p> <p>發行人須披露以下定性和量化資料：</p> <p>(a) 氣候相關風險和機遇如何影響發行人於匯報期的財務狀況、財務表現及現金流量；及</p> <p>(b) 當存在將導致下一匯報年度相關財務報表中的資產和負債帳面價值發生重要調整的重大風險時，關於第24(a)段中識別的氣候相關風險和機遇的資訊。</p>	<p>5.2 Addressing Climate Change Together</p> <p>Financial effect relief -</p> <p>As the quantitative information about the current or anticipated financial effects of a climate-related risk or opportunity cannot be separately identifiable, and the level of measurement uncertainty involved in estimating those effects is so high, and the amount of the combined financial effects is expected to be too small, quantitative information about the current or anticipated financial effects of a climate-related risk or opportunity is not provided.</p> <p>5.2攜手應對氣候變化</p> <p>財務影響寬免——</p> <p>由於無法單獨識別氣候相關風險或機遇的當前或預期財務影響的量化資料，加上評估相關影響的計量方式不確定性太高，以及預計相關綜合財務影響的金額太少，因此不提供氣候相關風險或機遇的當前或預期財務影響的量化資料。</p>

KPIs 指標內容			Relevant Chapters 相關章節
(III) Risk Management (III) 風險管理	27.	<p>An issuer shall disclose information about:</p> <p>(a) the processes and related policies it uses to identify, assess, prioritise and monitor climate-related risks, including information about:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) the inputs and parameters the issuer uses (for example, information about data sources and the scope of operations covered in the processes); (ii) whether and how the issuer uses climate-related scenario analysis to inform its identification of climate-related risks; (iii) how the issuer assesses the nature, likelihood and magnitude of the effects of those risks (for example, whether the issuer considers qualitative factors, quantitative thresholds or other criteria); (iv) whether and how the issuer prioritises climate-related risks relative to other types of risks; (v) how the issuer monitors climate-related risks; and (vi) whether and how the issuer has changed the processes it uses compared with the previous reporting period; <p>發行人須披露以下資訊：</p> <p>(a) 發行人用於識別、評估氣候相關風險，以及釐定當中輕重緩急並保持監察的流程及相關政策，包括有關以下方面的資訊：</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) 發行人使用的輸入資料及參數（例如資料來源及程序所涵蓋的業務範圍）； (ii) 發行人可有及如何使用氣候相關情景分析來識別氣候相關風險； (iii) 發行人如何評估有關風險的影響的性質、可能性及程度（例如發行人可有考慮定性因素、量化門檻或其他所用標準）； (iv) 發行人可有及如何就氣候相關風險相對於其他類型風險的優次排列； (v) 發行人如何監察其氣候相關風險；及 (vi) 與上一個匯報期相比，發行人可有及如何改變其使用的流程； 	5.2 Addressing Climate Change Together 5.2 攜手應對氣候變化

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	<p>(b) the processes the issuer uses to identify, assess, prioritise and monitor climate-related opportunities (including information about whether and how the issuer uses climate-related scenario analysis to inform its identification of climate-related opportunities); and</p> <p>(c) the extent to which, and how, the processes for identifying, assessing, prioritising and monitoring climate-related risks and opportunities are integrated into and inform the issuer's overall risk management process.</p> <p>(b) 發行人用於識別、評估氣候相關機遇，以及釐定當中輕重緩急並保持監察的流程（包括發行人可有及如何使用氣候相關情景分析來確定氣候相關機遇的資訊）；及</p> <p>(c) 氣候相關風險和機遇的識別、評估、優次排列和監察流程，是如何融入發行人的整體風險管理流程，以及融入的程度如何。</p>	

KPIs 指標內容		Relevant Chapters 相關章節
(IV) Metrics and Targets (IV) 指標及目標	<p>28. Greenhouse gas emissions An issuer shall disclose its absolute gross greenhouse gas emissions generated during the reporting period, expressed as metric tons of CO₂ equivalent, classified as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) Scope 1 greenhouse gas emissions; (b) Scope 2 greenhouse gas emissions; and (c) Scope 3 greenhouse gas emissions. <p>溫室氣體排放 發行人須披露匯報期內的溫室氣體絕對總排放量（以公噸二氧化碳當量表示），並分為：</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) 範圍1溫室氣體排放； (b) 範圍2溫室氣體排放；及 (c) 範圍3溫室氣體排放。 	<p>5.2 Addressing Climate Change Together Appendix I: Summary of Sustainability Data Measurement Approach, Inputs and Assumptions for Scope 3 Greenhouse Gas Emissions: We have applied the reasonable information relief, as we were unable to obtain all reasonable and supportable information available at the reporting date without undue cost or effort when selecting the measurement approach, inputs and assumptions used to measure our Scope 3 greenhouse gas emissions. However, we have continuously disclosed Scope 1 and Scope 2 greenhouse gas emissions in our ESG reports over the years. Currently, we have initiated preliminary data collection with relevant departments to identify Scope 3 categories that are material to the Group's business, and are actively establishing methodologies and processes for calculation and regular data collection for future disclosure.</p> <p>5.2 攜手應對氣候變化 附錄一：可持續發展數據摘要 範圍三溫室氣體排放的計算方法、輸入資料及假設：我們已採用合理資料寬免，因為在選取用於計算範圍三溫室氣體排放的計算方法、輸入資料及假設時，我們無法在不付出不必要的成本或努力的情況下，取得於報告日期可取得的一切合理且有依據的資料。但我們持續於歷年ESG報告披露溫室氣體範圍一及二的排放量，目前更已與涉及的相關部門初步開展資料收集工作，以識別對本集團業務而言重大的範圍3範疇，並積極建立計算及定期數據收集的方法和流程，以便日後披露。</p>

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(IV) Metrics and Targets (IV) 指標及目標	<p>29.</p> <p>An issuer shall:</p> <p>(a) measure its greenhouse gas emissions in accordance with the Greenhouse Gas Protocol: A Corporate Accounting and Reporting Standard (2004) unless required by a jurisdictional authority or another exchange on which the issuer is listed to use a different method for measuring greenhouse gas emissions;</p> <p>(b) disclose the approach it uses to measure its greenhouse gas emissions including:</p> <p>(i) the measurement approach, inputs and assumptions the issuer uses to measure its greenhouse gas emissions;</p> <p>(ii) the reason why the issuer has chosen the measurement approach, inputs and assumptions it uses to measure its greenhouse gas emissions; and</p> <p>(iii) any changes the issuer made to the measurement approach, inputs and assumptions during the reporting period and the reasons for those changes;</p> <p>發行人須：</p> <p>(a) 除非管轄機關或發行人上市之另一交易所另有要求，否則發行人須根據《溫室氣體核算體系：企業核算與報告標準(2004年)》計量其溫室氣體排放；</p> <p>(b) 披露其用於計量溫室氣體排放的方法，包括：</p> <p>(i) 發行人用於計量其溫室氣體排放的計量方法、輸入資料及假設；</p> <p>(ii) 發行人為何選擇該計量方法、輸入資料及假設計量溫室氣體排放；及</p> <p>(iii) 發行人在匯報期對計量方法、輸入資料及假設進行的任何變更以及變更原因；</p>	<p>5.2 Addressing Climate Change Together Appendix I: Summary of Sustainability Data Measurement Approach, Inputs and Assumptions for Scope 3 Greenhouse Gas Emissions: We have applied the reasonable information relief, as we were unable to obtain all reasonable and supportable information available at the reporting date without undue cost or effort when selecting the measurement approach, inputs and assumptions used to measure our Scope 3 greenhouse gas emissions.</p> <p>5.2攜手應對氣候變化 附錄一：可持續發展數據摘要範圍三溫室氣體排放的計量方法、輸入資料及假設：我們已採用合理資料寬免，因為在選取用於計算範圍三溫室氣體排放的計量方法、輸入資料及假設時，我們無法在不付出不必要的成本或努力的情況下，取得於報告日期可取得的一切合理且有依據的資料。</p>

KPIs 指標內容		Relevant Chapters 相關章節
(IV) Metrics and Targets (IV) 指標及目標	<p>(c) for Scope 2 greenhouse gas emissions disclosed in accordance with paragraph 28(b), disclose its location-based Scope 2 greenhouse gas emissions, and provide information about any contractual instruments that is necessary to enable an understanding of the issuer's Scope 2 greenhouse gas emissions; and</p> <p>(d) for Scope 3 greenhouse gas emissions disclosed in accordance with paragraph 28(c), disclose the categories included within the issuer's measure of Scope 3 greenhouse gas emissions, in accordance with the Scope 3 categories described in the Greenhouse Gas Protocol Corporate Value Chain (Scope 3) Accounting and Reporting Standard (2011).</p> <p>(c) 就根據第28(b)段披露的範圍2溫室氣體排放，披露其以地域為基準的範圍2溫室氣體排放，並提供有助於了解該排放的任何所需合約文書的資訊；及</p> <p>(d) 就根據第28(c)段披露的範圍3溫室氣體排放，根據《溫室氣體核算體系：企業價值鏈（範圍3）核算與報告標準（2011年）》所述的範圍3類別披露發行人計量範圍3溫室氣體排放中包含的類別。</p>	
30.	<p>Climate-related transition risks An issuer shall disclose the amount and percentage of assets or business activities vulnerable to climate-related transition risks. 氣候相關轉型風險 發行人須披露容易受氣候相關轉型風險影響的資產或業務活動的金額及百分比。</p>	<p>We will enhance the methodologies and processes for assessing the financial effects of climate-related risks and opportunities in future reports. Calculation of Metrics (particularly cross-industry metric categories): We have applied the reasonable information relief, as we were unable to obtain all reasonable and supportable information available at the reporting date without undue cost or effort.</p>
31.	<p>Climate-related physical risks An issuer shall disclose the amount and percentage of assets or business activities vulnerable to climate-related physical risks. 氣候相關物理風險 發行人須披露容易受氣候相關物理風險影響的資產或業務活動的金額及百分比。</p>	<p>我們將在未來的報告中加強評估氣候相關風險和機遇的財務影響的方法和流程。關於指標計算（特別是跨行業指標類別）：我們已採用合理資料寬免，因為我們無法在不付出不必要成本或努力的情況下，取得於報告日期可取得的一切合理且有依據的資料。</p>

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(IV) Metrics and Targets (IV) 指標及目標	32.	<p>Climate-related opportunities An issuer shall disclose the amount and percentage of assets or business activities aligned with climate-related opportunities. 氣候相關機遇 發行人須披露涉及氣候相關機遇的資產或業務活動的金額及百分比。</p>	<p>We will enhance the methodologies and processes for assessing the financial effects of climate-related risks and opportunities in future reports. Calculation of Metrics (particularly cross-industry metric categories): We have applied the reasonable information relief, as we were unable to obtain all reasonable and supportable information available at the reporting date without undue cost or effort. 我們將在未來的報告中加強評估氣候相關風險和機遇的財務影響的方法和流程。關於指標計算（特別是跨行業指標類別）：我們已採用合理資料寬免，因為我們無法在不付出不必要成本或努力的情況下，取得於報告日期可取得的一切合理且有依據的資料。</p>
	33.	<p>Capital deployment An issuer shall disclose the amount of capital expenditure, financing or investment deployed towards climate-related risks and opportunities. 資本運用 發行人須披露用於氣候相關風險和機遇的資本開支、融資或投資的金額。</p>	<p>The Group has identified climate-related risks and will further identify relevant data to optimize disclosure. 本集團已識別氣候相關風險，將進一步識別相關數據優化披露。</p>
	34.	<p>Internal carbon prices An issuer shall disclose: (a) an explanation of whether and how the issuer is applying a carbon price in decision-making (for example, investment decisions, transfer pricing, and scenario analysis); and (b) the price of each metric tonne of greenhouse gas emissions the issuer uses to assess the costs of its greenhouse gas emissions; or an appropriate negative statement that the issuer does not apply a carbon price in decision-making. 內部碳定價 發行人須披露如下： (a) 闡釋發行人可有及如何在決策中應用碳定價（例如投資決策、轉移定價及情景分析）；及 (b) 發行人用於評估其溫室氣體排放成本的每公噸溫室氣體排放量定價； 或適當的否定聲明，確認發行人沒有在決策中應用碳定價。</p>	<p>The Group does not apply an internal carbon price in decision-making at present, but will explore the feasibility of implementation in the future. 本集團目前並未在決策中採用內部碳定價，但未來會探討實施的可行性。</p>

KPIs 指標內容			Relevant Chapters 相關章節
(IV) Metrics and Targets (IV) 指標及目標	35.	<p>Remuneration An issuer shall disclose whether and how climate-related considerations are factored into remuneration policy, or an appropriate negative statement. This may form part of the disclosure under paragraph 19(a)(iv). 薪酬 發行人須披露氣候相關考慮因素可有及如何納入薪酬政策，或提供適當的否定聲明。這可能構成根據第19(a)(iv)段作出的披露的一部分。</p>	<p>We do not currently factor climate-related considerations into the remuneration for senior management, and will explore the possibility of adoption in the future. 我們目前尚未將與氣候相關因素納入高級管理人員薪酬，並將在未來探索採用的可能性。</p>
	36.	<p>Industry-based metrics An issuer is encouraged to disclose industry-based metrics that are associated with one or more particular business models, activities or other common features that characterise participation in an industry. In determining the industry-based metrics that the issuer discloses, an issuer is encouraged to refer to and consider the applicability of the industry-based metrics associated with disclosure topics described in the IFRS S2 Industry-based Guidance on implementing Climate-related Disclosures and other industry-based disclosure requirements prescribed under other international ESG reporting frameworks. 行業指標 本交易所鼓勵發行人披露與一項或多項特定的業務模式和活動有關的行業指標，或與參與有關行業常見特徵有關的行業指標。在決定披露哪些行業指標時，本交易所鼓勵發行人參考《〈國際財務報告可持續披露準則S2號〉行業披露指南》和其他國際環境、社會及管治報告框架規定的行業披露要求所述的與披露主題相關的行業指標，並考慮其是否適用。</p>	<p>We do not disclose any industry-based metrics at present, but will explore the feasibility in the future. 我們目前並未披露任何行業指標，但未來會探討其可行性。</p>

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(IV) Metrics and Targets (IV) 指標及目標	<p>37. Climate-related targets An issuer shall disclose (a) the qualitative and quantitative climate-related targets the issuer has set to monitor progress towards achieving its strategic goals; and (b) any targets the issuer is required to meet by law or regulation, including any greenhouse gas emissions targets. For each target, the issuer shall disclose:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) the metric used to set the target; (b) the objective of the target (for example, mitigation, adaptation or conformance with science-based initiatives); (c) the part of the issuer to which the target applies (for example, whether the target applies to the issuer in its entirety or only a part of the issuer, such as a specific business unit or geographic region); (d) the period over which the target applies; (e) the base period from which progress is measured; (f) milestones or interim targets (if any); (g) if the target is quantitative, whether the target is an absolute target or an intensity target; and (h) how the latest international agreement on climate change, including jurisdictional commitments that arise from that agreement, has informed the target. <p>氣候相關目標 發行人須披露(a)其為監察實現其策略目標的進展而設定的與氣候相關的定性及量化目標；及(b)法律或法規要求發行人達到的任何目標，包括任何溫室氣體排放目標。發行人須就每個目標逐一披露：</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) 用以設定目標的指標； (b) 目標的目的（例如減緩、適應或以科學為基礎的舉措）； (c) 目標的適用範圍（例如目標是適用於發行人整個集團還是部分（如僅適用於某個業務單位或地理區域））； (d) 目標的適用期間； (e) 衡量進度的基準期間； (f) 階段性目標或中期目標（如有）； (g) 如屬量化目標，其屬絕對目標還是強度目標；及 (h) 最新氣候變化國際協議（包括該協議產生的司法承諾）如何幫助發行人設定目標。 	<p>5.1 Green and Low-carbon Operational Models As global environmental practices and data management continue to be optimized, environmental data is trending towards stability. We will continue to monitor data changes and set quantitative targets at the appropriate time. 5.1 綠色低碳經營模式 隨着全球環保實踐和數據管理持續優化，環境數據正趨於穩定。我們將持續監測數據變化，適時設立量化目標。</p>

KPIs 指標內容			Relevant Chapters 相關章節
(IV) Metrics and Targets (IV) 指標及目標	38.	<p>An issuer shall disclose information about its approach to setting and reviewing each target, and how it monitors progress against each target, including:</p> <p>(a) whether the target and the methodology for setting the target has been validated by a third party;</p> <p>(b) the issuer's processes for reviewing the target;</p> <p>(c) the metrics used to monitor progress towards reaching the target; and</p> <p>(d) any revisions to the target and an explanation for those revisions.</p> <p>發行人須披露其設定及審核每項目標的方法，以及其如何監察達標進度，包括：</p> <p>(a) 目標本身及設定目標的方法是否經第三方驗證；</p> <p>(b) 發行人審核目標的程序；</p> <p>(c) 用於監察達標進度的指標；及</p> <p>(d) 任何修訂目標的內容及原因。</p>	<p>Sustainable Development and Governance</p> <p>5.1 Green and Low-carbon Operational Models</p> <p>The target setting has not been validated by a third party at present. We will consider setting quantitative targets and seeking third-party validation in the coming years.</p> <p>可持續發展管治</p> <p>5.1 綠色低碳經營模式</p> <p>目前目標設定未經第三方驗證。我們將考慮在未來幾年設立量化目標並尋求第三方驗證。</p>
	39.	<p>An issuer shall disclose information about its performance against each climate-related target and an analysis of trends or changes in the issuer's performance.</p> <p>發行人須披露有關每項氣候相關目標的績效的資訊以及對發行人績效的趨勢或變化分析。</p>	<p>5.1 Green and Low-carbon Operational Models</p> <p>5.1 綠色低碳經營模式</p>
	40.	<p>For each greenhouse gas emissions target disclosed in accordance with paragraphs 37 to 39, an issuer shall disclose:</p> <p>(a) which greenhouse gases are covered by the target;</p> <p>(b) whether Scope 1, Scope 2 or Scope 3 greenhouse gas emissions are covered by the target;</p> <p>(c) whether the target is a gross greenhouse gas emissions target or a net greenhouse gas emissions target. If the issuer discloses a net greenhouse gas emissions target, the issuer is also required to separately disclose its associated gross greenhouse gas emissions target;</p> <p>就按第37至39段披露的每一項溫室氣體排放目標，發行人須披露：</p> <p>(a) 目標涵蓋哪些溫室氣體；</p> <p>(b) 目標是否涵蓋範圍1、範圍2或範圍3溫室氣體排放；</p> <p>(c) 此目標是溫室氣體排放總量目標還是溫室氣體排放淨額目標。如為溫室氣體排放淨額目標，發行人須另外披露相關的溫室氣體排放總量目標；</p>	<p>5.1 Green and Low-carbon Operational Models</p> <p>Appendix I: Summary of Sustainability Data</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Group's targets have not been derived using a sectoral decarbonisation approach for the time being. • The Group will further study the applicability of carbon credits. More information will be disclosed in future reports. <p>5.1 綠色低碳經營模式</p> <p>附錄一：可持續發展數據摘要</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 本集團的目標暫未採用行業脫碳方法。 • 本集團將進一步研究破信用額的適用性。更多資訊將在未來的報告中公開。

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

環境、社會及管治報告

KPIs 指標內容		Relevant Chapters 相關章節
(IV) Metrics and Targets (IV) 指標及目標	<p>(d) whether the target was derived using a sectoral decarbonisation approach; and</p> <p>(e) the issuer's planned use of carbon credits to offset greenhouse gas emissions to achieve any net greenhouse gas emissions target. In explaining its planned use of carbon credits, the issuer shall disclose:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) the extent to which, and how, achieving any net greenhouse gas emissions target relies on the use of carbon credits; (ii) which third-party scheme(s) will verify or certify the carbon credits; (iii) the type of carbon credit, including whether the underlying offset will be nature-based or based on technological carbon removals, and whether the underlying offset is achieved through carbon reduction or removal; and (iv) any other factors necessary to enable an understanding of the credibility and integrity of the carbon credits the issuer plans to use (for example, assumptions regarding the permanence of the carbon offset). <p>(d) 目標是否是採用行業脫碳方法得出的；及</p> <p>(e) 發行人計劃使用碳信用抵銷溫室氣體排放以實現任何溫室氣體排放淨額目標。關於使用碳信用的計劃，發行人須披露：</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) 依賴使用碳信用以實現任何溫室氣體排放淨額目標的程度及方式； (ii) 該碳信用將由哪些第三方計劃驗證或認證； (iii) 碳信用的類型，包括相關抵消是否是基於自然還是基於科技的碳消除，以及相關抵消是通過減碳還是碳消除實現；及 (iv) 為讓人了解發行人計劃使用的碳信用的可信度和完整性所必需的任何其他重要因素（例如，對碳抵消效果的假設）。 	
41.	<p>Applicability of cross-industry metrics and industry-based metrics</p> <p>In preparing disclosures to meet the requirements in paragraphs 21 to 26 and 37 to 38, an issuer shall refer to and consider the applicability of cross-industry metrics (see paragraphs 28 to 35) and (ii) industry-based metrics (see paragraph 36).</p> <p>跨行業指標及行業指標的適用性</p> <p>在編製披露內容以符合第21至26及37至38段的規定時，發行人須參考(i)跨行業指標（見第28至35段）及(ii)行業指標（見第36段）並考慮其是否適用。</p>	<p>We do not disclose any cross-industry metrics and industry-based metrics at present, but will explore the feasibility in the future.</p> <p>我們目前並未披露任何跨行業指標及行業指標，但未來會探討其可行性。</p>

Independent Auditor's Report

獨立核數師報告

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion of these matters.

Key audit matter

Impairment of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets in restaurants

As disclosed in Notes 15 and 16 to the consolidated financial statements of the Group, the management of the Group has conducted impairment assessment by estimating the recoverable amounts of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets for restaurants (each restaurant of the Group is identified as a cash generating unit) with impairment indications as at December 31, 2025. Net impairment loss for property, plant and equipment amounted to USD1,236,000 and net impairment loss for right-of-use assets amounted to USD766,000 have been recognized during the year.

The recoverable amount of each cash generating unit is mainly determined by management based on the value-in-use calculation of each restaurant with indications of impairment identified. The value-in-use model involves significant management estimation and judgement, in particular in determining certain key assumptions adopted in the cash flow forecasts.

We identified the impairment of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets in restaurants as a key audit matter because of the significance of the balances on the consolidated statement of financial position at December 31, 2025 and the significant degree of estimation and judgement made by the management in determining the recoverable amounts of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets.

關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是我們根據專業判斷，認為對本年度綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的事項。該等事項在我們審計整體綜合財務報表及出具意見時進行處理。我們不會對該等事項提供單獨的意見。

關鍵審計事項

餐廳的物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產減值

如貴集團綜合財務報表附註15及16所披露，於2025年12月31日，貴集團管理層已通過估計有減值跡象的餐廳（貴集團各餐廳被視為現金產生單位）的物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產之可收回金額進行減值評估。本年度已確認的物業、廠房及設備的減值虧損淨值及使用權資產的減值虧損淨值分別為1,236,000美元及766,000美元。

各現金產生單位的可收回金額主要由管理層根據已識別存在減值跡象的各餐廳的使用價值計算予以釐定。使用價值模型涉及管理層所作的重大估計及判斷，特別是在釐定現金流量預測所採納的若干主要假設時。

由於結餘對於2025年12月31日之綜合財務狀況表有重要性及管理層所作估計及判斷於釐定物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產可收回金額的重大影響，我們將餐廳物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產減值識別為關鍵審計事項。

How the matter was addressed in the audit

For property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets with impairment or reversal of impairment indication, we have performed the following procedures:

- Assessed management's assessment and determination of CGUs and indications for impairment and impairment reversal for property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets;
- Obtained an understanding of the process, assessed the design and implementation of the controls relevant to our audit in relation to verification and authorization of inputs to the value-in-use calculation of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets;
- Performed risk assessment on management forecasts and for selected models, performed the following test:
 - i. Assessed the key assumptions including EBITDA margin, revenue growth, discount rates used by the management in the value-in-use calculation to historical performance, and the performance of the Group's other restaurants in the same region;
 - ii. Checked on the arithmetic accuracy of value-in-use calculation of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets;
 - iii. Performed retrospective review of management forecast for the year end December 31, 2025 by comparing the actual results with management forecast, discussed and obtained from management explanation for any significant variances identified;
 - iv. Performed prospective review, including actual results subsequent to year end to date of report, and discussed and obtained from management explanation for any unusual trend or variances identified in 2026 forecast;
 - v. Assessed the management's sensitivity analysis.
- Involved internal specialist team to review the reasonableness of discount rates used in the value-in-use calculation, where appropriate.
- Evaluated the competence, capabilities, qualifications and independence of the specialist, determined whether there are any matters which may affect the objectivity of the specialist of their scope of work.

Based on our procedures, we noted management's key assumptions to be within a reasonable range of our expectations.

如何在審計中處理該等事項

就出現減值或減值撥回跡象的物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產，我們已執行以下程序：

- 評估管理層對物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產的現金產生單位的評估及釐定，以及減值及減值撥回跡象；
- 了解與審計有關的流程並評估控制措施的設計與實施，包括對餐廳的物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產的使用價值計算的輸入值進行驗證及審批；
- 對管理層預測進行風險評估，並對所選模型執行以下測試：
 - i. 評估主要假設，包括EBITDA利潤率、收入增長、管理層在計算使用價值時就過往表現使用的貼現率，以及同一地區貴集團其他餐廳的表現；
 - ii. 檢查物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產的使用價值計算的算術準確性；
 - iii. 對截至2025年12月31日止年度的管理層預測進行回顧性的審查，將實際結果與管理層所作的業績預測相比較，與管理層探討並了解任何重大差異產生的原因；
 - iv. 對年末後至報告日期的實際業績等進行回顧性的審查，將實際結果與2026年的業績預測相比較，與管理層討論並了解任何異常趨勢或差異產生的原因；
 - v. 評估管理層所作的敏感度分析。
- 請內部專家團隊審查計算使用價值所用貼現率的合理性（倘適用）。
- 評價專家的勝任能力、專業能力、資格及獨立性，釐定是否存在任何可能影響專家工作範圍客觀性的事項。

基於我們的程序，我們認為管理層所作的關鍵假設在我們預期的合理範圍內。

Independent Auditor's Report

獨立核數師報告

INFORMATION OTHER THAN THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND AUDITORS' REPORT THEREON

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards as issued by IASB and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

綜合財務報表及其核數師報告以外的資料

貴公司董事須對其他資料負責。其他資料包括刊載於年報內的資料，但不包括綜合財務報表及我們的核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並無涵蓋其他資料，且我們亦不會就此發表任何形式的鑒證結論。

就我們審計綜合財務報表而言，我們的責任是閱讀其他資料，並於閱讀過程中考慮其他資料是否與綜合財務報表或我們在審計過程中獲悉的資料存在重大抵觸或在其他方面似乎存在重大錯誤陳述。基於我們已進行的工作，如果我們的結論是其他資料存在重大錯誤陳述，我們須報告該事實。就此而言，並無任何事項須我們作出報告。

董事及治理層就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

貴公司董事負責根據國際會計準則委員會頒佈的國際財務報告準則會計準則及《香港公司條例》的披露要求編製真實公平的綜合財務報表，並對其認為為使綜合財務報表的編製不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述所需的內部控制負責。

在編製綜合財務報表時，董事負責評估貴集團持續經營的能力，在適用情況下披露與持續經營有關的事項並使用持續經營會計基礎，除非董事有意將貴集團清盤或停止經營，或別無其他實際的替代方案。

治理層負責監督貴集團的財務報告過程。

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

我們的目標是就綜合財務報表整體而言是否不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述取得合理憑證，並按照我們協定的委聘條款僅向閣下（作為整體）出具載有我們意見的核數師報告，且報告不可用作其他用途。我們並不就本報告之內容對任何其他人士負責或承擔任何責任。合理憑證是高層次的保證，但不能保證按照國際審計準則進行的審計總能發現存在的重大錯誤陳述。錯誤陳述可以由欺詐或錯誤產生，如果合理預期錯誤陳述單獨或匯總起來可能影響財務報表使用者依據財務報表作出的經濟決策，則該錯誤陳述可被視作重大。

在根據國際審計準則進行審計的過程中，我們運用了專業判斷，並保持專業懷疑態度。我們亦：

- 識別及評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險，設計及執行審計程序以應對該等風險，以及獲取充足和適當的審計憑證，以為我們的意見提供基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虛假陳述，或凌駕內部控制的情況，因此未能發現因欺詐而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險高於未能發現因錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險。
- 了解與審計相關的內部控制，以設計適當的審計程序，但並非旨在對貴集團內部控制的有效性發表意見。
- 評估董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及作出會計估計和相關披露的合理性。

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Cont'd)

Basis of accounting (Cont'd)

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorized into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Group can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

Going concern

The directors have, at the time of approving the consolidated financial statements, a reasonable expectation that the Group have adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

The material accounting policies are set out below.

3. 綜合財務報表的編製基準和重大會計政策 (續)

會計基準 (續)

此外，就財務申報而言，公允值計量根據公允值計量的輸入值可觀察程度及公允值計量的輸入值對其整體的重要性分類為第一、第二或第三層級，詳情如下：

- 第一層級輸入值為本集團於計量日可獲取的完全相同資產或負債於活躍市場的報價（未經調整）；
- 第二層級輸入值為資產或負債的可直接或間接觀察的輸入值，惟第一層級所包括的報價除外；及
- 第三層級輸入值為資產或負債的不可觀察輸入值。

持續經營

於批准綜合財務報表時，董事合理預期本集團擁有足夠資源於可預見未來繼續經營。因此，彼等於編製綜合財務報表時繼續採納持續經營會計基準。

主要會計政策載列如下。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended December 31, 2025

截至2025年12月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Cont'd)

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the Company:

- Has the power over the investee;
- Is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- Has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, the results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the date the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring the accounting policies used into line with the Group's accounting policies.

All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between the members of the Group are eliminated on consolidation.

3. 綜合財務報表的編製基準和重大會計政策（續）

綜合基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司以及由本公司及其附屬公司所控制的實體的財務報表。本公司在下列情況下取得控制權：

- 具有對投資對象的權力；
- 因參與投資對象業務而承擔可變回報的風險或享有可變回報的權利；及
- 能夠使用其權力以影響其回報。

附屬公司於本集團取得該附屬公司的控制權時綜合入賬，並於本集團喪失該附屬公司的控制權時終止綜合入賬。具體而言，自本集團取得控制權當日起直至本集團不再控制附屬公司當日止，本年度內收購或出售的附屬公司的業績均計入綜合損益及其他全面收益表。

如有需要，附屬公司的財務報表將予調整，使其會計政策與本集團的會計政策一致。

所有集團內公司間的資產、負債、權益、收入、開支以及本集團各成員公司間交易的現金流量於綜合入賬時悉數對銷。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended December 31, 2025

截至2025年12月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Basis of consolidation (Cont'd)

Non-controlling interests in subsidiaries are identified separately from the Group's equity therein. Those interests of non-controlling shareholders that are present ownership interests entitling their holders to a proportionate share of net assets upon liquidation are initially measured at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the fair value of the acquiree's identifiable net assets.

Subsequent to acquisition, the carrying amount of non-controlling interests is the amount of those interests at initial recognition plus the non-controlling interests' share of subsequent changes in equity.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income of the subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

3. 綜合財務報表的編製基準和重大會計政策 (續)

綜合基準 (續)

在附屬公司的非控股權益與本集團於其中的權益分開呈列。非控股股東的權益，即賦予其持有人於清盤時按比例分佔資產淨額的現時所有權權益，最初按非控股股東佔被收購方可識別資產淨額公允值的比例進行計量。

於收購後，非控股權益的賬面值為初始確認時該等權益的金額加上非控股權益於後續權益變動中所佔的份額。

損益及其他全面收益的各組成部分為本公司擁有人及非控股權益應佔。即使非控股權益業績存在赤字差額，附屬公司全面收益總額為本公司擁有人及非控股權益應佔。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended December 31, 2025

截至2025年12月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Basis of consolidation (Cont'd)

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the gain or loss on disposal recognized in profit or loss is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), less liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interests. All amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to that subsidiary are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities of the subsidiary (i.e. reclassified to profit or loss or transferred to another category of equity as required/permitted by applicable IFRS Accounting Standards). The fair value of any investment retained in the former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition for subsequent accounting under IFRS 9 *Financial Instruments* when applicable, or the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or a joint venture.

3. 綜合財務報表的編製基準和重大會計政策(續)

綜合基準(續)

倘本集團失去對附屬公司的控制權，於損益確認的出售收益或虧損乃按(i)已收代價的公允值與任何保留權益的公允值的總和及(ii)資產(包括商譽)先前的賬面值減附屬公司及任何非控股權益負債的差額計算。所有先前於其他全面收益確認的有關該附屬公司的款項，將按猶如本集團已直接出售該附屬公司的相關資產或負債入賬(即按適用國際財務報告準則會計準則的規定／許可條文重新分類至損益或轉撥至另一類權益)。於失去控制權當日在前附屬公司保留的任何投資的公允值將根據國際財務報告準則第9號 *金融工具* 於其後入賬時被視為初步確認的公允值，或(如適用)就於聯營公司或合資企業的投資進行初步確認時的成本。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended December 31, 2025

截至2025年12月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Cont'd)

Taxation (Cont'd)

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognized if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit and at the time of the transaction does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences. In addition, deferred tax liabilities are not recognized if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of goodwill.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognized to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilize the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

3. 綜合財務報表的編製基準和重大會計政策 (續)

稅項 (續)

遞延稅項就綜合財務報表內資產及負債賬面值與計算應課稅溢利所採用相應稅基的暫時差額而確認。遞延稅項負債一般就所有應課稅暫時差額確認。遞延稅項資產則一般在有可能出現應課稅溢利以用作抵銷可動用的可扣減暫時差額的情況下就所有可扣減暫時差額作確認。倘一項交易的資產及負債的初步確認(業務合併除外)所產生的暫時差額不會影響應課稅溢利或會計溢利，且在交易發生時不產生相等的應課稅和可扣減暫時差額，則該等遞延稅項資產及負債將不予確認。此外，倘暫時差額產生自商譽的初始確認，則遞延稅項負債將不予確認。

遞延稅項負債就與附屬公司的投資有關的應課稅暫時差額確認，除非本集團能夠控制暫時差額的撥回及暫時差額有可能於可預見的將來不會撥回。有關該等投資及權益的可扣稅暫時差額產生的遞延稅項資產僅於可能有足夠應課稅溢利以動用暫時差額的利益並預期該等差額於可預見的將來撥回時才予以確認。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended December 31, 2025

截至2025年12月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Cont'd)

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are tangible assets that are held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes. Property, plant and equipment other than renovation in progress as described below are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Renovation in progress is carried at cost, less any recognized impairment loss. Costs include any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by the management. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other property assets, commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

3. 綜合財務報表的編製基準和重大會計政策 (續)

物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備指持有用作生產或提供貨物或服務或作行政用途的有形資產。物業、廠房及設備(下文所述進行中的裝修除外)乃按成本減其後累計折舊及其後累計減值虧損(如有)於綜合財務狀況表列賬。

進行中的裝修按成本減任何已確認減值虧損列賬。成本包括將資產運至所需地點及達到所需條件而能按管理層擬定的方式運作所直接產生的任何成本。當資產可作擬定用途時,該等資產開始按與其他物業資產相同之基準計算折舊。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended December 31, 2025

截至2025年12月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Cont'd)

Property, plant and equipment (Cont'd)

Depreciation is recognized so as to write off the cost of assets other than renovation in progress less their residual values over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method (Note 15). The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of the reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognized in profit or loss.

3. 綜合財務報表的編製基準和重大會計政策 (續)

物業、廠房及設備 (續)

確認折舊旨在按其估計可使用年內以直線法撇銷資產（進行中的裝修除外）成本減剩餘價值（附註15）。估計可使用年期、剩餘價值及折舊方法於報告期末審閱，而任何估計變動之影響按前瞻基準列賬。

物業、廠房及設備項目於出售或預期不會因持續使用該資產產生未來經濟利益時終止確認。因出售或報廢物業、廠房及設備項目所產生之任何收益或虧損按資產之出售所得款項與賬面值之差額釐定並於損益中確認。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended December 31, 2025

截至2025年12月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Cont'd)

Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately

Intangible assets with finite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at costs less accumulated amortization and any accumulated impairment losses. Amortization for intangible assets with finite useful lives is recognized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The estimated useful life and amortization method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

Intangible assets of the Group mainly consisted of software and license and are amortized on a straight-line basis over the following periods:

Software
軟件
License
許可

1 to 3 years
1至3年
2 to 15 years
2至15年

The useful lives of licenses are determined over the shorter of the relevant contractual license term (including the assessed optional periods) and the periods over which the Group expects to use those licenses.

3. 綜合財務報表的編製基準和重大會計政策(續)

無形資產

獨立收購的無形資產

獨立收購具有有限可使用年期的無形資產按成本減累計攤銷及任何累計減值虧損入賬。具備有限可使用年期的無形資產攤銷於其估計可使用年期以直線法確認。估計可使用年期及攤銷方法於各報告期末予以審閱，任何估計變動之影響將按前瞻基準列賬。

本集團的無形資產主要包括軟件及許可，並於以下期間按直線法攤銷：

許可的可使用年期按相關合約許可期限(包括經評估的重續期)及本集團預期使用該等許可的期間(以較短者為準)釐定。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended December 31, 2025

截至2025年12月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Cont'd)

Inventories

Inventories, representing condiment products, food ingredients and beverages, are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost of inventories are determined on a weighted average method. Net realizable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale. Costs necessary to make the sale include incremental costs directly attributable to the sale and non-incremental costs which the Group must incur to make the sale.

Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Group will be required to settle that obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognized as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (where the effect of the time value of money is material).

3. 綜合財務報表的編製基準和重大會計政策 (續)

存貨

存貨，指調味品、食材及飲料，乃按成本與可變現淨值兩者中的較低者入賬。存貨成本乃採用加權平均法釐定。可變現淨值為存貨的估計售價減所有估計完工成本及作出銷售所需成本。作出銷售所需成本包括銷售直接應佔的增量成本及本集團作出銷售須產生的非增量成本。

撥備

倘本集團因過往事件而承擔現有責任（法定或推定），本集團可能須履行該項責任，且有關責任涉及的金額能可靠估計時則會確認撥備。

撥備按於報告期末時履行現時責任所需代價的最佳估計計量（當中已考慮與責任有關的風險及不確定因素）時確認金額。倘撥備以估計履行現時責任的現金流量計量時，其賬面值為該等現金流量的現值（倘金錢時間價值的影響屬重大時）。

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Financial instruments (Cont'd)

Financial assets (Cont'd)

Impairment of financial assets (Cont'd)

(iii) Credit-impaired financial assets (Cont'd)

- (d) it is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization; or
- (e) the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

(iv) Write-off policy

The Group writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the counterparty is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, for example, when the counterparty has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings, or in the case of trade receivables, when the amounts are over two years past due, whichever occurs sooner. Financial assets written off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. A write-off constitutes a derecognition event. Any subsequent recoveries are recognized in profit or loss.

3. 綜合財務報表的編製基準和重大會計政策 (續)

金融工具 (續)

金融資產 (續)

金融資產減值 (續)

(iii) 信貸減值的金融資產 (續)

- (d) 借款人將可能陷入破產或其他財務重組；或
- (e) 由於財務困難該金融資產的活躍市場消失。

(iv) 撇銷政策

倘有資料顯示對手方陷入嚴重財務困難且無實際收回可能（例如對手方已清算或已進入破產程序），或就貿易應收款項而言，有關金額已逾期超過兩年（以較早發生者為準），本集團會撇銷金融資產。在考慮法律意見（如適用）後，已撇銷金融資產仍可根據本集團之收回程序實施強制執行。撇銷構成終止確認事件。任何其後收回款項將於損益中確認。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended December 31, 2025

截至2025年12月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Financial instruments (Cont'd)

Financial assets (Cont'd)

Impairment of financial assets (Cont'd)

(v) Measurement and recognition of ECL

The measurement of ECL is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data and forward-looking information. Estimation of ECL reflects an unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights. The Group uses a practical expedient in estimating ECL on trade receivables using a provision matrix taking into consideration historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and forward-looking information, including time value of money where appropriate, that is available without undue cost or effort.

Generally, the ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the effective interest rate determined at initial recognition.

3. 綜合財務報表的編製基準和重大會計政策 (續)

金融工具 (續)

金融資產 (續)

金融資產減值 (續)

(v) 預期信貸虧損的計量及確認

預期信貸虧損之計量值為違約概率、違約損失率（即違約的虧損程度）與違約風險敞口的函數。評估違約概率及違約損失率乃基於歷史數據及前瞻性資料。估計預期信貸虧損反映公正的概率加權金額，並以各自出現違約的風險為權重而釐定。本集團經考慮歷史信貸虧損經驗後使用撥備矩陣並採用可行權宜方法估計貿易應收款項的預期信貸虧損，並根據債務人特定因素、一般經濟狀況及前瞻性資料所作調整，包括毋須過大成本或努力即可獲得的適當的金錢的時間價值。

一般而言，預期信貸虧損為根據合約應付本集團的所有合約現金流量與本集團預期將收取的現金流量（按初始確認時釐定的實際利率貼現）之間的差額。

12. EMOLUMENTS OF DIRECTORS AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE

(Cont'd)

There was no arrangement under which a director of the Company or the chief executive waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year.

The executive directors' emoluments shown above were for their services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company and the Group.

Save for the disclosure in the Note 35, no significant transactions, arrangements and contracts in relation to the Group's business to which the Company was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of or at any time during the year ended December 31, 2024 and 2025.

12. 董事及最高行政人員薪酬 (續)

於本年度，本公司董事或最高行政人員概無根據任何安排放棄或同意放棄領取酬金。

以上所示執行董事的薪酬乃就彼等與管理本公司及本集團事務有關的服務而支付。

除附註35所披露者外，概無其他有關本集團業務而本公司為其中訂約方，且本公司董事直接或間接擁有重大權益的重要交易、安排及合約，於截至2024年及2025年12月31日止年度末時或年內任何時間仍然存續。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended December 31, 2025

截至2025年12月31日止年度

15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Cont'd)

Note i:

In 2025, the Group purchased for new additions of USD51,431,000 and renovation fee payables carried forward from prior year of USD4,144,000 (Note 23). There is USD4,512,000 remains unpaid included in renovation fee payables (Note 23). The Group also made prepayments to suppliers for renovation works of USD3,169,000 (2024: USD1,075,000) (Note 19).

In 2024, the Group purchased for new additions of USD37,414,000 and renovation fee payables carried forward from prior year of USD1,472,000 (Note 23). There is USD4,144,000 remains unpaid included in renovation fee payables (Note 23).

Note ii:

The above items of property, plant and equipment, except for renovation in progress, after taking into account the residual value, are depreciated on a straight-line basis at the following rates per annum:

Leasehold improvement	5.56% – 33.00% or lease term
Machinery	12.50% – 33.00%
Transportation equipment	10.00% – 25.00%
Furniture and fixture	5.26% – 33.00%

15. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

附註i:

於2025年，本集團購買新添置51,431,000美元及由上一年度結轉的應付裝修費4,144,000美元(附註23)。應付裝修費中4,512,000美元尚未支付(附註23)。本集團亦就裝修工程向供應商支付預付款項3,169,000美元(2024年：1,075,000美元)(附註19)。

於2024年，本集團購買新添置37,414,000美元及由上一年度結轉的應付裝修費1,472,000美元(附註23)。應付裝修費中4,144,000美元尚未支付(附註23)。

附註ii:

上述物業、廠房及設備項目(進行中的裝修除外)經計及剩餘價值按直線基準以下列年率折舊:

租賃物業裝修	按5.56% – 33.00% 或租期
機器	12.50% – 33.00%
運輸設備	10.00% – 25.00%
家具及裝置	5.26% – 33.00%

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15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Cont'd)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

Impairment assessment of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets

Property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. At the end of each reporting date, management also assessed if there were indications for reversal of impairment on certain property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets. For restaurant assets, impairment is tested at the individual restaurant level as a cash generating unit (CGU).

The recoverable amounts of CGUs have been determined based on value in use calculation. That calculation used discounted cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by the management of the Group covering the remaining lease periods which are between 1 to 5 years with pre-tax discount rates ranging from 7.7% to 18.8% and 8.1% to 19.6% per annum as at December 31, 2025 and 2024 which varies in restaurants operated in different countries. Cash flows beyond the 5-year period for those CGUs with remaining lease terms more than 5 years are extrapolated using a steady 0% to 3% growth rate per annum. Other key assumptions for the value in use calculations related to the estimation of cash inflows/outflows included revenue growth rate and average percentage of costs and operating expenses of revenue for the forecast periods, which are based on the CGUs' past performance and the management's expectations for the market development.

15. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

估計不明朗因素的主要來源

物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產的減值評估

物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產乃於有任何事件或事態變動顯示資產賬面值不可收回時進行減值審查。於各報告日期末，管理層亦評估若干物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產是否存在減值撥回跡象。對於餐廳資產，在單個餐廳層面以現金產生單位(現金產生單位)進行減值測試。

現金產生單位的可收回金額乃根據使用價值計算得出。該項計算使用貼現現金流量預測，乃基於本集團管理層就剩餘租期(介乎1至5年)核准的財務預算，於2025年及2024年12月31日，稅前貼現率每年介乎7.7%至18.8%及8.1%至19.6%之間，貼現率在不同國家經營餐廳有所不同。就剩餘租期超過5年的該等現金產生單位而言，超出5年期之現金流量乃採用穩定增長率每年0%至3%推算。其他使用價值計算的主要假設與現金流入／流出的估計有關，當中包括收益增長率及於預測期內成本及經營開支佔收入的平均百分比，有關估計乃基於現金產生單位的過往表現及管理層對市場發展的預期。

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15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Cont'd)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Cont'd)

Impairment assessment of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets (Cont'd)

Based on the results of the assessments, the management of the Group determined that the recoverable amounts of certain CGUs are lower than the carrying amounts because of continuing weak performance due to competition and market conditions. The impairment loss has been allocated to each category of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets such that the carrying amount of each category of asset is not reduced below the highest of its fair value less cost of disposal, its value in use and zero. During the year, some restaurants have achieved significant improvement in their operations because of the optimization of internal management and general improvement of market conditions. Accordingly, management of the Group determined that the recoverable amounts of certain CGUs are higher than the carrying amounts. The reversal of impairment loss for the CGUs have been allocated to each category of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets such that the carrying amount of each category of asset is not increased above its recoverable amount and the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior periods.

Based on the value in use calculation and the allocation, gross impairment loss of USD2,530,000 and USD5,332,000, and gross reversal of USD1,294,000 and USD3,024,000 and has been recognized against the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively. As at December 31, 2025 and 2024, the accumulated impairment losses of USD31,158,000 and USD36,008,000 in respect of property, plant and equipment that have been recognized.

Based on the value in use calculation and the allocation, gross impairment loss of USD1,632,000 and USD776,000 and gross reversal of USD866,000 and USD3,131,000 has been recognized against the carrying amount of right-of-use assets for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024 respectively. As at December 31, 2025 and 2024, the accumulated impairment losses of USD21,613,000 and USD22,159,000 in respect of right-of-use assets that have been recognized.

15. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

估計不明朗因素的主要來源(續)

物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產的減值評估(續)

根據評估的結果，由於競爭及市場環境導致表現持續疲弱，本集團管理層認為，若干現金產生單位的可收回金額低於其賬面值。減值虧損已分配至各類物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產，以確保各類資產的賬面值不會減至低於其公允值減去處置成本、使用價值及零的最高者。於年內，由於內部管理優化及市場環境普遍改善，部分餐廳的經營已取得顯著改善。因此，本集團管理層認為，若干現金產生單位的可收回金額高於其賬面值。現金產生單位減值虧損撥回已分配至各類物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產，以確保各類資產的賬面值不會增至高於其可收回金額，亦不會高於假設過往期間並無就該項資產確認減值虧損時原應釐定之賬面值。

根據使用價值的計算及分配，截至2025年及2024年12月31日止年度已就物業、廠房及設備的賬面值確認減值虧損總額分別為2,530,000美元及5,332,000美元，以及撥回總額分別為1,294,000美元及3,024,000美元。於2025年及2024年12月31日，已確認的物業、廠房及設備的累計減值虧損分別為31,158,000美元及36,008,000美元。

根據使用價值的計算及分配，截至2025年及2024年12月31日止年度，已就使用權資產的賬面值確認減值虧損總額分別為1,632,000美元及776,000美元，以及撥回總額分別為866,000美元及3,131,000美元。於2025年及2024年12月31日，已確認的使用權資產的累計減值虧損分別為21,613,000美元及22,159,000美元。

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30. RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are those for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be, classified in the Group's consolidated statement of cash flows from financing activities:

30. 融資活動產生的負債對賬

下表載列本集團融資活動產生的負債變動詳情，包括現金及非現金變動。融資活動產生的負債將於本集團綜合現金流量表中分類為融資活動現金流量的現金流量或未來現金流量：

		Non-cash changes 非現金變動							
At January 1, 2025 於2025年 1月1日 USD'000 千美元	Financing cash flows 融資 現金流量 USD'000 千美元	Interest accruals 應計利息 USD'000 千美元	Lease liabilities recognized 已確認 租賃負債 USD'000 千美元	Lease modifications 租賃修改 USD'000 千美元	Disposal of lease liabilities 租賃 負債處置 USD'000 千美元	Exchange difference 匯兌差額 USD'000 千美元	At December 31, 2025 於2025年 12月31日 USD'000 千美元		
Lease liabilities (Note 24)	租賃負債(附註24)	212,626	(51,035)	10,728	40,928	11,027	(938)	5,465	228,801

32. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Cont'd)

Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial instruments include rental and other deposits, trade and other receivables, pledged bank deposits, bank balances and cash, trade payables, amounts due to related parties and other payables. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments include market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management of the Group manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

(a) Market risk

(a)(i) Foreign currency risk

The Group undertakes certain transactions in foreign currencies, which expose the Group to foreign currency risk. In addition, the Company has intra-group balances with several subsidiaries denominated in foreign currency which also expose the Group to foreign currency risk. The Group does not use any derivative contracts to hedge against its exposure to currency risk. The management manages its currency risk by closely monitoring the movement of the foreign currency rates and considers hedging significant foreign currency exposure should such need arise.

32. 金融工具及金融風險管理 (續)

金融風險管理目標及政策

本集團的主要金融工具包括租賃及其他押金、貿易及其他應收款項、已抵押銀行存款、銀行結餘及現金、貿易應付款項、應付關聯方款項及其他應付款項。該等金融工具的詳情於有關附註披露。與該等金融工具相關的風險包括市場風險、信貸風險及流動性風險。如何降低該等風險的政策載於下文。本集團管理層管理及監察該等風險，以確保及時有效採取適當措施。

(a) 市場風險

(a)(i) 外幣風險

本集團以外幣訂立若干交易，本集團因此面臨外幣風險。此外，本公司與若干附屬公司的集團內公司間結餘乃以外幣計值，亦使本集團面臨外幣風險。本集團未使用任何衍生合約對沖貨幣風險。管理層通過密切監控外幣匯率變動來管理貨幣風險，若出現相關需求，管理層亦考慮對重大外幣風險進行對沖。

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32. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Cont'd)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Cont'd)

(a) Market risk (Cont'd)

(a)(ii) Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to fair value interest rate risk in relation to pledged bank deposits (Note 21), and lease liabilities (Note 24). The Group is also exposed to cash flow interest risk in relation to variable-rate bank balances (Note 21) which carry prevailing market interests. The management of the Group manage the interest rate risk by maintaining a balanced portfolio of fixed rate and floating rate bank borrowings and bank balances. The Group manage its interest rate exposures by assessing the potential impact arising from any interest rate movements based on interest rate level and outlook. The management will review the proportion of borrowings in fixed and floating rates and ensure they are within reasonable range.

No sensitivity analysis on interest rate risk is presented as the management consider the sensitivity on interest rate risk on bank balances is insignificant.

32. 金融工具及金融風險管理 (續)

金融風險管理目標及政策 (續)

(a) 市場風險 (續)

(a)(ii) 利率風險

就已抵押銀行存款(附註21)及租賃負債(附註24)而言,本集團面臨公允值利率風險。就按現行市場利率計息的浮動利率銀行結餘(附註21)而言,本集團亦面臨現金流量利率風險。本集團管理層透過維持固定利率及浮動利率銀行借款及銀行結餘組合的平衡管理利率風險。本集團通過評估基於利率水平及前景的任何利率變動所產生的潛在影響來管理其利率風險。管理層將審閱固定及浮動利率的借款比例,並確保其在合理範圍內。

由於管理層認為銀行結餘所承受之利率風險敏感度並不重大,故未就利率風險呈列敏感度分析。

32. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Cont'd)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Cont'd)

(b) Credit risk

The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a financial loss to the Group due to failure to discharge an obligation by the counterparties is arising from the carrying amount of the respective recognized financial assets as stated in the consolidated statements of financial position (including deposits, trade receivables, other receivables, financial assets at FVTPL, pledged bank deposits and bank balances).

The management of the Group considers pledged bank deposits and bank balances that are deposited with financial institutions with high credit rating to be low credit risk financial assets. In addition, trade receivables in connection with bills settled through payment platforms and the issuer of other financial assets are also with high credit rating and no past due history. The management of the Group considers these assets are short-term in nature and the estimated loss rate are low as the probability of default is negligible on the basis of high-credit-rating issuers, and accordingly, no expected credit loss was recognized.

32. 金融工具及金融風險管理 (續)

金融風險管理目標及政策 (續)

(b) 信貸風險

本集團因對手方未能履行責任而將會導致本集團蒙受財務虧損的最高信貸風險乃綜合財務狀況表所載各已確認金融資產 (包括押金、貿易應收款項、其他應收款項、按公允值計入損益的金融資產、已抵押銀行存款及銀行結餘) 的賬面值產生。

本集團的管理層將存放入獲給予高信用評級的金融機構的已抵押銀行存款及銀行結餘視為低信貸風險金融資產。此外，與通過支付平台結算的賬單有關的貿易應收款項及其他金融資產的發行人亦擁有高信用評級及並無逾期記錄。本集團的管理層認為該等資產屬短期性質，且由於高信用評級發行人的違約可能性可忽略不計，估計虧損率較低，因此並無確認預期信貸虧損。

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32. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Cont'd)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Cont'd)

(b) Credit risk (Cont'd)

The Group has concentration of credit risk on amounts due from related parties. The management of the Group has made periodic assessments as well as individual assessment on recoverability based on historical settlement records and adjusts for forward-looking information. In view of the strong financial capability of these related parties and considered the future prospects of the industry in which these related parties operate, the management of the Group does not consider there is a risk of default and does not expect any losses from non-performance by these related parties, therefore the loss rates of amounts due from related parties are estimated to be low, and accordingly, no expected credit loss was recognized in respect of the amounts due from related parties.

In determining the ECL for deposits and other receivables, the management of the Group has taken into account the historical default experience and forward-looking information, as appropriate, for example the Group has considered the consistently low historical default rate in connection with deposits and the strong financial capability of the lessors, and concluded that credit risk inherent in the Group's outstanding deposits and other receivables is insignificant. The management of the Group has assessed those deposits and other receivable have not had a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition and risk of default is insignificant, therefore the estimated loss rates of these assets are low, and accordingly, no expected credit loss has been recognized.

There has been no material change in the estimation techniques or significant assumptions made throughout the year.

32. 金融工具及金融風險管理 (續)

金融風險管理目標及政策 (續)

(b) 信貸風險 (續)

本集團的應收關聯方款項具有集中信貸風險。本集團的管理層按過往結算記錄及對前瞻性資料的調整就可收回性進行定期評估以及獨立評估。鑒於該等關聯方財政實力雄厚，並經考慮該等關聯方經營業務所在行業的未來前景，本集團的管理層認為不存在違約風險且預期不會因該等關聯方不履約而招致任何損失，因此估計應收關聯方款項的虧損率較低，且並無就應收關聯方款項確認預期信貸虧損。

本集團的管理層在釐定押金及其他應收款項的預期信貸虧損時已計及過往違約經驗及前瞻性資料（如適用），例如本集團曾考慮過往違約率一直不高的押金及出租人雄厚的財政實力，而本集團所得出的結論是本集團未收回的押金及其他應收款項固有信貸風險不大。本集團的管理層已評定押金及其他應收款項自初始確認以來信貸風險並無顯著增加及違約風險不大，因此估計該等資產的虧損率較低，且並無確認預期信貸虧損。

於年內，估值方法或重大假設並無重大改變。

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32. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Cont'd)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Cont'd)

(c) Liquidity risk

In the management of the liquidity risk, the management of the Group monitors and maintains a reasonable level of cash and cash equivalents which is deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. The Group relies on the cash generated from operating activities as the main source of liquidity. For the year ended December 31, 2025, the Group had net cash generating from operating activities of USD114,648,000 (2024: USD119,696,000).

The following table details the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its financial liabilities. The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. Specifically, amount due to related parties with a repayment on demand clause are included in the earliest time band regardless of the probability of the counterparties choosing to exercise their rights.

The table includes both interests and principal cash flows. To the extent that interest flows are floating rate, the undiscounted amount is derived from interest rate at the end of the reporting period.

32. 金融工具及金融風險管理 (續)

金融風險管理目標及政策 (續)

(c) 流動資金風險

於管理流動資金風險時，本集團管理層監督並維持管理層視為充足的合理現金及現金等價物水平，為本集團的營運提供資金及減輕現金流量波動的影響。本集團依靠經營活動所得現金為主要流動資金來源。截至2025年12月31日止年度，本集團經營活動所得現金淨額為114,648,000美元（2024年：119,696,000美元）。

下表為本集團金融負債的餘下合約到期情況的詳情。下表根據本集團可能被要求付款的最早日期按金融負債的未貼現現金流量編製。具體而言，具有按要求償還條款的應付關聯方款項計入最早時間段，而不論對手方選擇行使其權利的可能性。

下表載有利息及現金流量本金。倘利息流為浮動利率，未貼現金額乃根據報告期末的利率計算。

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32. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Cont'd)

32. 金融工具及金融風險管理 (續)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Cont'd)

金融風險管理目標及政策 (續)

(c) Liquidity risk (Cont'd)

(c) 流動資金風險 (續)

		Weighted average interest rate	On demand or within 2 months	Over 2 months but within 1 year	Over 1 year but within 2 years	Over 2 years	Total undiscounted cash flows	Carrying amount
		加權平均利率	按要求或兩個月內	超過兩個月但少於一年	超過一年但少於兩年	超過兩年	未貼現現金流量總額	賬面值
		USD'000	USD'000	USD'000	USD'000	USD'000	USD'000	USD'000
		千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元
As at December 31, 2025	於2025年12月31日							
Financial liabilities	金融負債							
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	-	36,337	-	-	-	36,337	36,337
Other payables	其他應付款項	-	32,134	-	-	-	32,134	32,134
Amounts due to related parties	應付關聯方款項	-	2,177	-	-	-	2,177	2,177
Total	總計		70,648	-	-	-	70,648	70,648
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	7.52%	8,191	40,906	44,567	209,727	303,391	228,801
As at December 31, 2024	於2024年12月31日							
Financial liabilities	金融負債							
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	-	30,711	-	-	-	30,711	30,711
Other payables	其他應付款項	-	29,701	-	-	-	29,701	29,701
Amounts due to related parties	應付關聯方款項	-	1,329	-	-	-	1,329	1,329
Total	總計		61,741	-	-	-	61,741	61,741
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	5.14%	9,377	34,214	38,365	192,746	274,702	212,626

33. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Some of the Group's financial assets are measured at fair for financial reporting. In estimating the fair value, the Group uses market-observable data to the extent it is available. Where Level 1 inputs are not available, the Group determines the appropriate valuation techniques and inputs for fair value measurements and works closely with the qualified valuer to establish the appropriate valuation techniques and inputs to the model.

The management of the Group considers that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortized cost in the historical financial information approximate their respective fair values at the end of each reporting period.

34. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximizing the return to shareholders through the optimization of debt and equity balances. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged during the year.

The capital structure of the Group consists of net debt, which includes the lease liabilities disclosed in Note 24, net of cash and cash equivalents and equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising issued combined capital, accumulated losses and other reserves.

The management of the Group reviews the capital structure regularly. As part of this review, the management of the Group considers the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. Based on recommendations of the management, the Group will balance its overall capital structure through new shares issues as well as raising of borrowings.

33. 金融工具的公允值計量

本集團部分金融資產為財務報告按公允值計量。本集團使用其可獲得的市場可觀察數據對公允值進行估值。如果無法獲得第一層級輸入值，本集團將決定適當的估值方法及輸入值進行公允值計量，並與合格估值師密切合作，為該模式建立適當的估值方法及輸入值。

本集團管理層認為按攤銷成本於歷史財務資料列賬的金融資產及金融負債的賬面值與其於各報告期末的公允值相若。

34. 資本管理

本集團管理其資本旨在確保本集團內實體可持續經營，同時透過優化債務及權益平衡，盡量為股東帶來最大回報。本集團的整體策略於年內保持不變。

本集團的資本架構由負債淨額（包括附註24所披露的租賃負債、扣除現金及現金等價物）及本公司擁有人應佔權益（包括已發行合併資本、累計虧損及其他儲備）組成。

本集團管理層定期覆核資本架構。作為覆核的一部分，本集團管理層考慮各類資本的成本及相關風險。根據管理層的建議，本集團將透過發行新股份及籌集借款以平衡其整體資本結構。

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35. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

(A) Related party transactions

During the year, the Group has entered into the following transactions with related parties:

Purchase of goods/services from related parties

Relationship 關係	Nature of transaction 交易性質	2025 2025年 USD'000 千美元	2024 2024年 USD'000 千美元
Related companies controlled by the Controlling Shareholders 控股股東控制的關聯公司	Purchase of condiment products and instant hot pot products 購買調味品及即食火鍋產品	19,052	16,576

The Group is licensed by Sichuan Haidilao Catering Co., Ltd., a company controlled by the Controlling Shareholders, to use the trademark on a royalty-free basis.

The Group owns the proprietary rights to the formulas of Super Hi Customized Products (the "Condiments Formulae") in regions other than Chinese mainland, Hong Kong, Macau and Taiwan regions and licenses the Condiments Formulae to Yihai International Holding Ltd. and its subsidiaries (companies controlled by the Controlling Shareholders) and its contracted manufacturers to use for production on a royalty-free basis.

(B) Remuneration of key management personnel of the Group

		2025 2025年 USD'000 千美元	2024 2024年 USD'000 千美元
Directors' fee	董事袍金	253	215
Short term employee benefits	短期員工福利	2,295	1,554
Performance related bonuses	績效相關花紅	1,310	1,616
Retirement benefit scheme contribution	退休福利計劃供款	80	96
		3,938	3,481

35. 關聯方披露

(A) 關聯方交易

於年內，本集團已與關聯方達成下列交易：

購買關聯方商品／服務

本集團獲四川海底撈餐飲股份有限公司（控股股東控制的公司）授權免費使用其商標。

本集團擁有特海專用產品配方（「調味品配方」）於中國大陸及港澳台地區以外地區的所有權，並按免特許權使用費為基準許可頤海國際控股有限公司、其附屬公司（控股股東控制的公司）及其合約生產商使用調味品配方進行生產。

(B) 本集團主要管理層人員薪酬

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37. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVE OF THE COMPANY

37. 本公司財務狀況表及儲備

		2025 2025年 USD'000 千美元	2024 2024年 USD'000 千美元
Non-current Assets	非流動資產		
Investment in subsidiaries	於附屬公司的投資	12,510	12,460
Current Assets	流動資產		
Amounts due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司款項	318,966	322,597
Other receivables	其他應收款項	2,020	410
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	127,191	123,901
		448,177	446,908
Current Liabilities	流動負債		
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	920	391
Amounts due to related parties	應付關聯方款項	-	164
		920	555
Net Current Assets	流動資產淨額	447,267	446,353
Net Assets	資產淨額	459,767	458,813
Capital and reserves	資本及儲備		
Share capital (Note 28)	股本(附註28)	3	3
Shares held under share award scheme (Note 28)	股份獎勵計劃項下所持股份(附註28)	*	*
Share premium (Note 28)	股份溢價(附註28)	550,593	550,593
Reserves	儲備	(90,829)	(91,783)
Total equity	權益總額	459,767	458,813

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37. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVE OF THE COMPANY (Cont'd)

A summary of the Company's share capital and reserves are as follows:

		Share capital	Shares held under share award scheme	Share premium	Other reserve	Accumulated losses	Total
		USD'000 千美元	股份獎勵計劃 項下所持股份 USD'000 千美元	股份溢價 USD'000 千美元	其他儲備 USD'000 千美元	累計虧損 USD'000 千美元	總計 USD'000 千美元
At January 1, 2024	於2024年1月1日	3	*	494,480	5,308	(89,975)	409,816
Loss for the year	年內虧損	-	-	56,113	-	(7,116)	48,997
At December 31, 2024	於2024年12月31日	3	*	550,593	5,308	(97,091)	458,813
Profit for the year	年內溢利	-	-	-	-	954	954
At December 31, 2025	於2025年12月31日	3	*	550,593	5,308	(96,137)	459,767

*: Less than USD1,000.

本公司的股本及儲備概要如下：

*：少於1,000美元。

38. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

At the end of reporting period, the Group had the following capital commitments:

	2025 2025年 USD'000 千美元	2024 2024年 USD'000 千美元
Capital expenditure in respect of acquisition of property, plant and equipment contracted for but not provided in the consolidated financial statements		
就收購物業、廠房及設備已訂約但未於綜合財務報表撥備的資本開支	28,843	13,140

38. 資本承諾

於報告期末，本集團有以下資本承諾：

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39. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Information reported to the Chief Executive Officer, who is identified as the chief operating decision maker of the Company, in order to allocate resources and to assess performance, focuses on the operating results of the Group as a whole as the Group's resources are integrated. Accordingly, no operating segment information is presented.

No individual customer contributes to over 10% of total revenue of the Group during the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024.

The Group operates mainly in Southeast Asia, North America and others.

The Group's revenue from external customers by geographic area, based on location of operation, is detailed as below:

		2025 2025年 USD'000 千美元	2024 2024年 USD'000 千美元
Singapore	新加坡	148,218	162,582
United States of America	美利堅合眾國	113,374	109,890
Malaysia	馬來西亞	108,242	98,532
Vietnam	越南	93,972	87,827
Others *	其他*	376,949	319,477
Total	總計	840,755	778,308

*: All other individual countries accounted for less than 10% of total revenue.

39. 分部資料

本公司就資源分配及績效評估而向首席執行官（被視為本公司主要營運決策者）報告的資料主要為本集團的整體經營業績，因為本集團的資源已整合。因此，並無呈列經營分部資料。

截至2025年及2024年12月31日止年度，概無個別客戶對本集團的總收入貢獻超過10%。

本集團主要在東南亞、北美洲及其他地區經營。

本集團基於經營地點、按地理區域劃分的來自外部客戶的收入詳情如下：

*：所有其他個別國家佔總收入的比例均不到10%。

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39. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Cont'd)

The Group's non-current assets presented below by geographic area excluded other receivables, rental and other deposits, prepayment and deferred tax assets:

		2025 2025年 USD'000 千美元	2024 2024年 USD'000 千美元
Singapore	新加坡	29,875	41,741
United States of America	美利堅合眾國	94,503	84,740
Australia	澳大利亞	42,598	41,896
Others ^	其他^	197,816	169,316
Total	總計	364,792	337,693

^: All other individual countries accounted for less than 10% of total non-current assets.

39. 分部資料 (續)

下文呈列的按地理區域劃分的本集團非流動資產不包括其他應收款項、租賃及其他押金、預付款項及遞延稅項資產：

^：所有其他個別國家佔非流動資產總額的比例均不到10%。



海底捞火锅
Haidilao Huoguo

SUPER HI INTERNATIONAL HOLDING LTD.
特海国际控股有限公司